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आज़ादी का  
अमृत महोत्सव



# ANNUAL REPORT 2021

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Azadi Ka  
Amrit Mahotsav



सत्यमेव जयते

Government of India  
Ministry of Home Affairs

## 3<sup>RD</sup> APEX LEVEL NCORD MEETING

27<sup>th</sup> December, 2021  
Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi



HOME SECRETARY



UNION HOME MINISTER



DIRECTOR  
INTELLIGENCE BUREAU



DIRE  
NARCO



**NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU**  
Ministry of Home Affairs  
Government of India



## VISION

Endeavour for a drug free society through coordination and cooperation with all stakeholders and creating synergy amongst them

## MISSION

As Central Authority, to effectively prevent and combat abuse of and illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

To coordinate actions by various officers, State Governments and other authorities relating to enforcement under all relevant drug laws.

To coordinate actions taken by all concerned Ministries, Departments or Organisations in matters relating to drug abuse.

To ensure implementation of the National obligations under various International Conventions and Protocols in respect of counter measures against illicit trafficking.

To work in cooperation with Foreign Authorities and International organisations to facilitate coordination and universal action.

As National Nodal Agency, to be a repository and reference point for data, issues and benchmarks pertaining to drug law enforcement.

To assess and analyse existing and emerging challenges, trends and operational capabilities to make appropriate interventions and advise the Central Government.

To make sustained efforts for capacity building and training of agencies involved in the field of drug law enforcement.

## MOTTO

INTELLIGENCE

ENFORCEMENT

COORDINATION



# ***ANNUAL REPORT-2021***

## ***NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU***

Ministry of Home Affairs

Government of India



# ANNUAL REPORT 2021

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## NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU

### NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU

Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India

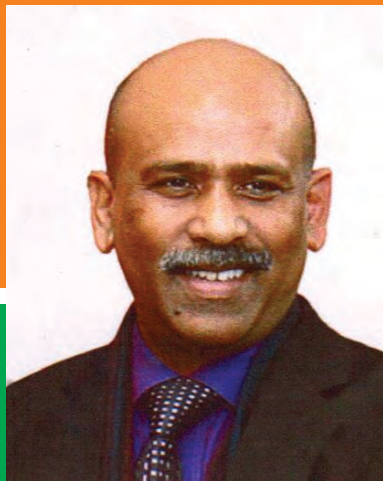
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## From the Desk of **DIRECTOR GENERAL**

I am delighted to present the Annual Report, 2021 for the Narcotics Control Bureau (NCB). NCB, being the national nodal co-ordination agency on all matters related to narcotics, is determined to fight the drug menace on all fronts. NCB is working tirelessly in the field of drug law enforcement as well as in creating awareness against drug abuse in a sustained and coordinated manner involving all concerned stakeholder departments/agencies.

One of the landmark events during the year 2021 in the field of Narco-Coordination was the conduct of the 3rd APEX level NCORD Committee Meeting under the Chairmanship of the Hon'ble Union Home Minister, Sh. Amit Shah where emphasis was given for taking collective and conscious efforts to fulfill the vision of 'नशा मुक्त भारत' and to exert India's resolve in the fight against drugs.

This Annual Report provides a bird's eye view of the dedication, public outreach and professionalism of the NCB personnel and marks an important step towards the task of documenting the various activities carried out by NCB, such as enforcement, destruction of illicit crops cultivation, coordination, training & capacity building and awareness programmes in the best possible way. This year we have also included brief of some landmark judgements on NDPS matters pronounced by the Hon'ble courts in recent years that can act as a reference points for the law enforcement officers across the country.

I am sure, you will find this Annual Report enriching and hope that it will professionally enrich not only our own personnel but other stakeholders as well in working with renewed vigour towards the goal of 'नशा मुक्त भारत' envisaged by Hon'ble PM, Sh. Narendra Modi.

I take this opportunity to place on record the commendable efforts made by Team NCB in bringing out this Annual Report. I welcome your considered feedback and views on the report.

**Satya Narayan Pradhan**  
Director General, NCB



# DRUG

## TRAFFICKING SCENARIO IN INDIA

The problem of drug trafficking in India is the consequence of several external and internal factors. One of the prime geographical factors influencing India's drug situation is its close proximity to the Opium producing countries like Afghanistan, Pakistan & Iran in the West as well as Myanmar, Laos and Thailand in the East which in turn is escalated by the presence of a long maritime border. This has rendered India both a destination and a transit route for opiates as well as synthetic drugs to some extent. Besides, India has one of the biggest pharmaceutical industrial bases & diversion of pharmaceutical substances is resulting in the increasing abuse of prescription drugs. Moreover, illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy and Cannabis is also an issue of concern in our country. The drug situation in India is, therefore, a complex combination of several factors.

The salient features of drug trafficking scenario in India may be summarized as under:-

- i. Trafficking of opiates from South West Asia and South East Asia to India.
- ii. Illicit cultivation of opium & wild growth of cannabis in some pockets.
- iii. Increase in instances of trafficking through dark net involving crypto currencies viz. bit coins.
- iv. Involvement of foreign nationals in trafficking and distribution networks of Heroin and Cocaine.
- v. Diversion of pharmaceutical drugs and influx of ATS from Myanmar in North Eastern States of India.
- vi. Increase in trafficking through courier parcels due to disruption of international air traffic post COVID-19.
- vii. Maritime trafficking of Heroin, ATS and other drugs from crescent countries to India and further to Sri Lanka and other countries.
- viii. Increase in trafficking of Ganja within India due to decreased supply of other synthetic drugs post COVID-19 and countrywide lockdown.
- ix. Day-to-day evolution of NPS (New Psychoactive Substances)

### 1.1 TRENDS AND PATTERNS 2021

With the ever changing drug scenario and changed dynamics post COVID-19 outbreak, drug law enforcement agencies across the globe and DLEAs in India in particular are facing some significant challenges in the drug trafficking. Some most significant trends noticed by DLEAs in India are as under:

#### i. **Drugs Trafficking through courier/ parcels/Post –**

- The restrictions imposed on vehicular/ship/airplane movement during COVID-19 pandemic has made drug traffickers to rely more

upon courier/parcel/post. This field has emerged as more challenging for DLEAs.

- Parcel seizures in 2020 marked **an increase of 300 %** over 2019. This increase mainly owe to the global disruption of air-traffic due to COVID-19. No. of parcel cases in

2021, is also almost double that of no of cases is 2019.

- High increase in no of parcel cases is also due to the increased trafficking of drugs through darknet markets.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
27	40	67	260	146*

**ii. Drugs Trafficking through Dark net (cases cracked by NCB during 2021) :**

With the advancement in technology, the drug traffickers have adopted modern means like internet for drug trafficking. It has been observed that a new mode of drug trafficking is happening through dark-net using crypto-currency. The finalization of drug

deals and transactions through dark-net and digital currencies have transcended the geographical boundaries. The easy accessibility of internet in India and presence of a large young population further complicates this problem. Some of the prominent cases cracked by NCB during the year 2021 are as under:-

Date	Seized by	Drug seized	Mode
June, 2021	Delhi Zonal Unit	15 lakh tablets Tramadol + 8000 bottles of Codeine	Dark Net
July, 2021	Kolkata Zonal Unit	Approx. 20 kg Ganja in 54 parcels	Cryptocurrency (Bitcoins)

**iii. Increase in maritime trafficking of drugs:**

The maritime drug trafficking in Arabian Sea and Bay of Bengal poses new challenges to drug law enforcement agencies and they anticipate further increase of this route by international drug trafficking syndicates operating from Pakistan and Afghanistan. It is estimated that more than 70% of total drug trafficking is being conducted through maritime route. Interception of maritime drug trafficking, especially in

the Western region of India has witnessed an increase. Most of such seizures are sourced from the ports of Afghanistan / Iran which are destined to coastal states in India or are in further transit to countries like Sri Lanka, Maldives etc. While Heroin is the most rrafficked drug through maritime route, ATS, Charas, Cocaine etc. are also seized.

Seizures of drugs being trafficked through sea – routes (as reported to NCB) during 2021 are as under:

Date	Agency	Drug	Quantity (In Kg)
25-03-2021	NCB	Heroin	300
15-04-2021	Gujarat State Police	Heroin	30
19-04-2021	NCB	Heroin	337
20-04-2021	DRI	Cocaine	303.403
17-09-2021	DRI	Heroin	16
18-09-2021	Gujarat State Police	Heroin	30
19-09-2021	DRI	Heroin	2988
05-10-2021	DRI	Heroin	25.45
14-11-2021	Gujarat State Police	Heroin	156
21-12-2021	Gujarat ATS	Heroin	77

## 1.2 NARCOTIC DRUGS

### 1.2.1 OPIUM



There are a number of alkaloids that can be extracted from opium, some major alkaloids are morphine, codeine, thebaine, papaverine and noscapine which are being extracted at Government Opium & Alkaloid Works at Neemuch (MP) and Ghazipur (UP).

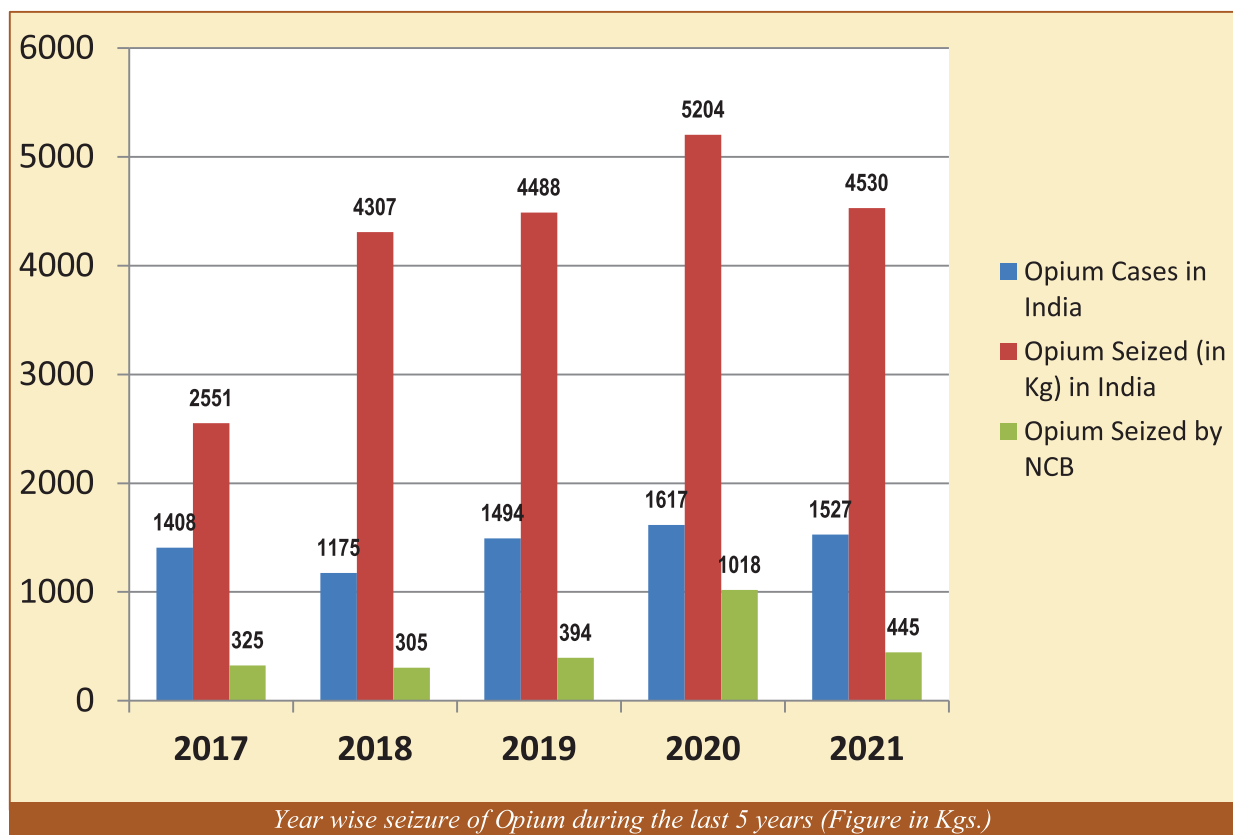
#### Trends:

- Trafficking from Rajasthan, U.P. and M.P. to other parts of country.
- Major trafficking of Opium is from the states of Manipur, West Bengal, Jammu & Kashmir, Uttarakhand, Bihar, Jharkhand and Gujarat.



Total Opium seizures effected in 2021 were 4530 Kg. The comparative figures for the last 05 years are given below. While there has been a variation of trend in the number of

reported Opium seizures in comparison to previous years, up to 2019, the quantity of Opium seized has decreased from 5204 Kg in 2020 to 4530 Kg in 2021.



**Significant seizures of Opium by NCB:**

- On 02.02.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit seized 19.440 kg of Opium at Pali, Rajasthan. 07 persons were arrested.
- On 04.02.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 2.780 kg of Opium at Titra Mor, Kaithal, Haryana. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 04.02.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 4.400 kg of Opium and Rs. 6,50,000 at Baidhyanathpur, Burdwan, West Bengal. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 12.02.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 7.050 kg of Opium at Siliguri, West Bengal. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 24.02.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 5.250 kg of Opium at Aurangabad, Bihar. 01 person was arrested.
- On 26.02.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 3.820 kg of Opium at DHL Express Pvt. Ltd., Rama Road, Kirti Nagar, New Delhi.
- On 28.02.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 6 kg of Opium at Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 04.03.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 04 kg of Opium at Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 07.03.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone seized 11.500 kg of Opium at Kangpokpi, Manipur. 02 persons were arrested.

- On 17.03.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 04.000 kg of Opium at Malda, West Bengal. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 17.03.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit seized 4.380 kg of Opium at Chittorgarh, Rajasthan. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 20.03.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 5.050 kg of Opium at Ahmedabad, Gujarat. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 21.03.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit seized 7.800 kg of Opium at Ajmer, Rajasthan. 01 person was arrested.
- On 04.04.2021, NCB, Ajmer Sub-Zone seized 25.560 kg of Opium at Dausa, Rajasthan. 01 person was arrested.
- On 09.04.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 2.400 kg of Opium at Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. 01 person was arrested.
- On 24.04.2021, NCB, Ajmer Sub-Zone seized 9.830 kg of Opium. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 29.05.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone seized 16.160 kg of Opium at Imphal West, Manipur. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 31.05.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 12 kg of Opium at Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 11.06.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 3.620 kg of Opium at Mohali, Punjab. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 03.07.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 4.500 kg of Opium at Ranchi, Jharkhand. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 03.07.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit seized 41.206 kg of Opium at Jalore, Rajaathan. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 09.07.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 3.190 kg of Opium at Ranchi, Jharkhand. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 13.07.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 12 kg of Opium at Lucknow, U.P. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 14.07.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 7.200 kg of Opium at Shahjahanpur, U.P. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 26.07.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone seized 5.790 kg of Opium at Churachandpur, Manipur. 01 person was arrested.
- On 28.07.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 7 kg of Opium at Barabanki, U.P. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 29.07.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 6.125 kg of Opium at Hapur, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 12.08.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 4.600 kg of Opium at Hardoi, Uttar Pradesh. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 13.08.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 20 kg of Opium at Bhubaneswar, Odisha. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 13.08.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone seized 132.550 kg of Opium & Rs. 57,82,000 /- at Kangpokpi, Manipur. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 14.08.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 6.805 kg of Opium at DHL Couriers, Ahmedabad.
- On 20.09.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 6.294 kg of Opium at DHL Courier, Ahmedabad. In follow up action 1.790 kg more Opium was seized and 01 person was arrested.
- On 20.09.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 2.625 kg of Opium & Rs. 45000 /- at Patran, Patiala, Punjab. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 11.12.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 3.906 kg Opium at DHL, Andheri(East), Mumbai.

- On 17.12.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 5.016 kg of Opium at Shri Maruti Courier Services Pvt. Ltd., Uttam Nagar, Delhi. 01 person was arrested.

## CASE STUDY-BIGGEST OPIUM SEIZURES

### 1. Seizure of 132.550 KG Opium by NCB Imphal Sub-Zone

On 13.08.2021, acting on specific information, a team of NCB Sub-Zone Imphal, with support of 182 Bn BSF and FGT BSF Imphal intercepted a consignment of huge quantity of Opium which was to be delivered by a lady and her associate to a receiver at village Changoubung about 2 kms ahead of Kangpokpi town towards Senapati along Imphal – Dimapur Road. The team recovered 60 packets (60.350 Kg) of Opium from a Tata Truck driven by the receiver and seized a white colour Bolero (without registration number) owned by the lady. On the same day the lady, her associate and the driver of the truck (receiver) were arrested.

On preliminary investigation the lady revealed that she had procured the contraband from a person, R/o Kangpokpi, ward No 17 and further stated that another huge quantity of Opium was concealed in his house and she could lead the team to affect the seizure. On the basis of the lead provided by the lady, the team conducted search at the supplier's house as a follow up action and recovered another 71 (72.200 kgs) packets of suspected opium. Total weight of the seized items was about 132.550 kgs.

Further to this, on preliminary questioning, the supplier revealed that he had procured the seized items from his uncle, R/o Porompat near JNIMS hospital, District-Imphal, East Manipur. The team conducted search operation at the residence of the supplier's uncle on the same day. The sale proceeds of the drugs amounting to Rs 57.82 lakhs and yellow color metal (suspected to be gold) weighing 117 grams were recovered. However, no contraband items were recovered.



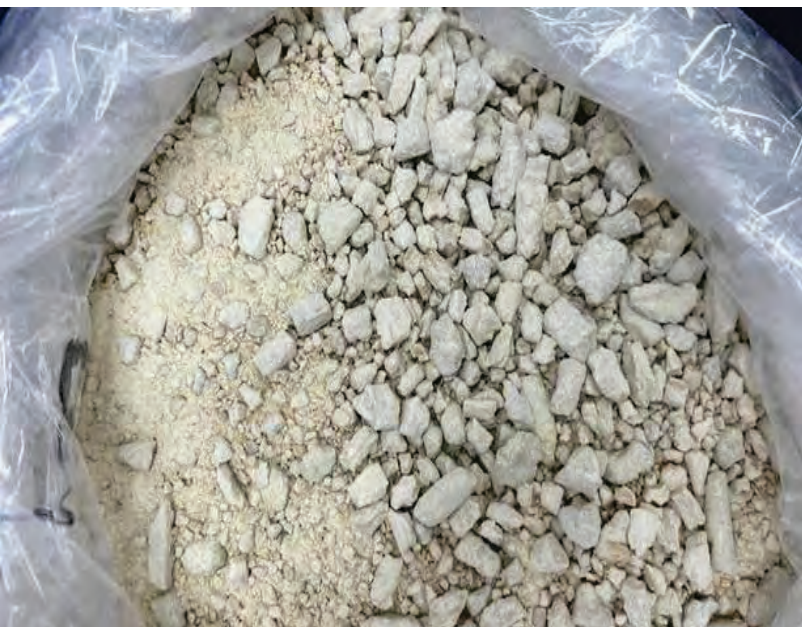
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## 2. Seizure of 41.206 KG Opium by NCB Jodhpur Zone

On 02.07.2021, acting on a specific intelligence regarding trafficking of huge quantity of Opium from Manipur to Western Rajasthan, NCB Jodhpur Zonal Unit intercepted a Tata truck near Railway Fatak, Jalore-Bhinmal Road (State Highway), Bhinmal, Jalore (Rajasthan) and recovered 41.206 kg Opium. In this connection, on 03/07/2021 two person resident of Jalore and Barmer (Rajasthan) respectively were arrested and produced before the Hon'ble ACJM, Jalore and further sent to judicial custody. As per the preliminary investigation, the seized Opium was sourced from Manipur and was destined to Western Rajasthan.

### 1.2.2 HEROIN

Heroin is a highly addictive drug which is synthesized from opium. Raw opium is dried and purified to produce morphine which is then treated with Acetic Anhydride to make heroin. Depending upon its processing, heroin comes out in a variety of colours, ranging from white to dark brown. Heroin is also known as smack, brown sugar locally and chitta in Punjab. The level of purity of heroin is indicative of the degree of sophistication in its processing.

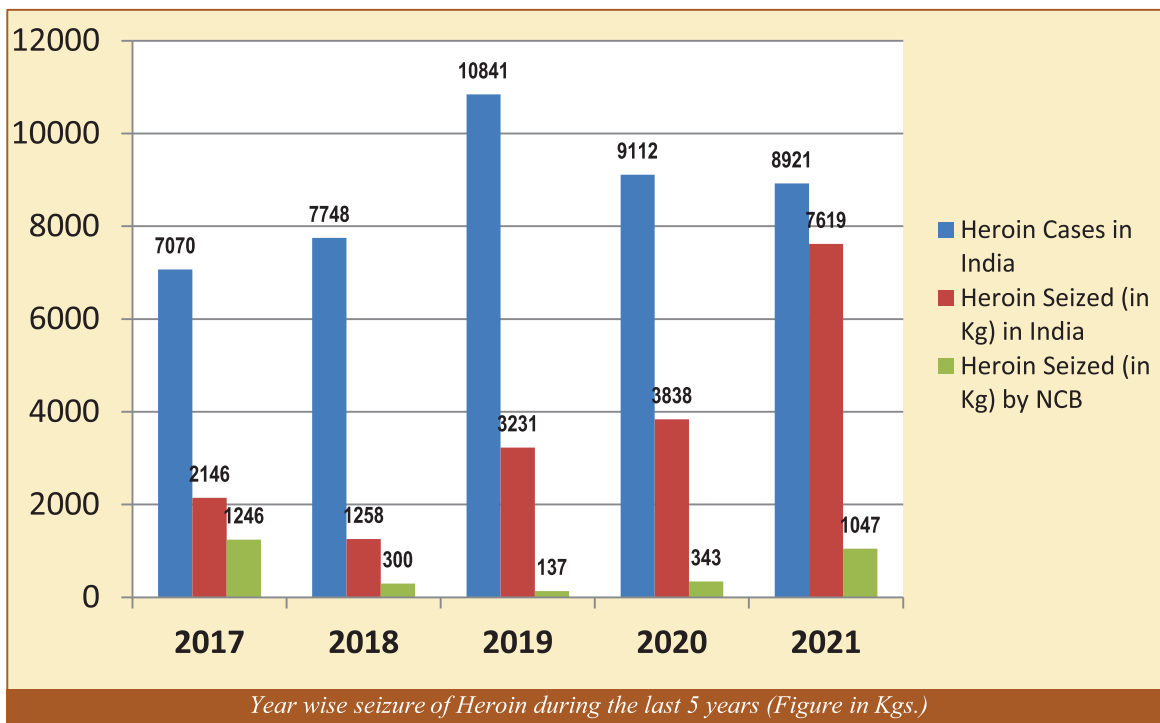


#### • Trends:-

- Major trafficking of Heroin in India takes place through India-Pakistan border, i.e., through bordering states of Punjab and Jammu & Kashmir. From these bordering states Heroin is trafficked into other states.
- Recent trend of increase in Maritime trafficking of South West Asian Heroin through sea.
- Inter-State trafficking of Opium poppy from the states of West Bengal, Uttarakhand, Bihar, Jharkhand, Jammu & Kashmir, and Manipur
- Substantial quantity seizures of Heroin have been effected in Punjab, Delhi, and UP.

**Trafficking of Heroin from African countries to India**

- During past two years post COVID, trafficking of Heroin from African countries to India has increased. This trafficking is being carried out by human carriers in personal belongings as well as in the courier parcels. The major source countries for such trafficking are – South Africa, Uganda, Kenya etc.
- During 2020 – 2021, 52 such instances through human carriers and 11 Instances of trafficking through courier parcels sourced from African countries have been reported to NCB.



**MARITIME DRUG TRAFFICKING ROUTE - HEROIN**

**Significant seizures of Heroin by NCB:**

- On 09.01.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.850 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 10.01.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.000 kg of Heroin at Abohar, Punjab.
- On 13.01.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 11.680 kg of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 20.01.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.980 kg of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 24.01.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF seized 2.875 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 28.01.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 8.000 kg of Heroin at IGI Airport, New Delhi. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 11.02.2021, NCB, Ajmer Sub-Zone seized 720 gram of Heroin at Chittorgarh, Rajasthan. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 11.02.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF seized 02.980 kg of Heroin at Jalalabad, Punjab.
- On 14.02.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 5.990 kg of Heroin at Ramtirath, Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 15.02.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.910 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 16.02.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit, in coordination with BSF seized 2.029 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 18.02.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 2.960 kg of Heroin at Mumbai Airport. 01 person was arrested.
- On 19.02.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF seized 09.842 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 21.02.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF seized 890 gram of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 10.03.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 3.933 kg of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 26.03.2021, NCB, Cochin Sub-Zone seized 300.323 kg of Heroin at Vizhinjam, Kerala. 06 persons were arrested.
- On 28.03.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone seized 5.852 kg of Heroin, 01 pistol, 02 magazine & 97 live rounds at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 07.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 20.570 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab. 01 person was arrested.
- On 07.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 8.744 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 07.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.082 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 10.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 2.200 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 10.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 496 gram of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 14.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 5.928 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab. 01 person was arrested.

- On 17.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 2.012 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 19.04.2021, NCB, Cochin Sub-Zone seized 337 kg of Heroin from fishing boat "DU Shashila" in Kerala. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 19.04.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 05 kg of Heroin at IGI Airport, New Delhi. 01 person was arrested.
- On 21.04.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 3.190 kg of Heroin at IGI Airport, New Delhi. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 22.04.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 1.700 kg of Heroin at Murshidabad, West Bengal. 01 person was arrested.
- On 25.04.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 1.800 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 01.05.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 9.860 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 08.05.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 4.000 kg of Heroin at Mumbai Airport, Maharashtra. 01 person was arrested.
- On 10.05.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit, in coordination with BSF seized 7.850 kg of Heroin at Mursidabad, West Bengal.
- On 16.05.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 2.360 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 03.06.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit in coordination with BSF, seized 56.501 kg of Heroin at Bikaner, Rajasthan. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 19.06.2021, NCB, Cochin Sub-Zone seized 2.910 kg of Heroin at Cochin International Airport, Kerala. 01 person was arrested.
- On 22.06.2021, NCB, Jammu Zonal Unit, in coordination with BSF, seized 27.225 kg of Heroin at Kathua, Jammu & Kashmir.
- On 28.06.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 2.080 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 03.07.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 2.270 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 08.07.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 1.445 kg of Heroin at Amarkot, Punjab.
- On 02.08.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone in coordination with BSF, seized 985 gram of Heroin at Gurdaspur, Punjab.
- On 01.09.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 830 gram of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 02.09.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 2.020 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab. 01 person was arrested.
- On 03.09.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 2.757 kg of Heroin at SVBP International Airport, Ahmedabad. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 29.09.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.002 kg of Heroin at Abohar, Punjab.
- On 29.09.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 650 gram of Heroin at Arrah Railway Station, Bihar. 03 person were arrested.
- On 03.10.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 6.025 kg of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab. 01 person was arrested.
- On 07.10.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 4.830 gram Heroin

- Garchuk, Guwahati.
- On 20.10.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 1.010 kg of Heroin at Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 21.10.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 3.135 kg of Heroin at Khemkaran, Punjab.
- On 26.10.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 01.080 kg of Heroin at Jalalabad, Punjab.
- On 01.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 850 gram of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 01.11.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 700 gram of Heroin at International Courier Terminal Services, Mumbai Airport.
- On 06.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 12.035 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 14.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 7.412 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 15.11.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit seized 500 gram of Heroin at Jodhpur. 08 persons were arrested.
- On 16.11.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 520 gram of Heroin at NDC Branch, Speed Post Centre, Post Office(NDGPO), New Delhi.
- On 21.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 5.680 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 24.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 615 gram of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 30.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 01.985 kg Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 30.11.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 01.910 kg Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 01.12.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 3.460 kg Heroin at Ajnala, Punjab.
- On 03.12.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 470 gram of Morphine at Bahraich, Uttar Pradesh. 06 persons were arrested.
- On 18.12.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 24.770 kg of Heroin at Fazilka, Punjab.
- On 25.12.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 10.005 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.
- On 26.12.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 32.900 kg of Heroin at Khemkaran, Punjab.
- On 27.12.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone, in coordination with BSF seized 5.880 kg of Heroin at Ferozpur, Punjab.

#### **CASE STUDY - BIGGEST HEROIN SEIZURES**

##### **1. Seizure of 300.323 Kg of Heroin, 05 nos. of AK-47 Rifles and 1000 nos. of 9 mm ammunition – NCB Cochin Sub-Zone (Chennai Zone)**

On 25.03.2021, NCB, Sub-Zone Cochin seized 300.323 Kgs of Heroin, 05 nos of AK-47 rifles and 1000 nos. of 9mm ammunition from one Sri Lankan fishing boat at Vizhinjam Port and arrested six Sri Lankan nationals. The case was handed over by the Indian Coast Guard. A case was registered under NDPS Act by NCB Sub Zone, Cochin.

Investigations revealed that on the instruction of one Srilankan (the owner of the seized boat), six of the arrested Srilankan



nationals started from Sri Lanka on 07.03.2021 in the Sri Lankan fishing boat and received the above mentioned contraband mid-sea from a white colour boat on

14.03.2021. While returning, they were apprehended by the Indian Coast Guard along with the contraband and the fishing boat.



**2. Seizure of 337 Kg of Heroin – NCB Cochin Sub-Zone (Chennai Zone)**

Indian Naval Ship intercepted a Srilankan fishing boat maneuvering in stateless position. The boat was registered at Nigambo/Dikovita/Trinco with a crew of 05 Srilankan person. A thorough search by Naval personnel resulted in the recovery of 340 packets of Heroin. On 19.04.2021, NCB teams of Cochin and Chennai had taken over the fishing boat, 340 packets of contraband at Mattancherry Wharf, Cochin alongwith five apprehended Srilankan person.

A thorough search of the Sri Lankan fishing boat was carried out by NCB team

with help of naval officials and seizure formalities were completed on 20.04.2021 with arrest of five Srilankan crew. Total 337 Kgs of Heroin, a Satellite mobile phone and other communication devices were seized. Each of the 340 packets bore the marking of Crown Symbol with words "KING 2021". A case was registered with NCB Cochin Sub Zonal Unit. All five crew members confessed having the knowledge and part of the conspiracy of bringing the contraband from high seas from an Iranian boat and to deliver the same to drug traffickers based at Srilanka. On the basis of their voluntary confessional statements they were arrested by Narcotics Control Bureau.



### 3. Seizure of 08 Kg of Heroin – NCB Delhi Zone

On 28.01.2021, acting on specific information that, two ladies of Ugandan nationality carrying Narcotics Drugs in their Baggage will arrive at Terminal-3, IGI Airport, New Delhi by Air Arabia Flight, a team of NCB Delhi Zonal Unit intercepted both the ladies near belt no-14 of the arrival hall. During the search of the baggage, NCB team recovered 04 kg Heroine and 560 gm of Cocaine from baggage of one lady and 04 kg Heroin and 510 gm of Cocaine from baggage of another lady. All the contraband items recovered were seized after observing legal formalities.

During preliminary investigation of the case, first lady revealed that she was going to deliver both the baggage to one person in Vikas Puri, Near Pastry Palace, Outer Ring Road, New Delhi and also disclosed one Indian mobile number. Accordingly a team of NCB Delhi Zonal Unit reached at Vikas Puri, New Delhi along with both the Ugandan ladies. At the said place one Nigerian national was apprehended who came to receive the ladies. All these 03 persons were arrested by NCB.

### 1.2.3 CANNABIS (GANJA)



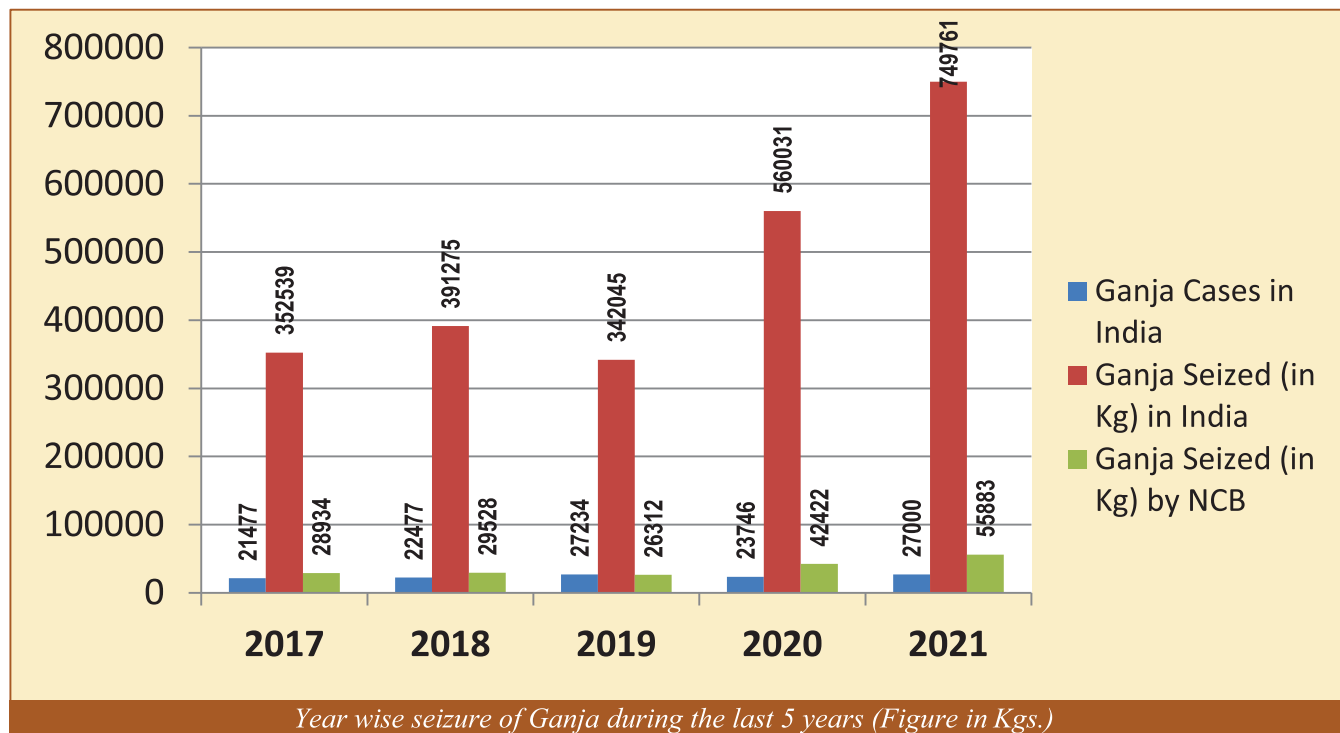
According to the UNODC, "Cannabis is the most widely used illicit substance in the world". The typical herbal form of cannabis consists of the flowers and subtending leaves and stalks of mature pistillate of female plants. The resinous form of the drug is known as Hashish. Cannabis contains a number of chemical substances, however the most predominant and only psychoactive substance is (-)-trans-delta9-tetrahydrocannabinol (delta-9-THC or THC).

**Trends:**

- Trafficking from the North-East India to eastern states is mainly by surface transport.
- Trafficking in substantial quantities takes place across India - Nepal border and in the states of Odisha, Himachal Pradesh and in small

quantities from states of Manipur and West Bengal.

- The main transit routes for Ganja are through Assam, Odisha, West Bengal, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Nagaland, Maharashtra and Chhattisgarh.



**Significant seizures of Ganja by NCB :**

- On 02.01.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 320 kg of Ganja at Fatehpur, Uttar Pradesh. 01 person was arrested.
- On 12.01.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 1062.500 kg of Ganja at Sonbhadra, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 20.01.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 642.090 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 25.01.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 637.000 kg of

Ganja at Sambalpur, Orissa. 02 persons were arrested.

- On 02.02.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 909.200 kg of Ganja at Arah-Chapra More, NH-31, Bihar. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 07.02.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 300 kg of Ganja at Aurangabad, Bihar. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 08.02.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 515 kg of Ganja at Jamshedpur, Jharkhand. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 10.02.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-

Zone seized 1,050 kg of Ganja at Simdega, Jharkhand. 05 persons were arrested.

- On 12.02.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 719.910 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 24.02.2021, NCB, Hyderabad On 02.06.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 623 kg of Ganja at Boudh, Odisha. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 04.06.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 1223.700 kg of Ganja at Begusarai, Bihar. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 08.06.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 357 kg of Ganja at Hawrah, West Bengal. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 09.06.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 697 kg of Ganja at Jamshedpur, Jharkhand. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 11.06.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 470 kg of Ganja at Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 11.06.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 534.600 kg of Ganja at Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 11.06.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 224.150 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 16.06.2021, NCB, Mandsaur Sub-Zone seized 492.400 kg of Ganja at Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh. 07 persons were arrested.
- On 20.06.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 1,056 kg of Ganja at Varanasi, U.P. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 20.06.2021, NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone seized 2,198 kg of Ganja at Hyderabad. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 29.06.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 604.200 kg of Ganja at Chandauli, UP. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 30.06.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 702 kg of Ganja at Khurdah, Odisha. 02 person were arrested.
- On 30.06.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 735.160 kg of Ganja at Kamrup, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 03.07.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 398.150 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 09.07.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 360.950 kg of Ganja at Vellore, Tamil Nadu. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 12.07.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone seized 321.900 kg of Ganja at Imphal, Manipur. In follow up action 99.900 kg of Ganja was seized. Total 02 persons were arrested.
- On 16.07.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 450 kg of Ganja at Sonbhadra, Uttar Pradesh. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 17.07.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 327.870 kg of Ganja at Uthukottai, Tamilnadu. 02 persons were arrested.

- On 21.07.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 537.260 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 25.07.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 345 kg of Ganja at Patna, Bihar. 01 person was arrested.
- On 25.07.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 360.350 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 31.07.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 434.910 kg of Ganja at Guwahati, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 07.08.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 315 kg of Ganja at Bolangir, Odisha. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 15.08.2021, NCB, Indore Zonal Unit seized 1,376 kg of Ganja at Ujjain, Madhya Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 28.08.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 1344.100 kg of Ganja at Howrah, West Bengal. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 28.08.2021, NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone seized 3,372 kg of Ganja at Hyderabad, Telangana. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 29.08.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 850 kg of Ganja at Sambalpur, Odisha. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 01.09.2021, NCB, Jodhpur Zonal Unit seized 347.480 kg of Ganja at Chittorgarh, Rajasthan. 01 person was arrested.
- On 11.09.2021, NCB, Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone seized 520 kg of Ganja at Cuttack, Odisha. 01 person was arrested.
- On 25.09.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 350 kg of Ganja at Bhagalpur, Bihar. 01 person was arrested.
- On 25.09.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 330 kg of Ganja at Jamshedpur, Jharkhand. 01 person was arrested.
- On 06.10.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 426.910 kg of Ganja at Khanpara, Guwahati. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 24.10.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 994 kg of Ganaj at Aurangabad, Bihar. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 25.10.2021, NCB, Ajmer Sub-Zone seized 524 kg of Ganja at Bharatpur, Rajasthan. 01 person was arrested.
- On 02.11.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 540.100 kg of Ganja at Patna, Bihar. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 02.11.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 655 kg of Ganja at Lohardaga, Jharkhand. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 10.11.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 393.400 kg of Ganja at Professional Courier Ltd., Naraina, Phase-II, New Delhi.
- On 15.11.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 1,127 kg of Ganja at Nanded, Maharashtra. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 21.11.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 311.600 kg Ganja at

Patna, Bihar. 02 persons were arrested.

- On 25.11.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 425.500 kg of Ganja in East Singhbhum district, Jharkhand. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 03.12.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 374 kg Ganja at Aurangabad, Bihar. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 04.12.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 642.100 kg of Ganja in Chennai, Tamilnadu. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 17.12.2021, NCB, Ranchi Sub-Zone seized 309.550 kg of Ganja at Ormajhi, Ranchi, Jharkhand. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 27.12.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 424 kg of Ganja at Agra, UP. 01 person was arrested.
- On 31.12.2021, NCB, Indore Zonal Unit seized 360 kg of Ganja at

Mandla, Madhya Pradesh. 01 person was arrested.

### CASE STUDY-BIGGEST GANJA SEIZURES

#### 1. Case Study: Seizure of 1376.070 Kg Ganja by Indore Zone.

On 15.08.2021, NCB, Zonal Unit, Indore (MP) seized 1376.070 Kg Ganja and arrested 03 persons at Tarana road, near R. R. Cold Storage, Gujjar Kheda, Tarana, Dist-Ujjain (MP). The Ganja was packed in 44 plastic bags hidden inside the main body of truck underneath plastic bags (400 nos.) of paddy husk. Suspected source and destination of the seized drug were Andhra Pradesh and Tarana, Ujjain (MP) respectively. The supplier of this case was also found to be involved in two other cases. Follow up actions were carried out resulting into the apprehension of the accused from the Dharangaon, Dist Jalgaon (Maharashtra) on 18.01.2022.



## 2. Seizure of 1586.030 Kg of Ganja by NCB Guwahati Zone

On 28.03.2021, NCB Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 1586.030 Kg Ganja from a container truck at NH-15, Baihata Chariali, Kamrup (R), Assam. The main supplier R/o Longkhrang, Karbi Anglong, Assam and his associate R/o Motihari, Bihar had loaded 152 rectangular shaped black coloured packets of Ganja in compressed form in a specially made cavity which ran across the driver cabin of the seized truck. The door of this cavity was behind the co-driver seat.

During preliminary investigation of the case, the accused person both R/o Daugavan, Bulandshahr, Uttar Pradesh revealed that after taking this consignment of Ganja, they had departed for Bihar to deliver the consignment to the receivers R/o Narayanpur, Arah Bhojpur, Bihar and Mathurapur, East Champaran, Bihar. Both driver and co-driver alongwith the truck were apprehended enroute and arrested on 28.03.2021. During follow-up action, following arrests were made:

- On dated 29.03.2021 and 30.03.2021 associate of the main supplier and one of the receiver were arrested.
- On dated 23.10.2021 another receiver was arrested.
- On dated 15.11.2021 the main supplier was also arrested.

## 3. Seizure of 3372 Kg Ganja by Hyderabad Sub-Zone (Bangalore Zone)

On 28.08.2021, a team of NCB Hyderabad Sub-Zone intercepted one TATA Truck near Pedda Amberpet Toll Plaza, On Outer Ring Road, Vill: Pedda Amberpet, Hayath Nagar Mandal,

Rangareddy District – 501 505, Telangana and seized 3372 Kgs of Ganja from the vehicle. There were 1686 packets of Ganja, approx 02 Kg each in compressed form kept in polythene covers tightly compressed and wrapped with brown colour adhesive tapes.

Source and destination of Ganja were Sileru at Vizag District and Osmanabad respectively. The region of Vishakhaptanam and Andhra & Odisha border is prone to illegal cultivation of Ganja in a rampant way. The recovered Ganja and the vehicle used for transportation had been seized. Three person were arrested on 29.08.2021. Further during investigation, it was revealed that a number of traffickers are operating at Osmanabad. Two of them were identified and later arrested by State police during transportation of Ganja.





#### 4. Seizure of 2198 Kg of Ganja by NCB Hyderabad Sub-Zone (Bangalore Zone)

On 20/21.06.2021, based on specific information, 2198 Kgs Ganja which was concealed under Raw Cashew Shells in a Tata Truck had been seized by NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone. During the preliminary investigation, it was revealed that the Ganja is being trafficked from Sileru to Pune and Osmanabad. Three

adults and one CCL (Children in Conflict with Law) travelling in the said Tata Truck were apprehended and further remanded to judicial custody/Government observation home for boys.

During the investigation, it is revealed that the accused were from an organized gang of Ganja trafficking and earlier they had also collected Ganja from same supplier. The facts are

corroborated with their locations and incorporated in Complaint filed in the Court. It is also revealed that the same supplier was involved in trafficking of 3372 Kg Ganja which was also seized by NCB, Hyderabad on 28/29.08.2021. Officers of NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone obtained the photo of the Supplier which was also identified by the traffickers of Ganja. Further investigation regarding apprehension of supplier is in progress.





**1.2.4 CANNABIS (HASHISH)**

Hashish or Charas is the cannabis resin derived from the plant *cannabis sativa*. Generally hashish is obtained from the plant by rubbing the flowering tops of the cannabis plant between the palms of the hands or on rubber sheets. Cannabis resin is placed under Schedule I and IV of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961.

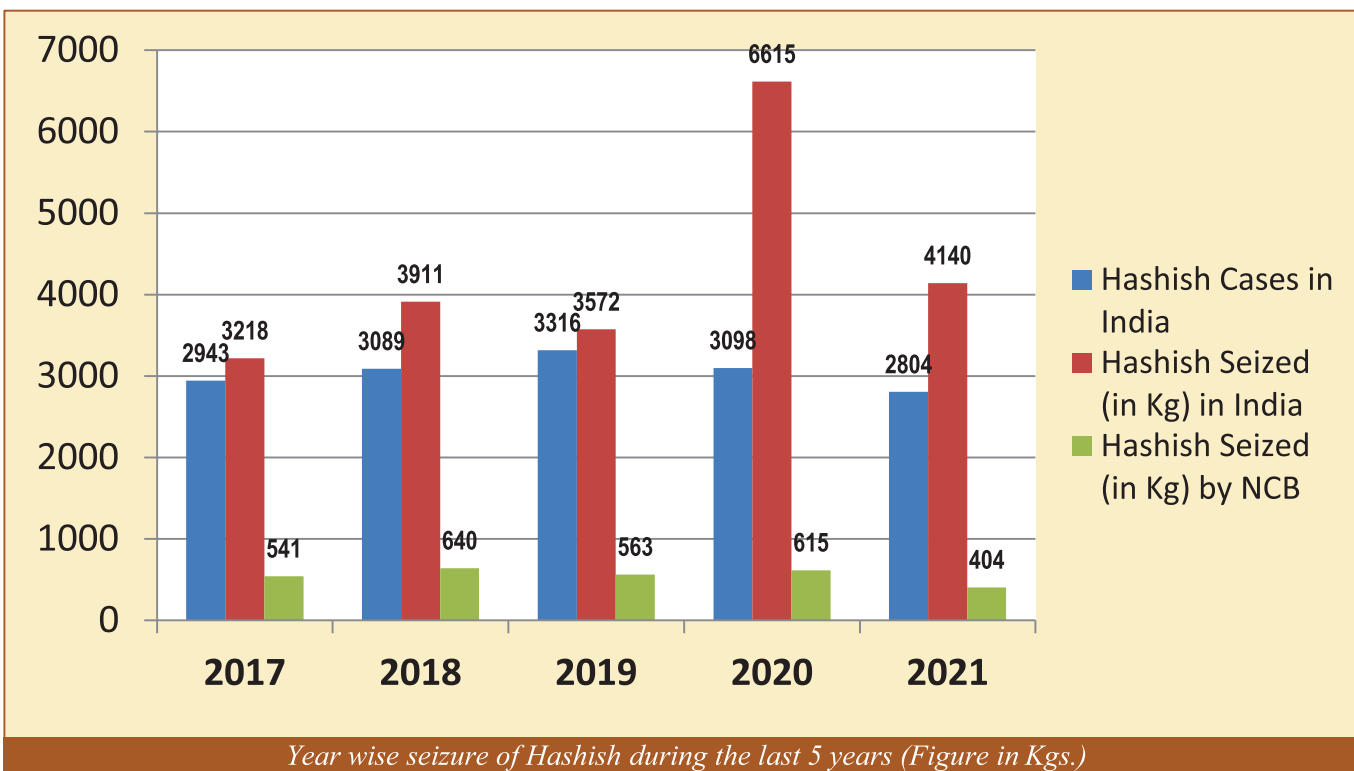
**Trends:**

- Charas/Hashish is derived from the illicit cannabis cultivation being done by the drug traffickers at Kashmir Valley especially in the districts of South Kashmir and Kullu in Himachal Pradesh.
- There is a trend of trafficking of Charas from Kashmir and Himachal



Pradesh to Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Goa & Gujarat and other metro towns of India.

- Charas is also trafficked from Nepal to India.



**Significant seizures of Hashish by NCB:**

- On 20.01.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 23.762 kg of Hashish & Rs. 2,98,000 at Ahmedabad, Gujarat. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 21.01.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 6.840 kg of Hashish at Mohali, Punjab. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 01.02.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 5.400 kg of Hashish at 9/2 Kyd Street, Kolkata. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 04.02.2021, NCB, Madurai Sub-Zone seized 9.140 kg of Hashish at Chennai. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 06.02.2021, NCB, Madurai Sub-Zone seized 16.950 kg of Hashish at Tuticorin, Tamilnadu. 01 persons were arrested.
- On 25.02.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 10.360 kg of Hashish at Bahraich, Uttar Pradesh. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 01.03.2021, NCB, Jammu Zonal Unit seized 23 kg of Hashish at Nagrota, Jammu. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 02.03.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 3.750 kg of Hashish at Overseas Logistic Pvt. Ltd. Courier services, Mahipalpur, New Delhi.
- On 02.03.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 4.600 kg of Hashish at M/S Aramex India Pvt. Ltd., Ekkaduthangal, Chennai. 01 person was arrested.
- On 06.03.2021, NCB, Madurai Sub-Zone seized 4.770 kg of Hashish oil at Tuticorin, Tamilnadu. 01 person was arrested.
- On 09.03.2021, NCB, Mandi Sub-Zone seized 9.780 kg of Hashish & Rs. 6,00,000 /- at Kullu, Himachal Pradesh. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 11.03.2021, On the basis of information developed by NCB Ahmedabad, NCB, Indore Zonal Unit seized 10.518 kg of Hashish at Ratlam, Madhya Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 18.03.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 3.200 kg of Hashish at Airex International Courier Services, Patna, Bihar.
- On 25.03.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 21.370 kg of Hashish at Derabassi, Punjab. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 09.04.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 3 kg of Hashish at Chennai Airport, Tamilnadu. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 31.05.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 10 kg of Hashish at Ahmedabad, Gujarat. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 05.06.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 2.780 kg of Hashish at Baharaich, Uttar Pradesh. 01 person was arrested.
- On 06.06.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 4.180 kg of Hashish at Kurukshetra, Haryana. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 14.06.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 5.300 kg of

- Hashish at Mumbai. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 17.06.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 12 kg of Hashish at Mumbai. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 22.06.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit, seized 12.440 kg of Hashish at Panipat, Haryana. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 22.06.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 9.800 kg of Hashish at Dadar, Mumbai. 05 persons were arrested.
- On 23.06.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 8.400 kg of Hashish at Swarghat, Himachal Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 01.07.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 3.650 kg of Hashish at Rupnagar, Punjab. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 15.07.2021, NCB, Jammu Zonal Unit seized 15 kg of Hashish at Samba, Jammu. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 04.08.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 5.500 kg of Hashish at Ropar, Punjab. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 22.08.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone seized 24.500 kg of Hashish at Amritsar, Punjab. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 05.09.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 8.950 kg of Hashish at Rupnagar, Punjab. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 10.09.2021, NCB, Cochin Sub-Zone seized 3.500 kg of Hashish oil at A W Courier and Cargo, Ernakulam, Kerala.
- On 25.09.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 9.330 kg of Hashish at Mehsana, Gujarat. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 25.09.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 5 kg of Hashish at Patna, Bihar. 01 person was arrested.
- On 28.09.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 10 kg of Hashish at Toll Plaza, Panipat, Haryana. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 16.11.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 5.234 kg of Hashish at Adalaj Toll Plaza, Gandhinagar, Gujarat. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 17.11.2021, NCB, Chandigarh Zonal Unit seized 3.540 kg of Hashish at Kaithal, Haryana. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 08.12.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 8.016 kg of Hashish at Adalaj Toll Plaza, Gandhinagar. 01 person was arrested.
- On 11.12.2021, NCB, Jammu Zonal Unit seized 5.600 kg of Hashish at Samba, J&K. 01 person was arrested.
- On 17.12.2021, NCB, Jammu Zonal Unit seized 6.500 kg of Hashish at Nagrota, Jammu. 02 persons were arrested.

### **CASE STUDY-BIGGEST HASHISH SEIZURE**

#### **1. Seizure of 26.090 Kg of Charas by NCB Madurai Sub-Zone (Chennai Zone)**

Based on specific information, the officers of NCB, Madurai Sub-Zone

conducted search at the residential premises of a person R/o Thomas Nagar, Tuticorin. The search resulted in the recovery and seizure of 9.140 Kg of dark brown colour solid oily substance believed to be Hashish. The accused person was arrested on 06.02.2021. On the revelations made by the accused, another residential premise at Keela Shanmugapuram, Tuticorin was also searched, resulting into recovery & seizure of additional quantity of 16.950 kg of Hashish and arrest of the second accused person on 07.02.2021. during further follow-up action, one Srilankan national, based in Chennai believed to be the mastermind of this conspiracy was apprehended on 25.07.2021.



## 2. Seizure of 24.500 Kg of Charas by NCB Amritsar Sub-Zone (Chandigarh Zone)

On 22.08.2021, on the basis of specific information a team of NCB Amritsar Sub-Zone laid a naka at Ladpalwan Toll Plaza on Amritsar – Pathankot road and intercepted a blue colour Canter coming from Chamba (HP). During search of the vehicle, 24.500 Kg Charas was seized from the possession of 02 accused person.

During preliminary investigation, it was revealed that the seized Charas was to be delivered to a person in Amritsar by the accused. Receiver was also apprehended in follow-up action of NCB team along with seizure of a Honda Activa and Rs 61,000/- at Kathunangal Toll Plaza. During the disclosure, it came out that a person from Maindroh, Chamba (HP) had send this Charas for the Amritsar based receiver whose cousin brother R/o Amritsar was also a part of the syndicate.

## 3. Seizure of 23.762 Kg of Charas by NCB Ahmedabad Zone

On 20.01.2021, on specific information, a team of NCB, Ahmedabad Zone had searched a truck at Vastral, Ahmedabad, in which three persons were travelling to Mumbai from Jammu & Kashmir. Thereafter, NCB Ahmedabad team seized 23.762 kg of Charas (gross weight) on 20-21.01.2021. In follow up action two person were also arrested alongwith the cash of Rs 2,98,200/-, who came to receive the said Charas on 20.01.2021. In this case, total five persons had been arrested on 21.01.2021. During the follow up action, one more person was arrested who was supposed to receive the said Charas.

### 1.2.5 COCAINE



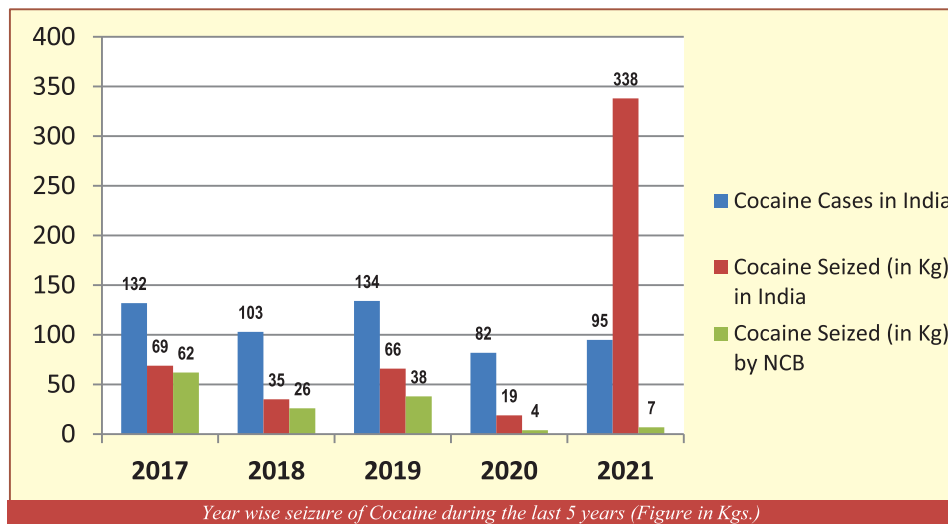
Cocaine is widely used as a recreational drug that is prepared from coca leaves. It is found in South American countries, primarily Brazil, Colombia, Bolivia and Peru. Cocaine, originating in South America, is trafficked throughout the world. In India, it is mainly smuggled in small quantities by West African drug traffickers. It is generally encountered in two forms which differ in their route of administration. Cocaine hydrochloride, which is insufflated or injected, and cocaine base, which is a smokable form.

**Trends:**

- Smuggling of cocaine is mostly being

done by African nationals based in India.

- Instances of Cocaine being smuggled from Afghanistan, Argentina, Brazil and South America have also come to notice.
- Seizures of Cocaine in India have been made at airports mostly.
- There are many instances of small quantities of Cocaine trafficking through parcels concealed in common household articles like cosmetics, utensils, books and clothing.
- The latest trend is trafficking of Cocaine in liquid form.



**Significant seizures of Cocaine by NCB:**

- On 28.01.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 8.000 kg of Heroin and 1.070 kg of Cocaine at IGI Airport, New Delhi. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 18.06.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 135 grams of Cocaine at Mehrauli, New Delhi. 01 person was arrested.
- On 18.06.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 115 grams of Cocaine at Vasant Kunj, New Delhi. 01 person was arrested.
- On 25.06.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal

Unit seized 122 grams of Cocaine at New Delhi. 01 person was arrested.

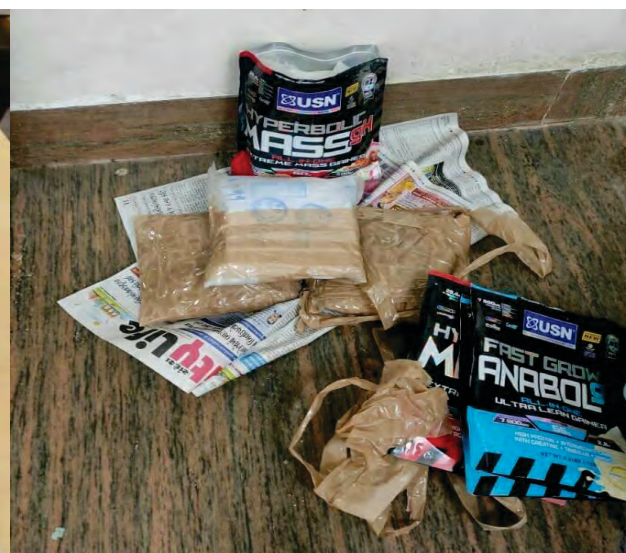
- On 05.08.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 102 gram of Cocaine at Mumbai, Maharashtra. 01 person was arrested.
- On 08.08.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 1.029 kg of Cocaine at Mumbai, Maharashtra. 01 person was arrested.
- On 11.08.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 4.275 kg of Cocaine at SVBP Airport, Ahmedabad, Gujarat. 01 person was arrested.

## CASE STUDY-BIGGEST COCAINE SEIZURES

### 1. Seizure of 4.275 Kg Cocaine by NCB Ahmedabad Zone

On 11.08.2021, a team of NCB Ahmedabad Zone searched the checked-in baggage of a person detained against whom a look out circular was issued to

detain and inform to the originator. On search of purple coloured trolley bag of the detainee, 4.275 Kgs of Cocaine was seized from his possession. The person was subsequently arrested after recording of his statement. The arrested person was having South African Passport. Further, in follow up action one Ghana National was also arrested.



### 1.3 NARCOTIC CROPS

#### 1.3.1 Licit Opium Poppy Cultivation

India is the only country, authorized by the United Nations Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs (1961), to produce gum opium. Countries such as Australia, Austria, France, China, Hungary, Netherlands, Poland, Slovenia, Spain, Turkey and Czech Republic also produce opium but through Concentrate of Poppy Straw (CPS) method.

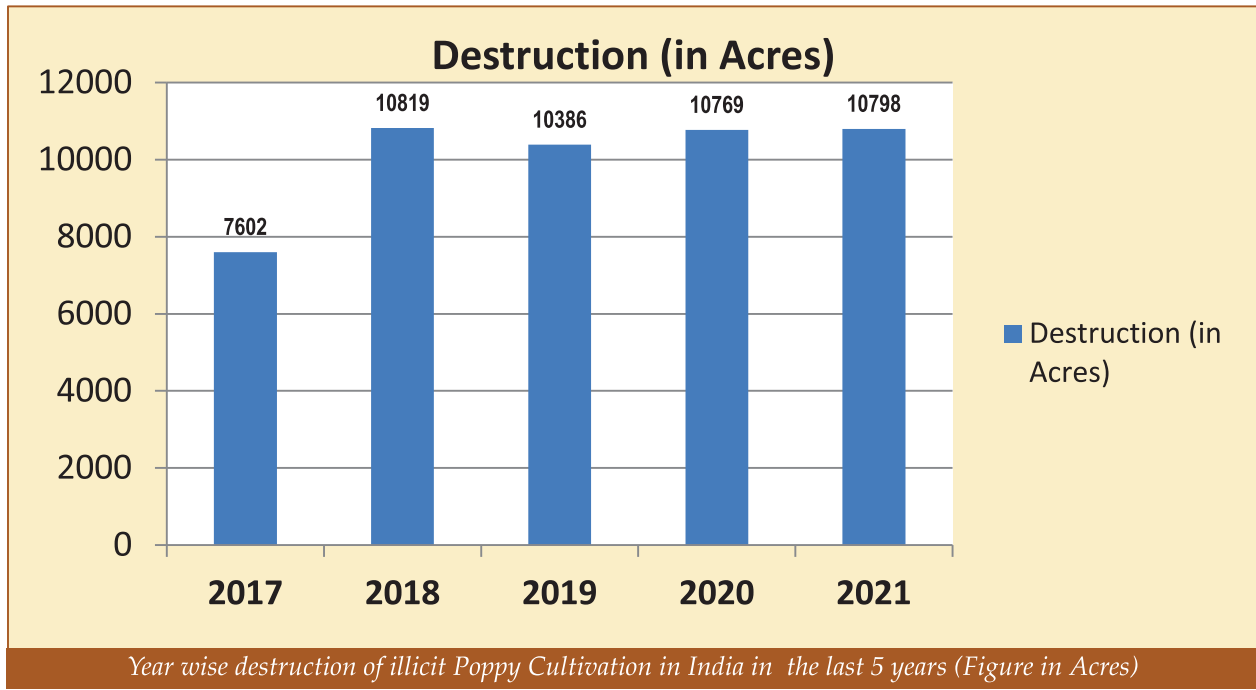
Licit cultivation of Opium Poppy is carried out in India in selected tracts notified by the Central Government annually in the States of Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh. Licences are issued by the CBN to eligible cultivators in the above three States as per the General Conditions relating to Grant of Licence framed by the Central

Government.

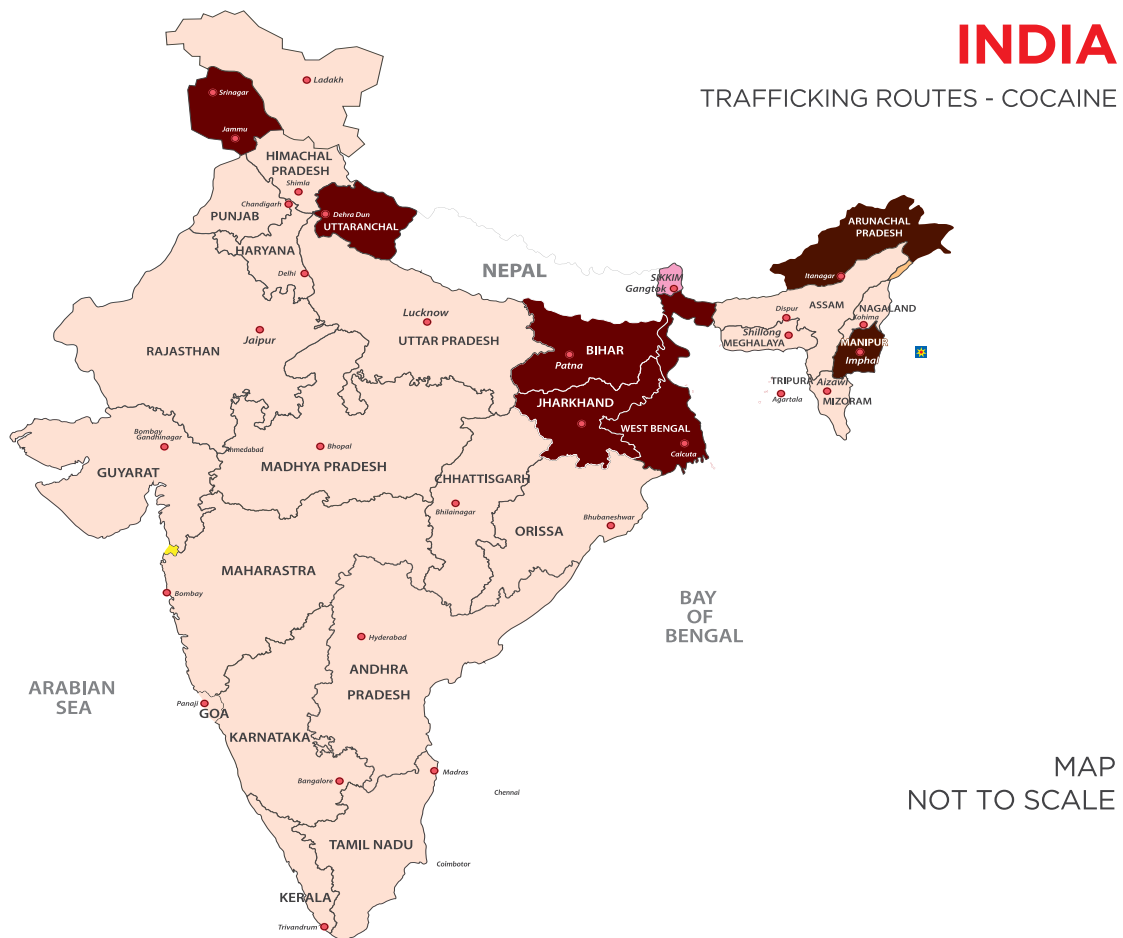
#### 1.3.2 Illicit Opium Poppy Cultivation

The extent of illicit cultivation of opium poppy cannot be exactly quantified but eradications undertaken by law enforcement agencies are indicative of the areas prone to such cultivation. The Government of India has undertaken the satellite imaging of such illicit cultivation and results from this enable a more focused approach for eradication of the illicit crop.

During 2021, illicit cultivation of opium poppy was found in the states of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh.



### Illicit Opium Poppy Cultivation in In India



**Destruction of illicit opium poppy cultivation**

- On 20.01.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone along with NAB & Manipur Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy spread over an area of 70 acres in Chandel district of

- Manipur.
- On 23.01.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit, SSB & District Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy spread over 69.533 acres in Coochbehar, West Bengal.



- On 28.01.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone along with NAB & Manipur Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy spread over an area of 28 acres in Chandel district of Manipur.





- From 30.01.2021 to 02.02.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone along with NAB & Manipur Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy spread over an area of 122 acres in Chandel district of Manipur.
- In the month of Jan & Feb 2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit has destroyed 578.93 acre illicit opium cultivation at Barachhati area Dist- Gaya Bihar.

- From 02.02.2021 to 06.02.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone along with NAB & Manipur Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy spread over an area of 255 acres in Imphal East district of Manipur.

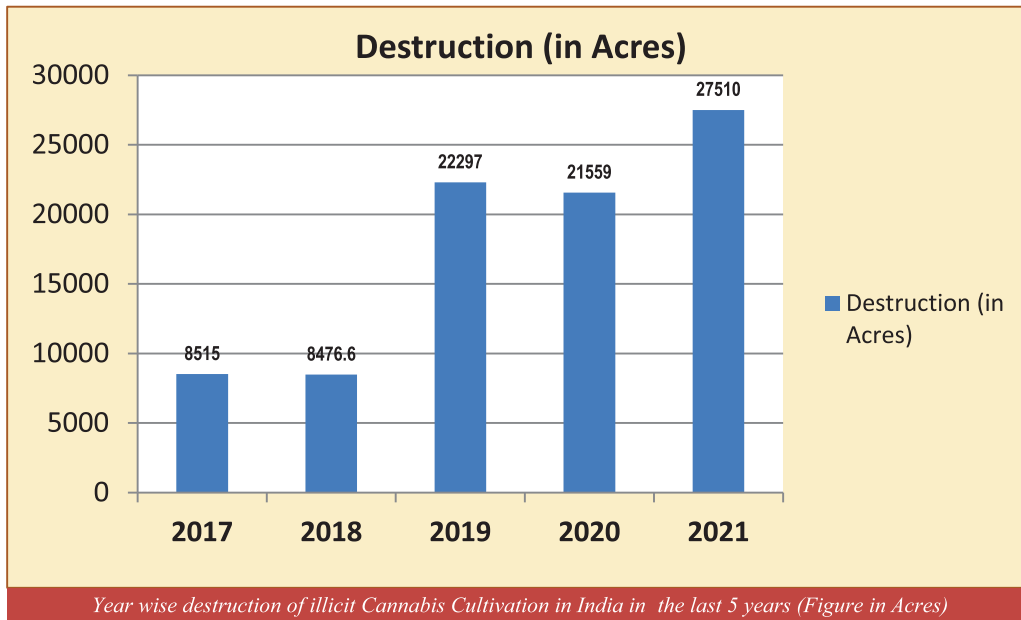
- On 17.02.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone along with NAB & District Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Opium Poppy spread over an area of 65 acres in Ukhrul and Kangpokpi district of Manipur.



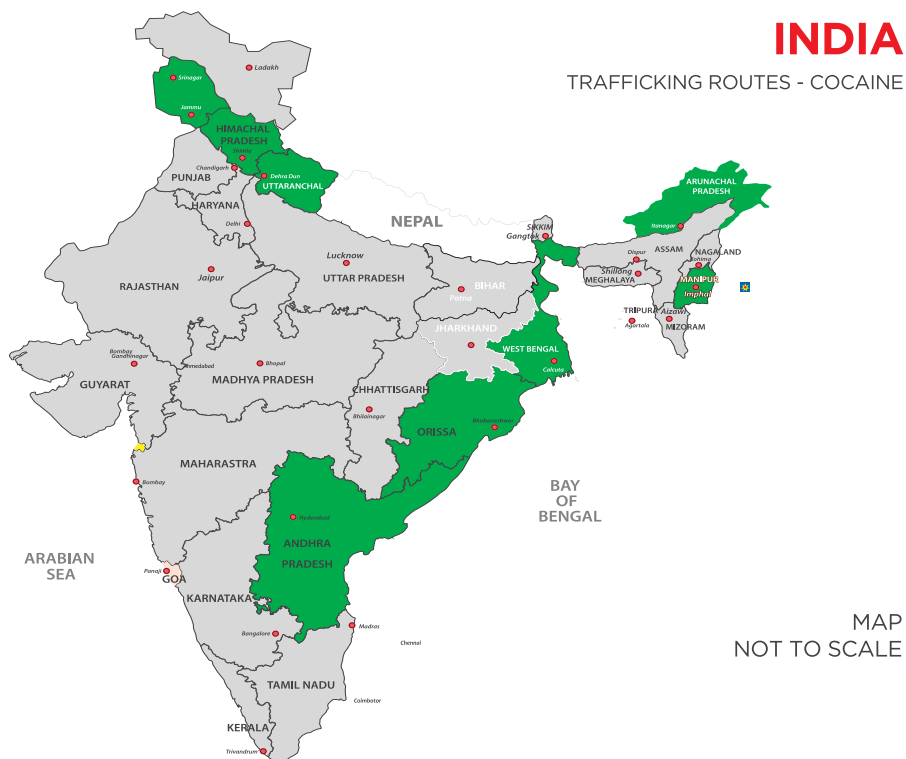
**1.3.3 Illicit Cannabis Cultivation**

Under the NDPS Act as well as under the UN Drug Control Conventions, the cultivation of Cannabis is illegal. One of the important countermeasures undertaken by NCB is to identify and destroy illicit cultivation of the plant.

During 2021, the area under illicit cannabis cultivation detected was around 27510 acres, in the states of Gujarat, Maharashtra, Odisha, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Tripura and Telangana which was subsequently destroyed by various Central & State agencies.



**Illicit Cannabis Cultivation in In India**



### Destruction of illicit Cannabis cultivation

NCB Chandigarh Zonal Unit launched destruction campaign of illicit cannabis Himachal Pradesh in which Approx. 95 acres of illicit grown cannabis has been destroyed in the year 2021.



- On 20.01.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit, SSB & District Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Cannabis spread over 10.06 acres in Maghpala village, Coochbehar, West Bengal. 01 person was arrested.
- On 20.01.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit, SSB & District Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Cannabis spread over 91.600 acres in Phalimari village, Coochbehar, West Bengal. 01 person was arrested.
- On 24.01.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit, SSB & District Police destroyed illicit cultivation of Cannabis spread over 136 acres in Nishiganj, West Bengal.

### 1.4 PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

Psychotropic Substances are any chemical agent affecting the mind or mental processes (i.e. any psychoactive drug). The UN Convention on Psychotropic Substances, 1971, establishes the international control regime for such substances. The Convention responded to the diversification and expansion of the spectrum of drugs of abuse and introduced controls over a number of synthetic drugs according to their abuse potential on the one hand and their therapeutic value on the other.

The Government of India, on 23rd March 2021 has notified 06 substances as 'Manufactured Drugs' and 15 substances as 'Psychotropic Substance' respectively under the NDPS Act, 1985. The details of which are as under:

(A) Under notification S. O. 1274 (E) dated 23.03.2021, following 06 substances notified as 'Manufactured Drugs' :

- 1) Crotonylfentanyl
- 2) Valeryl fentanyl
- 3) Parafluorobutyrylfentanyl
- 4) Ortho-Fluorofentanyl
- 5) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl
- 6) Cyclopropylfentanyl

(B) Under notification S. O. 1275 (E) dated 23.03.2021, following 15 substances notified as 'Psychotropic Substance' :

- 1) AB-FUBINACA
- 2) 5F-AMB-PINACA
- 3) 5F-MDMB-PICA
- 4) 4F-MDMB-BINACA
- 5) Clephedrone
- 6) N-ethylhexedrone
- 7) Alpha-PHP
- 8) Flualprazolam
- 9) Etizolam
- 10) DOC
- 11) ADB-FUBINACA
- 12) FUB-AMB, MMBFUBINACA, AMBFUBINACA
- 13) CUMYL-4CNBINACA
- 14) ADB-CHMINACA, MAB-CHMINACA

#### 1.4.1 Synthetic Drugs



Synthetic drugs like Amphetamine Type

Stimulants (ATS) have become the drug of choice in South East Asia and in North America. In India, several attempts have been made in the past to set up clandestine manufacturing facilities, especially in Maharashtra and Gujarat to produce ATS. Narcotics Control Bureau has successfully thwarted these attempts.

#### Trends:

- Trafficking of ATS from Myanmar to India along North-Eastern Border States.
- Australia, Malaysia and Thailand are the major destination countries for ATS trafficking sourced from India.
- USA, Australia, Malaysia and South Africa are the major destination countries for Methaqualone/ Mandrax sourced from India.
- A major portion of Methaqualone/ Mandrax seizures are effected at Airports of New Delhi, Kolkata and Mumbai.

#### Significant seizures of Mephedrone by NCB:

- On 02.01.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 401.800 gram of Mephedrone at Mumbai. 01 person was arrested.
- On 15.01.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 386 gram of Mephedrone .01 person was arrested. In follow up action 88 gram more Mephedrone was seized on 16.01.2021.
- On 25.03.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 2.029 kg of Mephedrone at Andheri, Mumbai. 02 persons were arrested.

- On 03.08.2021, NCB, Ahmedabad Zonal Unit seized 4.550 kg of Mephedrone & Rs. 86,00,000 /- at Valsad, Gujarat. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 14.09.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 2.050 kg of Mephedrone at Mumbai. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 15.10.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 505 gram of Mephedrone at Mumbai. 01 person was arrested.

Acting on specific information, a team of NCB Ahmedabad Zone had seized 4.550 Kgs of Mephedrone, a Psychotropic Substances from the possession of two person and arrested them on 03.05.2021.

Further to this, a manufacturing unit at Dungri, Valsad was also searched resulting into seizure of large quantity of chemicals which were being used for manufacturing of Mephedrone along with unaccounted cash amounting Rs. 1,25,42,300/- ( One crore twenty five lakh forty two thousand three hundred) acquired through illegal trafficking of Mephedrone. Total 04 nos. of accused persons were arrested in this connection.

**CASE STUDY-BIGGEST MEPHEDRONE SEIZURE**

**Seizure of 4.550 Kg. of Mephedrone by NCB Ahmedabad Zone**



### Significant seizures of Amphetamine Type Stimulants (ATS) by NCB:

- On 02.01.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 7.660 kg of Methamphetamine at Guwahati, Assam. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 24.04.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 990 gram of Amphetamine at Guindy, Chennai. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 18.05.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 618 gram of Methamphetamine at Murshidabad, West Bengal. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 27.05.2021, NCB, Mumai Zonal Unit seized 420 gram of Methamphetamine at DHL Couriers, Andheri West, Mumbai.
- On 18.07.2021, NCB, Madurai Sub-Zone seized 2.235 kg of Amphetamine at Coimbatore, Tamilnadu. 01 person was arrested.
- On 24.08.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit seized 7.900 kg of Amphetamine at Chennai, Tamilnadu. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 26.08.2021, NCB, Bangalore Zonal Unit seized 1 kg of MDMA at Electronic City Post Office, Bangalore. 01 person was arrested.
- On 18.10.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 800 gram of Amphetamine at DHL Express Pvt. Ltd., Kirti Nagar, New Delhi. In follow up action 800 gram of Methamphetamine was seized and two persons were arrested at Uttam Nagar, New Delhi.
- On 12.11.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 1.040 kg of Amphetamine at DHL Express Pvt. Ltd., Rama Road, Kirti

Nagar, New Delhi. In follow up action 1.015 kg of Amphetamine was seized and 01 person was arrested.

- On 08.12.2021, NCB, Imphal Sub-Zone seized 10.397 kg of Amphetamine at Imphal Airport, Manipur. 02 persons were arrested.

### CASE STUDY-BIGGEST AMPHETAMINE SEIZURE

#### 1. Seizure of 10.397 kg of Crystal Amphetamine by NCB Imphal Sub-Zone (Guwahati Zone)

Based on specific information received on 08.12.2021, a team of NCB Imphal Sub-Zone intercepted two suspects and recovered 10.397 kg of crystal Amphetamine from their trolley bag at Imphal International Airport.

The accused person were arrested and produced before the Ld. Magistrate, Imphal on 09.12.2021 and remanded to judicial custody.



## 2. Seizure of 07.900 Kg of Methamphetamine by NCB Chennai Zone

On 24.08.2021, based on the specific information developed by NCB, Chennai Zonal Unit, the officers of NCB Chennai intercepted a truck bearing Tamil Nadu registration at Karanodai Toll Plaza. Search operation of the truck resulted in

the recovery of 7.900 kgs of Methamphetamine, concealed in small packets with contents written in Chinese language on the same. Three person, all residents of Red Hills, Chennai were apprehended and subsequently arrested in this case. The seized Methamphetamine was sourced from Moreh, Manipur and was destined to Chennai.



### 1.5 Precursor Chemicals

Precursor Chemicals are dual use chemicals that have legitimate uses, and can also be used in the manufacture of illicit narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

#### • Trends

- Ephedrine/ Pseudoephedrine trafficking is done mainly through Delhi, Chennai, Cochin and Airports.
- There are instances of use of courier/ parcels also.

### Significant seizures of Ephedrine/ Pseudoephedrine:

- On 15.01.2021, NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone seized 45 kg of Ephedrine at Chennai, Tamilnadu. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 05.03.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 7.020 kg of Pseudoephedrine near Ambedkar Stadium, Delhi. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 23.04.2021, NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone seized 5 kg of Pseudoephedrine at Hyderabad, Telangana.
- On 31.07.2021, NCB, Chennai Zonal

Unit seized 5 kg of Pseudoephedrine at Chennai, Tamilnadu.

- On 11.08.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 7 kg of Pseudoephedrine at New Delhi. 01 person was arrested.
- On 14.09.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 3.900 kg of Ephedrine, 46 gram of Hashish & 2.050 kg of Mephedrone at Mumbai. 04 persons were arrested.
- On 22.09.2021, NCB, Cochin Sub-Zone seized 11.660 kg of Pseudoephedrine at Reliable Logistics, Cochin, Kerala.
- On 23.09.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 5 kg of Pseudoephedrine at DHL Express India Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata. 01 person was arrested.
- On 07.10.2021, NCB, Madurai Sub-Zone seized 6.110 kg of Pseudoephedrine at Thanjavur, Tamilnadu. 01 person was arrested.

**CASE STUDY-BIGGEST EPHEDRINE SEIZURE**

**1. Seizure of 45 Kg of Ephedrine by NCB Chennai Zone (upon followup action by Hyderabad Sub-Zone)**

On 28.11.2020, NCB, Hyderabad had affected a seizure of 4.4 kg of Ephedrine from a courier parcel destined to Australia at DHL Hyderabad. Investigations revealed that one person based in Chennai had booked the parcel at Hyderabad. The Hyderabad team was searching this person persistently and finally he was traced and located at Chennai. His house search resulted in further recovery of 45 kg of Ephedrine and the seizure was effected by NCB, Chennai on 15/16.01.2021. Subsequently, one of the associates of the person from whose residence the contraband was seized, was also traced and arrested.





## **2. Seizure of 45 Kg of Pseudoephedrine by NCB Cochin Sub-Zone (Chennai Zone)**

On 22.09.2021, two courier parcels destined to Australia were detected at KKM Complex, Kizhavana Road, Panampillynagar, Kochi, Ernakulam, Kerala. The consignment was originally booked at Kollam, Kerala. The courier parcels comprised of two cardboard carton boxes. The first cardboard carton box contained 19 Nos. of double layered Steel Milk Cookers. On cutting open the Milk cookers, it was found to contain white color transparent zip plastic pouches, further containing Pseudoephedrine concealed between the

two layers of the cookers. 57 numbers of pouches containing Pseudoephedrine were recovered.

Similarly, in the second cardboard carton box, 18 numbers of double layered steel bowls were found. On cut opening the bowls, each of the bowls found to contain 2 numbers of white color transparent zip plastic pouches containing Pseudoephedrine between the two layers. A total of 36 numbers of pouches containing Pseudoephedrine were recovered.

Thus a total of 11.660 Kgs of Pseudoephedrine was recovered and seized by the NCB team.



### Significant seizures of Acetic Anhydride:

- On 13.02.2021, NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized 65.300 kg of Acetic Anhydride at Murshidabad, West Bengal. 02 persons were arrested.

### 1.6 PHARMACEUTICAL DRUGS

India has one of the biggest pharmaceutical industrial bases & diversion of pharmaceutical substances is resulting in the increasing abuse of prescription drugs. The problem seems to be serious in the North-East and North-West region of the country. The pharmaceutical products that are abused include Buprenorphine, Codeine-based cough syrups, Alprazolam, Diazepam and other sedatives. The easy availability of such preparations is the major factor that encourages their misuse. There is also a perception that these pharmaceutical drugs are less harmful than hard drugs like Heroin, Cocaine, etc. However, this is a misconception, since these can be addictive and also have a debilitating effect on health. Pharmaceutical preparations having narcotic / psychotropic substances are under the purview of the Drugs and Cosmetic Act, and the NDPS Act in India. Law enforcement agencies have also seized sizeable quantities of Alprazolam tablets, Zolpidem, Tramadol tablets, Stidonafil tablets, etc.

### Significant seizures of Pharmaceutical Drugs (Tablets):

- On 04.01.2021, NCB, Jammu Zonal Unit seized 964 bottles of Codeine based cough syrup & 14,352 capsules of Spasmo Proxyvon at Jammu. 01 person was arrested.

- On 18.01.2021, NCB, Ajmer Sub-Zone seized 43,800 tablets of Tramadol at Anupgarh, Rajasthan. 01 person was arrested.
- On 05.02.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 20 kg of Codeine based cough syrup Hashish at Kurla, Mumbai. 03 persons were arrested.
- On 09.02.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 23.900 kg of Codeine based cough syrup at Mumbai. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 18.02.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 17,950 bottles of Codeine based cough syrup at Hapur, Uttar Pradesh.
- On 21.02.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 2.613 kg of Tramadol at Kurla, Mumbai.
- On 23.02.2021, NCB, Mumbai Zonal Unit seized 1.594 kg of Tramadol, 270 gram of Alprazolam and 6.900 kg of Codeine based cough syrup at Burari, New Delhi. 01 person was arrested.
- On 13.03.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 1.200 kg of Alprazolam tablets and 1 kg of Oxycodone tablets at DHL Express Pvt. Ltd, Kirti Nagar, New Delhi.
- On 30.03.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 9,975 bottles of Codeine based cough syrup at Kamrup, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 05.04.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 80.672 kg of Tramadol tablets at Agra, Uttar Pradesh. In follow up action 94,500 tablets of Zolpidem, 1,77,000 tablets of Nitrazepam, 66,000 tablets of Lorazepam, 6,72,600 tablets of Diazepam, 1,27,400 tablets of Clonazepam & 6,27,200 tablets of Alprazolam, 2,75,800 tablets & 31.12 liters of Tramadol, 5.800 kg of Tramadol & 62,637 bottles of Codeine based

cough syrup were seized. 01 person was arrested.

- On 05.04.2021, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit seized 1,15,272 bottles of Codeine Based Cough Syrup at Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh.
- On 07.04.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 12,250 tablets of Tramadol, 2,000 tablets of Zolpidem, 7,910 tablets of Diazepam, 2,000 tablets of Clonazepam, 6,000 tablets & 1.286 kg of Alprazolam in follow up action, 03 persons were arrested.
- On 21.05.2021, NCB, Amritsar Sub-Zone seized 27,500 tablets of Tramadol at DTDC Express Ltd., Amritsar, Punjab.
- On 28.05.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 13,40,100 tablets of Tramadol & 1,07,424 capsules of Tramadol at Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh. 01 person was arrested.
- On 02.06.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 15,42,200 tablets of Tramadol, 4,080 capsules of Tramadol & 2,370 bottles of Codeine based cough syrup at Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh. 01 person was arrested.
- On 10.06.2021, NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 63,360 capsules of Tramadol, 16,000 injections of Buprenorphine & Rs. 1,22,000 at Raj Nagar, Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 03.07.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 17.780 kg of Tramadol tablets & 900 tablets of Nitrazepam at Shree Maruti Courier Services Pvt. Ltd., Guwahati, Assam.
- On 14.08.2021, NCB, Hyderabad Sub-Zone seized 3.250 kg of Alprazolam & Rs. 12,75,000 /- at Hyderabad. 05

persons were arrested.

- On 05.09.2021, NCB, Guwahati Zonal Unit seized 40,102 bottles of Codeine based cough syrup at Kamrup, Assam. 02 persons were arrested.
- On 25.11.2021, NCB, Patna Zonal Unit seized 12,296 bottles of Codeine based cough syrup at Patna, Bihar.

### CASE STUDY – BIGGEST PHARMACEUTICAL SEIZURE

#### 1. Series of seizures of huge quantities of Psychotropic Tablets, Amphetamine and Codeine Based Cough Syrup (CBCS) Bottles by NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit from 13.03.2021 to 08.04.2021

NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit effected a series of recoveries of huge quantity of Psychotropic tablets such as Alprazolam, Diazepam, Clonazepam, Lorazepam, Tramadol, Oxycodone, CBCS bottles etc. from various locations in Delhi & Agra (U.P.). Further, investigations revealed that these tablets were originated in India and destined for U.S.A., where these medicines are high in demand amongst the users. The details are as under:-

- On 13.03.2021, one parcel was seized wherein; 1.2 Kg of Alprazolam tablets & 01 Kg of loose Tramadol tablet were recovered from unclaimed parcel lying at DHL Express (India) Pvt. Ltd., Kirti Nagar, New Delhi.

- The consignment was being shipped in disguise of herbal health supplements. The details of the sender and receiver are as under:-

Consignor	Consignee
# New Ashok Nagar, Vasundhara Enclave, New Delhi	# N Christmas Hill Road, Titusville, Florida, USA, Phone No.: +13159087348

On 18.03.2021, based upon backward investigation in the matter, another 11 parcels which were yet to be booked, containing a total 111.585 Kg of loose Tramadol tablets, 30.21 Kg Zolpidem tablets were seized by NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit at Rightway Logistic Ltd., Mahipalpur, New Delhi. These parcels containing various psychotropic substances were also destined for USA.

- NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit conducted an enquiry about the consignor as per details obtained from the DHL Authorities, which were found fake.

- Further, investigations based on digital foot printing were carried out and the person who had shipped these parcels, was arrested by NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit on 31.03.2021 from Agra, U.P. During the Interrogation he revealed that seized medicines were received from another person R/o Agra.

- Upon the disclosure made by the first accused, another accused was intercepted at Agra and based on his discloser, 80.672 Kg of Tramadol loose Tablets were seized on 05.04.2021 at Agra U.P.

- Based on recovery and his statement the second accused was arrested on 05.04.2021. During the Interrogation he revealed that he purchased all seized medicine from JPEE Drugs Haridwar, Uttarakhand and J.P Medicals Agencies Agra U.P.

- Further, based upon the discloser of second accused, NCB Delhi Zonal Unit has seized 20,40,500 various Psychotropic tablets, 62,637 Codeine Based Cough Syrup and 31.12 ltr of Tramadol Injection from a ware house of J.P. Medicals at Agra U.P.

- Subsequently, based upon the discloser of second accused NCB Delhi Zonal Unit has Seized 4.2 Kg of loose Tramadol tablets, 1.6 Kg of Tramadol tablets powder and 2,47,500 Tramadol Tablets on 07.04.2021 from manufacturing Unit of JPEE Drugs at sector 6A SIDCUL Haridwar U.K.

- further, investigations and technical analysis revealed that an organized drug syndicate of India and USA is behind the online drug market (Internet Pharmacy), which does their business through dark net portals. Quick actions were taken by NCB Delhi Zonal Unit and 04 more person were arrested in this case who had links with the prime accused, who used to send psychotropic medicines from India to USA.

The accused persons used to chat over Skype to their clients or sometimes directly to the customers by using fake IDs to place their orders and channelize the payments.

Apart from using Skype, these persons were using the Text now app to acquire US based telephone numbers in order to facilitate their business.

## 2. Seizure of 40,102 bottles of CBCS by NCB Guwahati Zone

On 05.09.2021 NCB Guwahati Zonal unit had seized a truck along with 40,102 bottles of Eskuf Cough Syrup (Codeine Based Cough Syrup) recovered from the truck which were hidden within the packets of rice. The contraband was loaded in Cooch Behar, West Bengal and

was destined to Tripura. Trafficker who was owner of the seized truck and co-trafficker were arrested on 06.09.2021. The associate who directed the trafficker (owner of Truck) to load Eskuf cough syrup at Coochbehar was also arrested during follow up.



## 1.7 NEW PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES (NPS)

UNODC defines NPS as “substances of abuse, both pure form or preparation, not controlled by the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs or the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances, but which may pose a public health threat”.

The term “new” does not necessarily refer to new inventions — several NPS were first synthesized decades ago — but to substances that have recently become available on the market.

NPS have been known in the market by terms such as “legal highs”, “bath salts” and “research chemicals”.

### Challenges:

The rapid emergence and presence of large number of NPS on the global drug market.

Poses a significant risk to public health and a challenge to drug policy.

Pose a considerable challenge for prevention and treatment due to less knowledge about the adverse health effects and social harms of NPS.

Difficult to carry out analysis and identification of large number of chemically diverse substances present in drug markets.

Monitoring, information sharing, early warning and risk awareness are essential to respond to this situation.

**Risks:**

Side effects of NPS range from seizures to agitation, aggression, acute psychosis as well as potential development of dependence.

Safety data on toxicity and carcinogenic potential, long-term adverse effects or risks, purity and composition of products of many NPS are not known.

This places users at high risk as evidenced by hospital emergency admissions and deaths associated with NPS, often including cases of poly-substance use.

**Details of NPS notified since 2016 is as under :****A. Year 2016**

The list of 9 NPS notified vide Notification dated **12<sup>th</sup> July 2016** is as follows:

- i. AH-7921, vide S.O. 2373 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- ii. 25B-NBOMe, vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- iii. 25C-NBOMe, vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- iv. 25I-NBOMe, vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- v. N-BENZYLPIPERAZINE (BZP), vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- vi. JWH-018, vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- vii. AM-2201, vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- viii. MDPV, (3,4-Methylenedioxypropylvalerone), vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.

- ix. Methylone, vide S.O. 2374 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.

**B. Year 2017**

Seven (7) NPS were recommended for scheduling in 59<sup>th</sup> CND in March 2016. All have been notified in India vide Notification dated **2<sup>nd</sup> May 2017**, which are as follows:

- i. Acetylfentanyl, vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- ii. MT-45, vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- iii. Para-methoxymethylamphetamine (PMMA), vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- iv. pyrrolidinovalerophenone (PVP) , vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- v. Para methyl -4- methylaminorex 4, 4' DMAR, vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- vi. methoxetamine (MXE) , vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- vii. Phenazepam , vide S.O. 1382 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.

**C. Year 2018**

Eleven (11) NPS have been notified in India vide Notification dated **27<sup>th</sup> Feb, 2018**, which areas follows:

- i. U -47700, vide S.O. 823 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- ii. Butyrfentanyl, vide S.O. 823 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.

- iii. 4 methylethcathinone, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- iv. Ethylone, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- v. Pentedrone, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- vi. Ethylphenidate, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- vii. Methiopropamine, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- viii. MDMB-CHMICA, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- ix. 5F- APINACA, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- x. XLR-11, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- xi. Catha edulis, vide S.O. 821 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- xii. **Tramadol** has been notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**' in India vide Notification S.O. 1761 (E) dated **26<sup>th</sup> April, 2018**.

#### D. Year 2019

**Twelve** (12) NPS have been notified in India vide Notification dated **13<sup>th</sup> March, 2019**, which are as follows:

- i. Carfentanil, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- ii. Ocfentanil, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- iii. Furanylfentanyl, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- iv. Acryloylfentanyl, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- v. 4 - Fluoroisobutyrfentanyl, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- vi. Tetrahydrofuranylfentanyl, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Manufactured Drug**'.
- vii. AB-CHMINACA, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- viii. 5F-ADB (5F-MDMB-PINACA), Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- ix. AB-PINACA, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- x. UR-144, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- xi. 5F-PB-22, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.
- xii. 4-Fluoroamphetamine, Vide S.O 1351 (E), notified as '**Psychotropic Substance**'.

#### E. Year 2021

On **23.03.2021** [notification no. S.O. 1274 (E)], Govt. of India has notified and scheduled following **6 (six)** chemicals as "**manufactured drugs**":

- i. Crotonylfentanyl
- ii. Valeryl fentanyl
- iii. Parafluorobutyrylfentanyl
- iv. Ortho-Fluorofentanyl
- v. Methoxyacetyl fentanyl
- vi. Cyclopropylfentanyl

- On **23.03.2021** [notification no. S.O. 1275 (E)], Govt. of India has notified and scheduled following **15 (fifteen)** chemicals as “**psychotropic substances**”:
  - i. AB-FUBINACA
  - ii. 5F-AMB-PINACA
  - iii. 5F-MDMB-PICA
  - iv. 4F-MDMB-BINACA
  - v. Clephedrone
  - vi. N-ethylhexedrone
  - vii. Alpha-PHP
  - viii. Flualprazolam
  - ix. Etizolam
  - x. DOC
  - xi. ADB-FUBINACA
  - xii. FUB-AMB, MMBFUBINACA, AMBFUBINACA
  - xiii. CUMYL-4CNBINACA
  - xiv. ADB-CHMINACA, MAB-CHMINACA
  - xv. N-ethylnorpentylone

### 1.8 USE OF DARK NET IN DRUG TRAFFICKING

#### Seizures of Narcotics drugs and psychotropic substances trafficked using Dark Net

- In the months of March to April, 2021, Officers of NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized huge quantity of Tramadol and other psychotropic substances alongwith 62673 bottles of CBCS and arrested 06 persons.
- On 02.06.2021, Officers of NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 15 lakh tablets of Tramadol and 8000 bottles of Codeine and arrested 01 person.
- In the month of June, 2021, Officers of NCB, Kolkata Zonal Unit seized more than 20 kg of Ganja.
- In the month of August to Oct., 2021, Officers of NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit

seized 286 LSD blots, 5.726 Kg Curated Marijuana bud, 260.45 Gram MDMA, 6 Gram Heroin, 145.6 Gram Charas and psychotropic tablets.

- In the month of September 2021, Officers of NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 34 LSD blots, 66 Gram Marijuana, 44.95 Gram Ecstasy and 21 Gram Charas in two different cases and arrested 09 persons.
- In the month of October 2021, Officers of NCB, Delhi Zonal Unit seized 9 LSD blots, 1.89 Gram Marijuana and 34.17 Gram Charas and arrested 01 person.

### 1.9 CONTROLLED DELIVERY

Controlled Delivery is a technique which allows illicit or suspected consignments of Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic substances, controlled substances or substances substituted for them to pass out of, or through or into territory of India with the knowledge and under the supervision of an officer empowered in this behalf or duly authorized under section 50A with a view to identify the persons involved in the commission of an offence under this act.

The Director General of Narcotics Control Bureau constituted under sub section (3) of section 4 or any other officer authorized by him in this behalf, any notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, undertake controlled delivery of any consignment to:-

Any destination in India;

a foreign country, in consultation with the competent authority of such foreign country to which such consignment is destined, in such a manner as may be prescribed.

During the year 2021, total 08 controlled delivery operations were carried out by NCB and other agencies as well.



**1.10 DISPOSAL OF DRUGS**

Narcotics Control Bureau disposed off various narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances during the calendar year 2021 owing their vulnerability to theft, substitution, constraints of proper storage space.

Zone wise Drug Disposal data from 01/01/2021 to 31/12/2021						
Sl. No	Zone	No. of Case	Contraband	Quantity in Kg		Date
				Pre Trial	Post Trial	
1	Chennai	10	Pseudoephedrine	-	37.07 Kg	22.01.21
			Ephedrine		0.980 Kg	
			Heroin	-	0.095 Kg	
			Ganja		-	
			Ketamine	418.94 Kg 9.890 Kg (With cartoon box 11.120Kg)	-	
2	Guwahati	8	Methamphetamine	8.707 Kg	-	28.01.21
			Ganja	1352.97 Kg	-	
3	Kolkata	11	Heroin	-	0.010 Kg	28.01.21
			Methamphetamine & Non narcotics	1.292 Kg & 0.305 Kg	-	
			Charas	7.186 Kg	-	
			Ganja	118.85 Kg	-	
			Escuf Cough Syrup	236 Bottles		
			Phencyrex Syrup	5397 Bolltes		
			Rexdryl Syrup	4674 Bottles		
			Onerex Syrup	1196 Bottles		
			Wirof Syrup	197 Bottles		
			Nitrosum Tablets	7740 nos		
			Caffine (Non Narcotics)	15 Bottles		
			Codeine (Dialex DC)	27 Bottles		
			Chlorpheniramine	02 Bottles		
			Tripolidine	01 Bottles		
			Buprenorphine (Wincerex)	21 Bottles		
			Pentazocine	11 Ampules		
			Diazepam	02 Ampules		
Promethazine	11 Ampules					
Alprazolam	10 Ampules					

			Pseudo Ephedrine	02 Ampules & 5.959 Kg		
			Tramadol	17 Strips		
			Dextropropoxyphene	196 Pcs		
			Acetaminophen	42 Pcs		
			Ephedrine	3.940 Kg		
4	Patna	9	Ganja	1160.19 Kg	12.350 Kg	10.02.21
			Opium	2.130 Kg	1.550 Kg	
			Poppy Straw	-	116.200 Kg	
			Ampoules of Diazepam with brand name 'Diazelab' 267	199 Bottles	-	
			Charas	27.750 Kg	-	
5	Kolkata	3	Heroin	1.357 Kg	2.00 Kg	25.02.21
			Ganja	388.664 Kg	-	
6	Chandigarh	7	Heroin	106.413 Kg	-	26.02.21
		26	Heroin	30.65 Kg	-	
			Charas	28.101 Kg	-	
			Opium	11.471 Kg	-	
7	Imphal Sub Zone	7	Heroin	0.236 Kg	-	26.02.21
			SP Capsules	4280 nos.	-	
			Pseudoephedrine tab & Diethyl Ether	7136 nos & 2.5 Liter Dyethyle Ether	-	
8	Kolkata	9	Opium	19.86 Kg	2.760 Kg	15.03.21
			Morphine	0.900 Kg	-	
9	Bangalore	6	Ganja	16.896 Kg	-	17.03.21
			Ecstasy Pills	4.25 Gm	-	
			Ketamine	0.225 Kg	-	
			MDMA & LSD	0.211 Kg	-	
			Cocaine	0.256 Kg	-	
			Hashish Oil	3.000 Kg	-	
10	Mumbai	20	Ganja	4.948 Kg	-	17.03.21
			Cocaine	9.157 Kg	-	
			Marijuana	4.527 Kg	-	
			Ephedrine	3.856 Kg	-	
			Methamphetamine	1.109 Kg	-	
			Phencyrex Syrup	3934 Bottle ( each of 100 gm)	-	
			Hashish	70.177 Kg	-	
Heroin	-	11 Kg				

11	Chandigarh	8	Heroin	53.363 Kg	-	18.03.21
12	Guwahati	8	Opium	12.350 Kg		24.03.21
			Morphine	13.31 Kg		
13	Jammu	2	Heroin	100.42 Kg	-	25 & 26.03.21
14	Imphal Sub Zone	8	Opium	12.74 Kg	-	26.03.21
			Morphine	5.940 Kg	-	
15	Jammu	11	Cough Syrup & SPP Capsules	585 Bottles & 4632 Capsules	-	30 & 31.03.21
			Charas	160.359 Kg	-	
			Heroin	2.405 Kg	-	
16	Ahmedabad	21	Charas	23.729 Kg	-	08.04.21
			Ganja	979.547 Kg	-	
			Codine Phosphate Syrup	959 Bottles	-	
			Alprazolam	58152 Bottles	-	
			Tramadol	3018 Bottles	-	
			Khat Leaves	15.900 Kg	-	
17	Patna	8	Ganja	1363.925 Kg		20.04.21
			Charas	13.725 Kg		
18	Indore	4	Opium	9.575 Kg		23.06.21
			Morphine	.233 gm		
		1	Opium	19.340 Kg		
19	Kolkata	6	Ganja	43.686 Kg	-	27.07.21
			Charas	23.436 Kg		
20	Bangalore	16	Phensedyl	6582 Bottles		28.07.21
			Poppy Straw	146.410 Kg		
			bonogesic/N-Norphin	513 Ampoules		
			Ganja	440.838 Kg	-	
			Cocaine	665 gm		
			Ketamine	138 gm		
			Methamphetamine	1.756 Kg		
Phenesedyl	192 Bottles					
21	Kolkata	6	Heroin	570 gm		12.08.21
			Ganja	253.015 Kg		
			Charas	14.881 Kg		
			Phensedyl	14985 Bottles		

22	Jodhpur	6	Poppy Straw	8007.42 Kg		20.08.21
			Ganja	58.02 Kg		
23	Chandigarh	27	Charas	91.639 Kg		28.09.21
			Heroin	28.857 Kg		
24	Indore	4	Poppy Straw	904.993 Kg		19.10.21
			Alprazolam	.080 gm		
		9	Alprazolam	67.8 Kg		
			Ephedrine	88.754 Kg		
			Ganja	1066.966 Kg		
Heroin	1.625 Kg					
25	Patna	7	Ganja	3149.35 Kg		20.10.21
26		18	Ganja	4571.7 Kg		21.10.21
			Heroin	.185 Kg		
			Poppy Husk	42.875 Kg		
			Charas	49.825 Kg		
27		8	Ganja	1342.955 Kg		26.10.21
28	Kolkata	3	Ganja	328.436 Kg		27.10.21
			Phensedyl	14985 Bottles		
29		1	Ganja	1300.528 Kg		28.10.21
30	Chandigarh	27	Charas	58.721 Kg		10.11.21
			Ganja	.210 Kg		
			Heroin	20.793 Kg		
			Opium	3.225 Kg		
31	Lucknow	5	Ganja	3188.993 Kg		22.11.21
			Heroin			
32	Kolkata	5	Charas	1.158 Kg		14.12.21
			Ganja	529 Kg		
33	Jodhpur	3	Opium	81.160 Kg		15.12.21



**Patna Zonal Unit**



**Chandigarh Zonal Unit**



**Jammu Zonal Unit**





# TRAINING

## 2.1 TRAINING

The mandate of NCB also creates an obligation on it for capacity building of other drug law enforcement agencies entrusted to enforce the drug laws in the country. In addition to provide materialistic support to them through the assistance to states scheme, it is also mandatory to develop and enhance enforcement skills in their personnel /drug law enforcement officers.

Training programmes are conducted by Policy & Co-ordination wing of Narcotics Control Bureau, through a variety of channels. In India, the officers working for drug law enforcement include officers from Central and State Government agencies which include the following;

- Narcotics Control Bureau
- Customs and Central Excise
- Department of Revenue Intelligence
- Border Guarding Forces
- State Police
- State Excise
- State Drug Controller, etc.

Common training requirements of the above mentioned agencies include, principal laws like Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985, PITNDPS Act, 1988, Regulation of Controlled Substances Order (RCS Order), 2013, Circular/ notifications, documentation procedures, emergence of New Psychoactive Substances (NPS), precursor control mechanism, collection of intelligence, National/ International trends in drug trafficking, the study of reasons for

acquittal of cases.

NCB conducts regular short duration training programmes for such field officials, either by itself or in co-ordination with other authorities like National Academy for Custom, Excise and Narcotics(NACEN), Intelligence Bureau(IB), Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI), North Eastern Police Academy(NEPA), National Institute of Criminology and Forensic Sciences (NICFS), Central Academy of Police Training (CAPT), National Forensic Science University (NFSU), Border Guarding Forces, State Police Training Centres, etc.

These programmes also provide a platform for sharing of best practices of the agencies in their respective areas of strength like increased knowledge of Drug Law Enforcement, enhancement of intelligence collection as well as investigation, knowing new trends & patterns of drug trafficking, understanding the execution of "Controlled Delivery" operations, busting of Clandestine Labs etc.

NCB also provides 'resource persons' and training materials to other sister organizations like NACEN, CBI Academy, NICFS, BSF, SSB,NPA and State Police Academies for specialized training in drug law enforcement.

In the year 2021, most of the trainings were imparted through virtual platforms as a norm due to the restrictions imposed arising out of the COVID-19 pandemic.

During this period, NCB conducted 351 Training Programme all over India. A total of 9,689 persons participated in the training programmes.

Month	No. of DLE Trainings	No. of Participants	No. of Awareness Programmes	No. of Participants
January	14	659	10	942
February	33	838	11	1309
March	46	1179	24	2446
April	19	210	09	737
May	5	83	00	00
June	24	893	72	11994
July	33	1161	20	1041
August	26	641	17	1030
September	30	444	15	755
October	37	351	19	899
November	48	1626	20	1008
December	36	1604	35	4150
<b>Total</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>9689</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>26311</b>

### Training Programmes attended by NCB Officers

- 07 Assistant Directors and 01 Superintendent of NCB have attended an online course from 04-01-2021 to 08-01-2021 on "ATA-IN 11ISDETT01 Identification & Seizure of Digital Evidence Train the trainer (ISDETTT), organized by CAPT, Bhopal.
- Shri Virendra Kumar Yadav, AD/ NCB Jodhpur, Shri Sanjay Kumar Acharya, IO, NCB Chandigarh and Shri Ravi Kumar, JIO, NCB Lucknow have attended an online course on Forensic & Scientific Aids to investigation for 11-01-2021 to 15-01-2021 organized by CBI Academy, Ghaziabad.
- Md. Nawab and Sh. Rajan Kumar both Superintendents have attended the online training on "Challenges related to Investigation & drug disposal" organized by CAPT Bhopal on 01.02.2021 to 03.02.2021.
- Sh. P.K. Srivastava, Zonal Director, NCB, Lucknow Zonal Unit had attended an online training on IoT data Analytics, conducted by ESCI, Hyderabad from 01st- 03rd March 2021.
- Six officers from various zones of NCB had attended an online training in the course of "Procedural and Legal Aspects of NDPS", which was conducted by CAPT Bhopal, from 12.07.2021 to 16.07.2021.
- UNODC & Narcotics Control Bureau have convened a workshop on "Intelligence gathering on drug trafficking on internet, including open source and social media" from 13-15 September, 2021 at New Delhi for 23 law enforcement officials, focusing on open source intelligence for preventing trafficking & commercial crimes on Open Source & Social Media Platform.



- 20 officers/officials posted at the Zones & Sub-Zones under Eastern Region of NCB, had attended 03 days hands-on Technical Training on “Digital Evidence, Mobile/ Cyber Forensic, CDR/IPDR analysis, Darknet, Crypto-Currency” in the DDG (ER), Regional Office, NCB from 13.09.2021 to 15.09.2021.



- Smt. Monika A. Batra, Deputy Director General (ER), Sh. Kumar Manish, Zonal Director, NCB Patna and Sh. Sunil Dubey, Assistant Director, NCB Lucknow had attended an online training on “Open Source Intelligence & Social Media Analysis”, conducted by SVP NPA Hyderabad from 20.09.2021 to 24.09.2021.



- 03 days hands on technical training for Surveillance Assistants and other officers posted in Telecom Surveillance Units (TSUs) of South West Region on Digital Evidence, Mobile/Cyber Forensic, CDR/IPDR analysis was held from 27.09.2021 to 29.09.2021 at Mumbai. Total 22 participants attended the said training programme.



- One day mid career training program for IRS officers was conducted at NCB HQ on 29.09.2021. 38 officers of IRS (CCE) from the rank of Jt. Commissioner as a part of their Mid- Career Training Programme attended this training programme at NCB Hqrs. in two



batches.

- 27 officers of NCB had attended 03 days hands-on Technical Training for Surveillance Assistants, and other

officers posted in TSUs of NCB on "Digital Evidence, Mobile/ Cyber Forensic, CDR/IPDR analysis" in the DDG (NR), Regional Office, which was conducted by NCB from 04.10.2021 to 06.10.2021

- During 25th – 30th October, 2021 a 06 days Forensic & Technical course on "Narcotics & Psychotropic Substances" was organized by NCB through CAPT, Bhopal which was attended by 03 Superintendents and an Intelligence Officer of NCB in virtual mode.
- 38 officials who joined NCB on deputation had attended a two week refresher cum induction training (online) from 25.10.2021 to 08.11.2021, organized by CAPT Bhopal.
- During 24th – 26th November, 2021 a 03 days training programme on Drug Law Enforcement for Jammu & Kashmir police Officials was organized by P&C Section, NCB Hqrs. & NCB Jammu. 110 Officers / officials of J&K Police of the rank of Sub-Inspector to SSP participated in the training.



- On 08th December, 2021, 01 day training programme for Indian Revenue Service (IRS) officers as part of their Mid-Career Training Programme (Customs & Indirect Taxes), Phase III (Batch-II), in which 50 IRS Officers participated.

- On 10th – 11th December, 2021 a 02 days training on “Digital Forensics, Dark Net & Cryptocurrencies” for Drug Law Enforcement agencies of NE States, CPMFs and Central Agencies was organized by CID, Assam in association with Narcotics Control Bureau.



- On 17th and 18th December, 2021, NCB Guwahati Zonal Director Rakesh Chandra Shukla organized a training on NDPS Act for Assam Rifles, BSF and CRPF at Silchar, Assam which was attended by 243 personnel. NCB continues its efforts towards capacity building of sister agencies.



**2.2 ASSISTANCE TO STATES**

With a view to eradicate the drug menace, the Government of India has introduced a Scheme namely 'Assistance to States/UTs for Narcotics Control' to finance State Governments to strengthen their enforcement capabilities for combating illicit trafficking in Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances. Under this Scheme, financial assistance is given for augmenting the drug law enforcement capabilities of the States.

The Scheme was launched by the Ministry of Home Affairs on 24th October, 2004 for 05 years which was extended from time to time under existing guidelines. The details of the time line of the scheme is as under:

S No.	Validity Period	Initially Allotted Budget	Remarks
01	24.12.2004 to 31.03.2009	10 Cr	Scheme launched on 24.12.2004
02	01.04.2009 to 31.03.2014	15 Cr	Extended for 05 years upto 2009-14
03	01.04.2014 to 31.03.2017	15 Cr	Extended for 03 years upto 2014-17
04	01.04.2017 to 31.03.2020	21 Cr	Extended for 03 years upto 2017-20
05	01.04.2020 to 31.03.2021	07 Cr	Extended for 01 years upto 2020-21
06	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2026	50 Cr	Extended for 05 years upto 2021-26

The Narcotics Control Bureau being the national nodal agency for drug administration has been given the responsibility to process the proposals received from State Governments for Central Assistance for improving enforcement capabilities in dealing with the supply side of the drug menace. As on 31st March, 2021, financial assistance for Rs. 25,31,62,270/- has been provided to the States & UTs since 2016. The details of the funds released under the scheme till 31.03.2021 are given below:-

Sl. No.	State	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	Total (2016-21)
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	3904361	7189750	0	0	11094111
2	Assam	2137367	0	115000	0	0	2252367
3	Arunachal Pradesh	4855711	2194390	6318410	6180910	0	19549421
4	Bihar	0	2583772	4713686	0	0	7297458
5	Chhattisgarh	0	2662000	0	0	0	2662000
6	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Goa	2392000		1234897	0	0	3626897
8	Gujarat	0		188998	0	1400000	1588998
9	Haryana	0	1644900	4500000	0	5157387	11302287
10	Himachal Pradesh	3143000	1400509	5997214	6274200	282711	17097634
11	J & K	4608749		2771045	0	0	7379794
12	Jharkhand	2554179		0	0	0	2554179
13	Karnataka	0	1419800	1328809	796699	0	3545308
14	Kerala	5328814	0	1004357	0	0	6333171
15	Madhya Pradesh	1431140	0	2831000	0	0	4262140
16	Maharashtra	0		5286700	4590000	0	9876700
17	Meghalaya	0	1065000	3064966	0	0	4129966
18	Mizoram	3348000	3972000	3559000	11176000	12307000	34362000
19	Manipur	610064	3080773	0	0	0	3690837
20	Nagaland	1222050	1894950	0	5700000	0	8817000
21	Odisha	5830000	2148286	0	4165000	0	12143286
22	Punjab	2041	4243500	0	0	0	4245541
23	Rajasthan	3012826		1823552	0	0	4836378
24	Sikkim	4067792	2199738	6499995	86000	0	12853525
25	Tamil Nadu	2078000	3298685	2418940	0	2120000	9915625
26	Telangana	0	4562700	5159910	4284920	0	14007530
27	Tripura	0		2147385	4478000	4125000	10750385
28	Uttar Pradesh	596322	3400000	3725000	0	0	7721322

29	Uttarakhand	2781788		3077448	0	0	5859236
30	West Bengal	0	4363587	5043587	0	0	9407174
Sl. No	UTs	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	Total (2016-21)
1	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0
	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,99,99,843</b>	<b>5,00,38,951</b>	<b>7,99,99,649</b>	<b>4,77,31,729</b>	<b>2,53,92,098</b>	<b>25,31,62,270</b>

### Implementation of EAT (Expenditure Advance and Transfer) Module of PFMS

MHA had communicated to NCB that the Department of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance had emphasized that the release of funds to State Governments and monitoring further utilization should be undertaken through EAT (Expenditure Advance Transfer) module of PFMS. The monitoring can be implemented only if the Implementing Agencies are registered and mapped on PFMS and use EAT module of PFMS.

Accordingly, NCB requested all States receiving financial assistance under the scheme "Assistance to States/UTs for Narcotics Control" to register their respective agencies on PFMS, who are utilizing the fund provided under the ibid scheme. It was requested that the registration details be sent to NCB for further mapping.

The States are in the process of registering their agencies on PFMS the details received by NCB till now have been mapped on the EAT Module of PFMS.

### 2.3 DRUG DETECTION KITS

NCB procures and provides Drug Detection

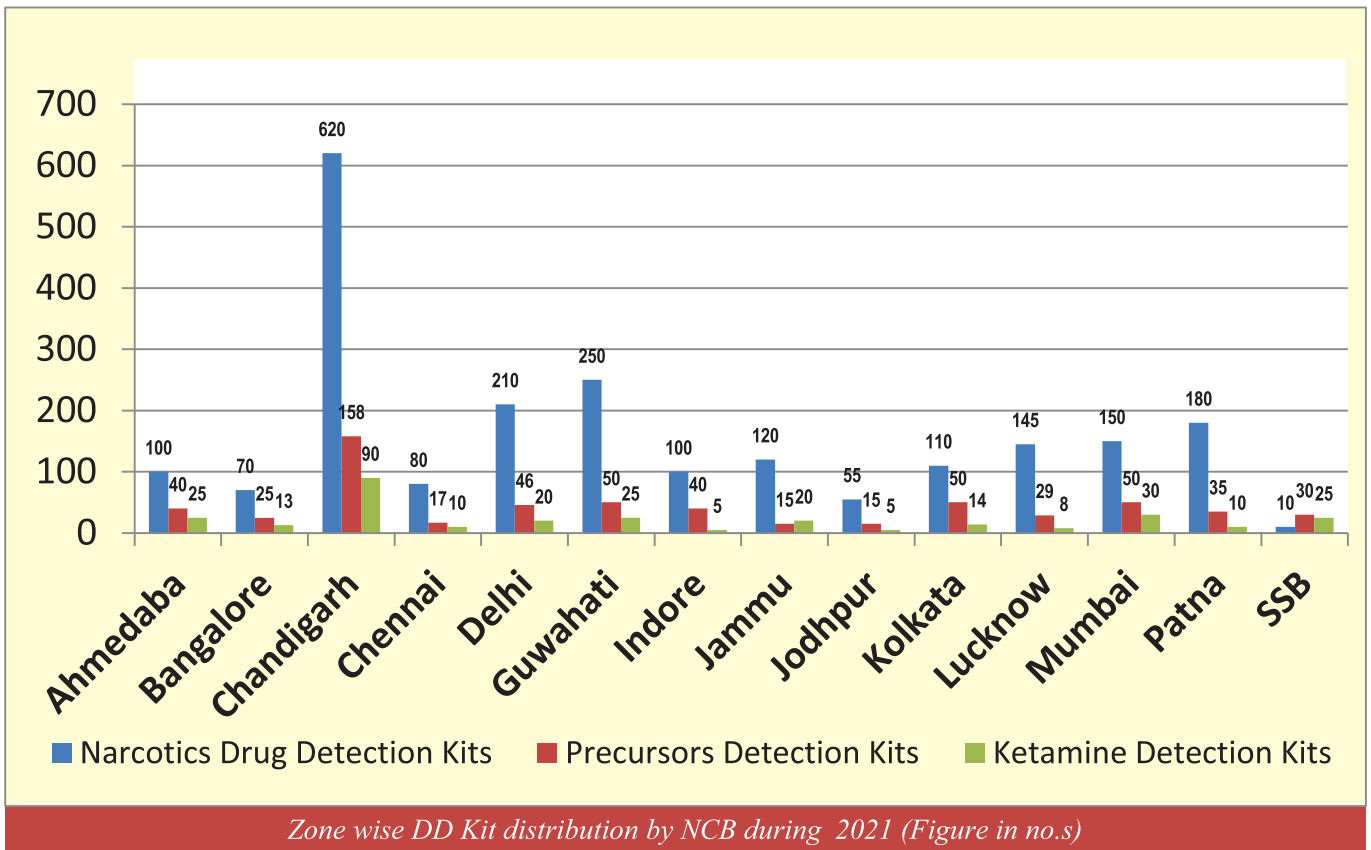
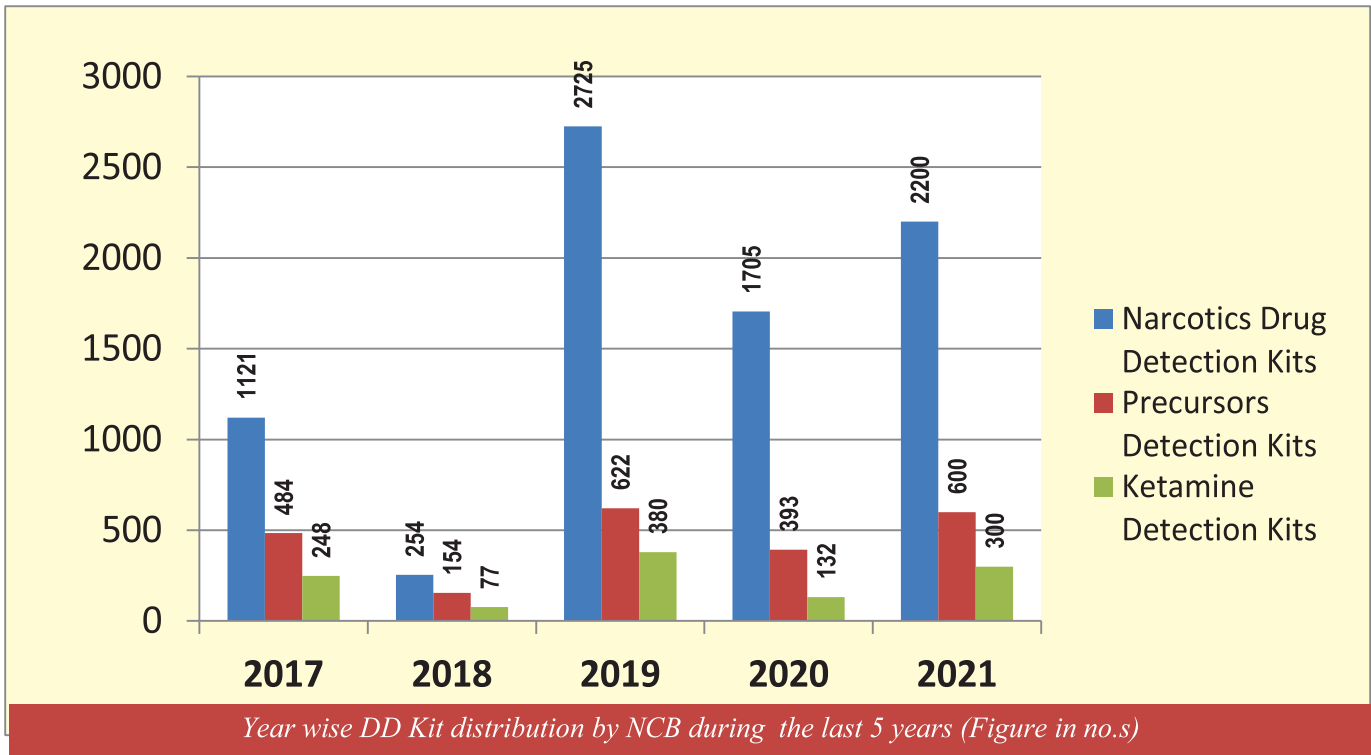
Kits to the Drug Law Enforcement Agencies across the country. These DD Kits provides simple, correct and user friendly method for 'on the spot' testing of suspected materials even by non-technical officials. These Drug Detection Kits are of three types:

- A) Narcotic Drugs Detection Kit,
- B) Precursor Chemicals Detection Kit and
- C) Ketamine Detection Kit.

The DD Kits are procured centrally by NCB Hqrs. since 1989 from Hindustan Antibiotics Ltd., Pune and distributed to the Zonal Units of NCB. The DD Kits received by the Zonal Units are further distributed to all the drug law enforcement agencies falling under their jurisdiction.

Narcotics Control Bureau procures Drug Detection Kits for all Drug Law enforcement agencies of the country. The same was distributed by NCB Zones to State Police and other Drug Law Enforcement Agencies as follows:

- a) Standard size Narcotics Drug Detection Kits – 2200
- b) Precursors Chemical Detection kits – 600
- c) Ketamine Detection Kits – 300



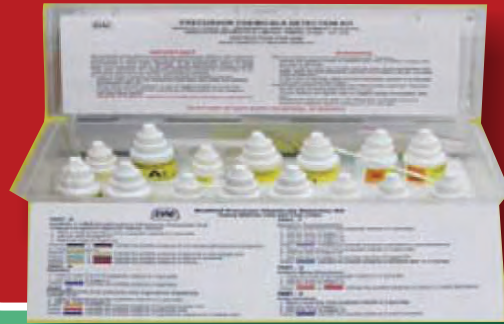
**PRECURSOR DETECTION KIT**

Isosafrole, 3, 4-methelenedioxyphenyl-2-Propanone, Phenylacetic Acid 1-Phenyl-2-Propanone, Piperonal, Safrole, Toluene, Piperidine, N-Acetrylanthranilic Acid, Ergometrine, Ergotamine, Lysergic Acid, Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, Acetone, Methyl Ethyl Ketone.



**NARCOTICS DRUGS**

Opium, Morphine, Codeine, Heroin, Amphetamines, Mescaline, Marijuana, Hashish and Hashish Oil, Cocaine and Methaqualone.



**KETAMINE**

Modified Standard Ketamine Drugs Detection Kit.



जीवन को हाँ कहें,  
नशे को ना कहें।

## 2.4 DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION

Demand Reduction refers to the steps taken by any agency to reduce demand for consumption of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances. The demand reduction strategy is in addition to the supply reduction strategy which focuses on drug interdiction.

The Government of India has mandated the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment (MSJ&E) to run different demand reduction programmes.

The measures adopted for demand reduction include:

- Awareness building and educating people about harmful consequences of narcotic drugs
- Community-based intervention for

identification, treatment, motivation, counselling and rehabilitation of drug addicts

- Training of volunteers/service providers and other stake holders.

### Initiatives to take e-pledge against Drugs

Narcotics Control Bureau (NCB) apart from being the premier drug law enforcement agency, is also entrusted with the responsibility of spreading awareness against the ill effects of drugs in coordination with State authorities and other stakeholders. With a view to achieve this goal, an e-pledge titled "Say yes to Life, No to Drugs" was up-loaded on the website mygov.in.



The objective of this pledge is to spread the message of ill effect of drugs among the citizens so that they may show their resolve in making India a drugs free nation and leading a healthy life. The link to the e-pledge is as given below :-

"<https://pledge.mygov.in/fightagainstdrugabuse/>"

Various Central Ministries such as Ministry of

Social Justice & Empowerment, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Law and Justice, Department of Personnel & Training, National Commission for Protection of Child Rights, CAPFs and State authorities including Police & other sister agencies were made aware about this e-pledge with a request to further disseminate this information across the

society, including educational institutions, so that a mass movement ( ) can be generated in fight against drugs.

NCB has also started the '**fully pledged campus**' movement through its Zonal units in selected schools and colleges/educational institutions in a mission/campaign mode under the overall guidance of concerned Regional Offices. During the 3rd meeting of APEX Committee of NCORD dated 27.12.2021, which was presided over by the Hon'ble Union Home Minister, the Hon'ble Union Home Minister had also appreciated the initiative. At the end of 2021, more than 9.00 lakh people had taken this e-pledge against drugs.

#### **Demand Reduction Programmes by NCB**

Apart from its regular work in the field of drug interdiction, NCB does some work in spreading awareness among the masses by way of various programmes. These programmes include:

- Street Plays/ Cultural Programmes
- Run against drug abuse
- Display of Awareness Board in Pub, Bar and Airport, etc.
- Painting and slogan writing competition
- Pledge taking ceremonies
- Display of banners and posters at prominent public places
- Publication of Advertorial in leading newspaper
- Transmission of Anti-Drug Message through Radio channel
- SMS alert about drug awareness
- Observance of 26 June as 'International Day Against Drug Abuse & Illicit Trafficking' to create awareness

During 2021, NCB carried out 252 awareness and educational programmes as part of drug demand reduction activities across the country, covering approximately 26,311 participants.

#### **"International Day Against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking"**

Due to the restrictions resulting from the COVID pandemic, this year NCB had launched an awareness campaign, through various social media platforms. NCB, through its various Zonal Units had launched a massive online campaign against the ill effects of Drugs on the occasion of 26th June, 2021, i.e., "International Day Against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking" majorly through various activities such as circulation of Audio Video messages by eminent personalities from the field of Politics, Bureaucracy, Sports, Films, Music etc. Anti drugs messages from the twitter handles of Hon'ble Prime Minister of India and Hon'ble Union Home Minister and other eminent personalities boosted this online campaign in huge way.

The Zonal Units of NCB had also put up a huge effort in this regard and messages from eminent personalities having national and regional following were broadcasted through Facebook, twitter etc. to motivate the youth of our country and to wean them away from the ill effects of drugs. Such AV messages were again circulated through youtube, twitter etc from the official channel/handles of NCB.

Telcome service providers, FM radios, Television Channels were also used by NCB and its Field Units and its Officers for spreading anti drugs messages in general public.

DG NCB had also requested the Chief



Secretaries, DsGP of the States and DGs of the CAPF and CPFs to observe the "International Day Against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking", mainly through online mode and spread anti drugs messages among the general public.

Sh. Rakesh Asthana, DG, NCB had participated in the panel discussion on Doordarshan, regarding various issues related to drug abuse in India to mark 26th June, 2021, i.e., "International Day Against Drug Abuse And Illicit Trafficking".

On 30.06.2021, Sh. Rakesh Asthana, DG, NCB had given an interview on Doordarshan, on the topic of 26th June, 2021, i.e., "International Day Against Drug Abuse And Illicit Trafficking".

Sh. Sachin Jain, DDG (Hqrs.), NCB as a panelist member had attended a webinar conducted by National Commission on Protection of Child Rights, which was held on 02.07.2021 to mark 26th June, 2021, i.e., "International Day Against Drug Abuse And Illicit Trafficking".



**Joint Action Plan on Prevention of Drugs & Substance Use among Children and Illicit Trafficking**

With active support of NCB, National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR) had formulated a "Joint Action Plan on Prevention of Drugs & Substance Use among Children and Illicit Trafficking" which was launched on 09.02.2021. The results of these actions are being reviewed to undertake intervention programmes across the country on regular basis.

NCPCR, in coordination with NCB had conducted virtual meetings in 260 out of 272 vulnerable districts in the month of July & August 2021 to review the implementation of the Joint Action Plan on "Prevention of Drug and Substance Abuse among Children & Illicit Trafficking".



**PHOTOGRAPHS OF OBSERVANCE OF INTERNATIONAL DAY AGAINST DRUG ABUSE & ILLICIT TRAFFICKING**

***Rallies and Awareness Campaigns by different Zones of NCB***

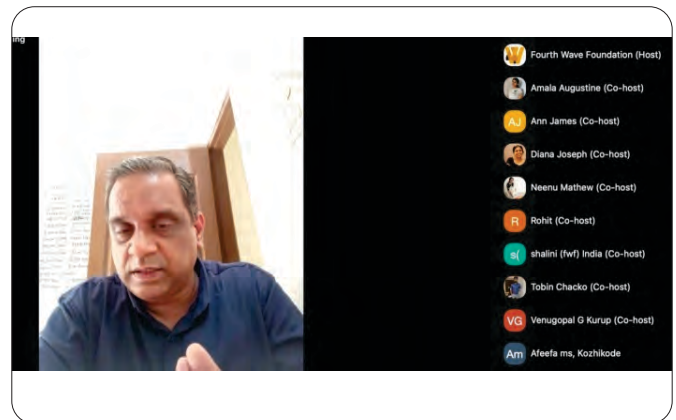
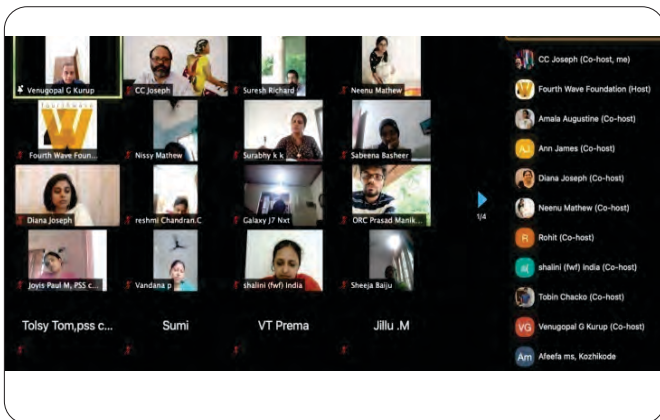
**Ahmedabad Zone**



**Bangalore Zone**



**Chennai Zone**



Delhi Zone



Guwahati Zone



Indore Zone



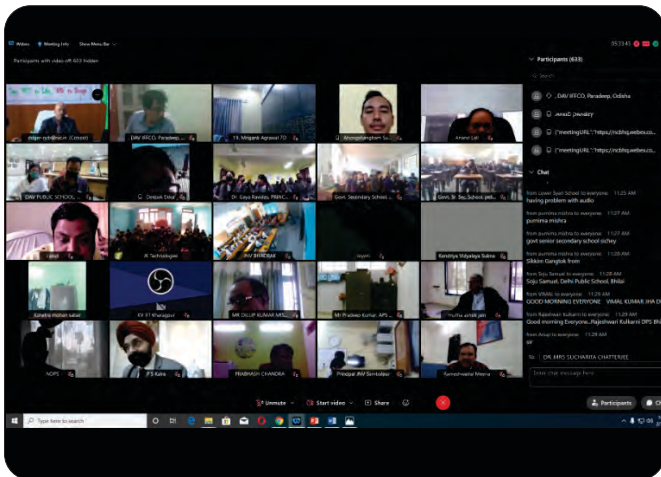
Jammu Zone



Jodhpur Zone



Kolkata Zone



Lucknow Zone



Mumbai Zone



Patna Zone





## NATIONAL & INTERNATIONAL COORDINATION

### 3.1 International Meetings/Conferences

#### 3.1.1 Bilateral Meetings

- On 18.02.2021, 3rd meeting (virtual mode) of Joint Security Committee between India and UAE was attended by Shri Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops) & Sh. Piyush Kumar Singh, Assistant Director (Enf).
- On 08.04.2021, 1st JWG-CT between India and Maldives was attended by Sh. S.K. Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops) at New Delhi.
- On 08.04.2021, Police Chiefs' Dialogue (PCD) between India and Sri Lanka under the chairmanship of DIB was attended by Sh. Rakesh Asthana, Director General, NCB in virtual mode.
- On 02.06.2021, US-India Counter-Narcotic Working Group (CNWG) meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. Satya Narayan Pradhan, Director General, NCB.
- On 13.10.2021, Sh. S. N. Pradhan, DG, NCB, Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Dy. Director General (Ops.), NCB, Sh. Piyush Kumar, Assistant Director (Enf.), NCB and Ms Deepti Jharwal, Dy. Secretary, MEA attended an India-Iran Bilateral talks in virtual mode at NCB HQrs., New Delhi.



- On 27.10.2021, 7th DG level talks between Narcotics Control Bureau (NCB), India and Department of Narcotics Control (DNC), Bangladesh was organized on virtual platform. The Indian delegation was led by Sh. Satya Narayan Pradhan, Director General NCB along with Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Dy. Director General (Ops), NCB; Smt. Monika A Batra, Dy. Director General (ER), NCB; Sh. Rakesh Chandra Shukla, Zonal Director, NCB Guwahati and Sh. Sudhanshu Kumar Singh, Zonal Director, NCB Kolkata.



### 3.1.2 Multilateral Meetings/ Cooperations

- On 19.02.2021, a meeting (virtual mode) on UNSE "Real-time data in COVID-19's time, some practical experiences and results" organized by UNODC was attended by Sh. Arvind M.R. Superintendent (Data & Media) and Sh. Vinay Singh, Intelligence Officer (Data & Media).
- From 15-26.02.2021, an INCB-EGM-Stakeholders Consultation on Trafficking of Dangerous Substances through Exploitation of E-Wallet Services meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. K.P.S. Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops) Sh. Amit Gawate, Zonal Director, Bangalore. Sh. Ibu Sanjeeb Garg, Deputy Director, FIU-India. Sh. Shrai Suri, Deputy Director, Enforcement Directorate.
- On 09.03.2021, INTERPOL - Best practices in investigating and interdicting synthetic opioid, precursor chemicals and associated criminal activities meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), Sh. Gyanendra Singh, Deputy Director General (NR), Sh. K.P.S. Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops).
- On 10.03.2021, SCO - EWG meeting (virtual mode) on Precursor Control was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), Sh Piyush Kumar Singh Assistant Director (Enf).
- On 18.03.2021, SCO - EWG meeting (virtual mode) on law enforcement and suppression of drug was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), Sh Piyush Kumar Singh Assistant Director (Enf).
- On 19.03.2021, SCO - EWG meeting (virtual mode) for the improvement of the legal framework was attended by Sh Piyush Kumar Singh Assistant Director (Enf). From 15-18.03.2021, Expert Group meeting (virtual mode) on Alternative Development - Alternative Development at the 64th CND- latest developments and insights was attended by Sh. Sachin Jain, Deputy Director General (HQrs).
- From 18-19.03.2021, INCB- online EGM on facilitating timely supply of and access to Controlled drugs during Emergency meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. KPS Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops).
- From 12-16.04.2021, 64th Commission on Narcotics Drugs (CND) was attended by Sh. Rakesh Asthana, Director General ,NCB, Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops) Sh. KPS Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops) in virtual mode.
- On 19.04.2021, INCB - NPS Task Force informal meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), Sh. Pankaj Dwivedi, Assistant Director (Ops), Sh. Shantanu Aich, Superintendent (Ops).
- On 21.04.2021, INCB - Precursors Task Force informal meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. Gyaneshwar Singh, Deputy Director General (NR), Sh. K.P.S. Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops), Sh. Shantanu Aich, Superintendent (Ops).
- On 26th , 27th and 30th April, 2021, INCB - Expert Group meeting (EGM) on illicit drug manufacturing equipment was attended by Sh. Shailendra Kumar Mishra, Zonal Director, Ahmedabad, Sh.



Shantanu Aich, Superintendent (Ops) in virtual mode. On 26.05.2021, a meeting (virtual mode) on Identification of narcotics substances and provenance of narcotics, databases, equipment, methods was attended by Sh. K.P.S. Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops), Sh. Amit Ghawate, Zonal Director Bangalore & Zonal Director, Chandigarh.

- From 09-10.06.2021, Senior Officials Meeting (SOM) of Departments of Narcotics Control of SCO Member States was attended by Sh. Gyaneshwar Singh,

Deputy Director General (NR) & Sh. Piyush Kumar Singh, Assistant Director (Enf) in virtual mode.

- On 11.06.2021, SCO Heads of Competent Authorities combating drug trafficking meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops).
- On 24.06.2021, 5th BRICS Anti-Drug Working Group meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Indian delegation was led by Director General, NCB.



- An INCB Workshop on Public Private Partnership for the Prevention of Trafficking in NPS, Synthetic Opioids and relevant Precursors through E-Commerce Platforms on six working days and two (2) hours per Between 14 and 25th June, 2021 was attended by Sh. K.P.S. Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops), Sh. Pankaj Kumar Dwivedi, Assistant Director (Ops) in virtual mode.
- An INCB- Consultation on Non-scheduled chemicals and designer precursors meeting (virtual mode) on 28th & 30th June, 2021 was attended by Sh. K.P.S. Malhotra, Deputy Director (Ops), Sh. Aravind M.R, Superintendent (Data & Media).
- A meeting on INCB- 4th EGM on the trafficking of dangerous synthetic opioids, fentanyl and related precursors through postal, express mail, courier and air cargo services from 30th August to 3rd September, 2021 was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), Sh. Amit Ghawate, Zonal Director, Bangalore in virtual mode.
- 2nd International expert group meeting (EGM) on fentanyl-related substances and emerging dangerous synthetic opioids with no known legitimate uses from 7th to 9th September, 2021 was

- attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, DDG(Ops), Sh. Shantanu Aich, Supdt. (Ops) in virtual mode.
- Extraordinary Session of Subsidiaries body of CND from 20th to 24th September, 2021 was attended by Shri Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs, Shri Piyush Kumar Singh, Assistant Director(Enf.), NCB in virtual mode.
  - On 28-29.09.2021, INCB Precursors Task Force meeting (virtual mode) was attended by Shri Gyaneshwar Singh, Deputy Director General (NR), NCB Delhi, Shri Shantanu Aich, Superintendent (Ops), NCB Hqrs.
  - INCB NPS Task Force meeting (virtual mode) from 5th - 7th October, 2021 was attended by Shri Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs, Shri Pankaj Kumar Dwivedi, Assistant Director (Ops), NCB Hqrs and Shri Shantanu Aich, Superintendent (Ops), NCB Hqrs.
  - Paris Pact Expert Working Group (EWG) Meeting (Pillar II): Detecting and blocking financial flows linked to illicit traffic in opiates originating in Afghanistan" from 7th -8th October, 2021 was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs, in Hybrid mode.
  - On 13-14.10.2021, an INCB- Member State Consultation meeting (virtual mode) to address the proliferation of non-scheduled chemicals and designer precursors was attended by Sh. Sahin Jain, Deputy Director General (HQ), NCB.
  - On 19-21.10.2021, an UNODC: Intersessional meeting of the 64th CND and Thematic Discussion was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs in virtual mode.
  - On 28-29.10.2021, Paris Pact EWG meeting (Pillar III): "Preventing diversion of precursor chemicals used in illicit opiates manufacturing in Afghanistan" was attended by Sh. Piyush Kumar Singh, Assistant Director (Enf) in Hybrid mode.
  - On 28-29.10.2021, 6th meeting (virtual mode) of the BIMSTEC Sub-Group on Prevention of Illicit Trafficking in Narcotic Drugs, Psychotropic Substances and Precursor Chemicals was attended by Sh. Pankaj Kumar Dwivedi, Assistant Director (Ops), NCB.
  - SINCB-Project ION Meeting on Preventing Misuses of E-commerce Platforms for Dangerous Substances from 13th -16th December, 2021 was attended by Sh. Pankaj Kumar Dwivedi, Assistant Director (Ops), Shri Shantanu Aich, Superintendent (Ops), NCB Hqrs. in virtual mode.
  - Paris Pact Expert Working Group on Cross-border Cooperation in support of Pillar I of the Vienna Declaration meeting from 15th -16th December, 2021 was attended by Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs. in Hybrid mode.

### 3.1.3 JUDICIAL COOPERATION

#### a) Controlled Delivery Operations:

- NCB conducts Controlled delivery operations in coordination with other countries. The Director General, Narcotics Control Bureau is empowered under Section 50A of the NDPS Act, 1985 to authorize "controlled delivery" of any contraband drugs to India or abroad.
- During the year 2021, total 08 controlled delivery operations were carried out by NCB and other agencies as well.

**b) Mutual Legal Assistance:**

- Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty (MLAT) is an agreement between two countries for gathering and transfer of evidence. Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty usually provides the framework to facilitate the widest measure of mutual assistance in:
  - taking evidence or statements from persons;
  - effecting service of judicial documents;
  - executing searches and seizures;
  - examining objects and sites;
  - providing information and evidentiary items;
  - providing originals or certified copies of the relevant documents and records including bank, financial, corporate, and business records;
  - identifying or tracing proceeds, property, instrumentalities
  - or other things for evidentiary purposes;
- The specific form of Mutual Legal Assistance that can be given or obtained depends on the provisions of the treaty with the foreign government.
- India has signed Mutual Legal Assistance Treaties with 40 countries namely Australia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Egypt, France, Hongkong, Indonesia, Iran, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyz Republic, Maldives, Malaysia, Mongolia, Mauritius, Mexico, Myanmar, Russia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sultanate of Oman, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Turkey, Ukraine, UAE, UK, USA, Uzbekistan and Vietnam.

**c) Extradition:**

- Extradition is the process of surrendering a fugitive residing in a country, who is wanted by the law enforcement of another country, after due process.
- India has extradition treaties with 48 countries.
- India has extradition arrangements on the basis of reciprocity with 12 countries.
- The Indian Extradition Act contains a provision in terms of which extradition can be considered even in the absence of an extradition treaty if the offence for which extradition has been sought is included in any international convention to which both India and the other country seeking extradition are parties.

**3.1.4 INCB/UNODC Reporting**

- Being a signatory to the various international conventions on narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, India is under obligation to submit the required information to the United Nations office of Drugs Crime (UNODC) and International Narcotics Control Board (INCB) in the prescribed formats. NCB is the nodal/central agency for implementation of the India's obligations under various international conventions.

**• International Narcotics Control Board (INCB)**

To meet the international obligations under the UN Conventions on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, Convention on Psychotropic Substances, 1971 and United Nations Convention against illicit traffic in Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances, 1988, NCB submits seven reports in the prescribed formats

namely, Form A, B, C, D, P, A/P and B/P to INCB Vienna. Form A & A/P relating to Import and Export of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances, respectively, are being submitted to INCB on a quarterly basis.

- The other Forms i.e B, C, D & P are being submitted to INCB on an annual basis. These forms are related to annual assessment/ estimates of narcotics drugs and psychotropic substances in different fields. While Form B/P is being submitted once in three years, which is related to annual assessment of medical and scientific requirement of scheduled substances. Inputs on the different Forms come from agencies like Central Bureau of Narcotics (CBN), the Chief Controller of Factories (CCF), the Drug Controller General of India (DCGI) besides the Narcotics Control Bureau (NCB).

### United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)

Each member country has to provide inputs in the Annual Report Questionnaire (ARQ) every year on the working of the international drug control treaties to UNODC. Before 2021, ARQ has to be submitted offline and contained 04 Parts:

Part I: Legislative and Institutional Framework

Part II: Comprehensive Approach to Drug Demand Reduction and Supply

Part III: Extent and Patterns of Drug Use

Part IV: Extent and Patterns of and Trends in Drug Crop Cultivation and Drug Manufacture and Trafficking

However, from 2021, the Annual Report Questionnaire (ARQ) is to be filled online by the Officially Appointed Focal Point. The ARQ for 2020 is divided into 14 Annual Modules (A01-A14) and 06 Rotating Modules (R06, R07, R09, R11, R12, R13).

S. No.	Module No.	Module Name
1	A01	Prevalence and extent of drug use
2	A02	Registries of drug users
3	A03	People who inject drugs
4	A04	People with drug use disorders
5	A05	Drug-related mortality
6	A06	Drug-related treatment
7	A07	Seizures and trafficking
8	A08	Clandestine Laboratories
9	A09	Illicit cultivation and eradication of crops
10	A10	Prices and purities
11	A11	Sales of drugs using the Internet and related technologies
12	A12	Drug-related criminal justice process
13	A13	Legislative, institutional and strategic framework
14	A14	Innovative methods for data collection
15	R06	Links between drug trafficking, corruption and other forms of organized crime
16	R07	Supply reduction activities and international cooperation
17	R09	Alternatives to conviction or punishment
18	R11	Illicit financial flows and money-laundering
19	R12	National framework
20	R13	Access to internationally controlled medications

NCB furnishes the ARQ to UNODC which becomes a part of the World Drug Report published every year.

### 3.2 NCORD Meetings

- Narco-Coordination (NCORD) is a 4-tier coordination mechanism designed for better coordination in policy

matters as well as to tackle field level issues. The details of various NCORD meetings conducted during year 2021 are as under:

Sl. No	Apex Level Meeting	Executive Committee Meeting	Monthly Meeting	State Level meeting*	District Level Meeting*
1	27.12.2021 (3 <sup>rd</sup> Apex)	26.02.2021 (1st)	15.02.2021 (16th) online	04.02.2021 (Haryana)	13.01.2021 Gaya (Bihar)
2		29.11.2021 (2nd)	06.07.2021 (17th) online	02.03.2021 (Delhi)	15.01.2021 Udaipur (Rajasthan)
3			22.10.2021 (18th) online	09.03.2021 (Assam)	18.01.2021 Badaun (UP)
4				07.04.2021 (Uttar Pradesh - 1st)	18.01.2021 Dungarpur (Rajasthan)
5				23.05.2021 (Uttarakhand - 1st)	19.01.2021 Amethi (UP)
6				14.06.2021 (Jharkhand - 2nd)	19.01.2021 Barmer (Rajasthan)
7				12.07.2021 (Tamil Nadu - 3rd)	21.01.2021 Rohtas, Sasaram (Bihar)
8				14.07.2021 (Delhi - 2nd)	28.01.2021 Sawai Madhopur (Rajasthan)
9				12.08.2021 (Karnataka - 2nd)	29.01.2021 Sirohi (Rajasthan)
10				20.09.2021 (Odisha - 2nd)	03.02.2021 Kathua (JK)
11				28.09.2021 (Maharashtra - 3rd)	09.02.2021 (Purnia - Bihar)
12				03.09.2021 (Bihar - 2nd)	12.02.2021 (Sheikhpura Bihar)
13				01.10.2021 (Kerala - 3rd)	12.02.2021 Gorakhpur (UP)
14					16.02.2021 various districts of Uttarkhand
15					17.02.2021 Varanasi (UP)
16					18.02.2021 Kanpur (UP)
17					18.02.2021 barabanki (UP)
18					18.02.2021 Patiala (Punjab)
19					24.02.2021 Fatehgarh Sahib (Punjab)
20					24.02.2021 Kullu (HP)
21					25.02.2021 Sikar (Rajasthan)
22					25.02.2021 Udhampur (JK)
23					26.02.2021 Reasi (JK)
24					26.02.2021 Azamgarh (UP)
25					27.02.2021 Bareilly (UP)

26				04.03.2021 Lucknow (UP)
27				05.03.2021 Gautam Budh Nagar (UP)
28				05.03.2021 Baramulla (JK)
29				09.03.2021 Anantnag (JK)
30				10.03.2021 Kupwara (JK)
31				10.03.2021 Ajmer (Rajasthan)
32				16.03.2021 Leh
33				18.03.2021 Poonch (JK)
34				22.03.2021 Bahraich (UP)
35				26.03.2021 Siddharth Nagar (UP)
36				26.03.2021 Lakhimpur Kheri (UP)
37				26.03.2021 Jhansi (UP)
38				23.06.2021 barabanki (UP)
39				30.07.2021 Sriganganagar (Rajasthan)
40				19.08.2021 Fatehgarh Sahib (Punjab)
41				04.09.2021 Chatra (Jharkhand)
42				07.09.2021 Gaya (Bihar)

\* as per data available with this Hqrs

- The first meeting of the Executive Committee under NCORD was held on 26.02.2021 at MHA, New Delhi under the Chairmanship of Shri V. S. K. Kaumudi, Special Secretary (Internal Security), MHA.
- 2nd Executive Committee meeting of NCORD chaired by Shri V. S. K. Kaumudi, Special Secretary (Internal security), MHA was held at North Block, MHA on 29.11.2021.



### 3<sup>RD</sup> APEX level NCORD Meeting

3rd meeting of the Apex level Committee of NCORD was held on 27.12.2021 at Vigyan Bhawan in a Hybrid mode (both online and offline), which was presided over by the Hon'ble Union Home Minister Sh. Amit Shah. Officers from various Central Ministries / Departments / Agencies as well as Chief Secretaries and DGP of States/UTs

participated in this meeting. For the first time new participants Ministries and Departments like Department of pharmaceuticals, Department of school education & literacy, Ministry of ports shipping and waterways, NCRB, NIA, Coast Guard and Department of posts etc. have been invited in light of emerging threat of drugs to society and to have a Co-ordinated approach.



Hon'ble Home Minister has given directions to adopt a time bound zero tolerance approach to combat the threat of drug trafficking/abuse so as to safeguard future generations. He emphasized that action should be initiated against not only the small time consumer but also the mid to high level traffickers and syndicates involved in the trafficking and it should be made a part of the overall strategy

of investigation and prosecution in all cases related to drug trafficking. Further to this, Various directions were given by Hon'ble Home Minister for strengthening the existing NCORD mechanism and exhorted all the participants to make a conscious & collective effort to fulfill the vision of "Nasha Mukta Bharat" and to make Narcotics Control a thrust area of operation. Some of the major

decisions taken during the meeting are as under:

- Meetings at all levels of NCORD should be conducted regularly and at Central level, an NCORD Secretariat at NCB should be created.
- A dedicated Anti-Narcotics Task Force (ANTF) headed by ADG/IG level Police Officer needs to be established in each State which may also function as the NCORD Secretariat for the State.
- The mandate of Joint Coordination Committee (JCC) to be expanded.
- Separate training modules on Drugs related offences and procedures may be designed.
- Inter-Ministerial Committee on "dual use" prescription drugs and precursors.
- Indian Coast Guard, Indian Navy & Ports Authorities may be included as permanent members of State NCORD Committees to look into the issue of trans-national drug

trafficking through the maritime route.

- Electronic Container Scanning devices need to be installed at all entry points (Ports) into the country and Best Practices evolved by other countries may be adopted.
- Creation of National Canine Pool as a National Asset.
- Establishment of a dedicated, 24 x 7, toll free National Narcotics Helpline as a suitable mean of interface with the public for sharing of inputs and information on drug cases.
- An effective task force may be set up on Darknet and Crypto-Currency.
- Use of new technologies and innovations on ground for mapping illicit cultivation.
- Anti-drug awareness campaigns such as "Nasha Mukta Bharat Abhiyaan" to be expanded in scope through involvement of various stakeholders for mass awareness generation.



### 3.4 National Meetings /Conferences

- Shri Sachin Jain, DDG Hqrs. and Shri Vikash Kumar, AD (P&C) attended a meeting on 28-01-2021 with chairperson of NCPCR at New Delhi on "Joint Action Plan" on Prevention of Drugs and Substance Abuse among Children and illicit trafficking.
- Shri Vikash Kumar, AD (P&C) attended a meeting with officials from IIPA on 02.02.2021 & 09.02.2021 on the evaluation of the 'Assistance to States/UTs scheme for Narcotics Control'.
- Shri Sachin Jain, DDG (Hqrs.), Shri Vijendra Singh, DD (P&C) and Shri Vikash Kumar, AD (P&C), had attended



- NCPCR Joint Action Plan (JAP) launch programme on 09.02.2021 at New Delhi
- 16th Monthly Meeting of Narco Coordination Centre (NCORD) under the chairmanship of the Director General, Narcotics Control Bureau was held on 15.02.2021 to facilitate co-ordination on operational issues amongst the stakeholders. Apart from the regular members of monthly NCORD, the States/UT of Bihar, Jharkhand, Odisha, Sikkim, West Bengal and Andaman & Nicobar were invited for the meeting.
  - Sh. Sachin Jain, DDG (Hqrs) had attended the first meeting (virtually) of the Committee constituted by DCGI to examine the issue of dual use of precursors and chemicals, the diversion of pharmaceutical drugs and trafficking with special emphasis on synthetic opioid and codeine based syrups held on 04.03.2021.
  - Sh. Vijendra Singh, Deputy Director (P&C), NCB hqrs New Delhi had attended a meeting at the office of National Commission for Protection of Child rights (NCPCR), 36 Janpath, New Delhi on 25.03.2021 on Joint Action Plan on "Prevention of Drugs and Substance Abuse Among Children and Illicit Trafficking.
  - Sh. Rakesh Asthana, DG, NCB as the Guest of Honour, had attended an online webinar on the agenda "Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking" on 02.07.2021 conducted by the MUNers Forum, School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Bengaluru.
  - The 17th Monthly meeting of NCORD under the chairmanship of Sh. Rakesh Asthana, Director General, NCB was held virtually on 06.07.2021. Apart from the regular members of monthly NCORD, the States of Chhattisgarh, Goa, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra were invited for the meeting.
  - Sh. Rakesh Asthana, Director General, NCB had attended the inaugural programme conducted for "the inauguration of Centre of Excellence for Research and Analysis of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances" at National Forensic Science University, Gandhinagar, Gujarat on 12.07.2021. This institute was inaugurated by the Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah.
  - On 25th July, 2021 a meeting under the chairmanship of Union Home Secretary was held on the issue of 'Drug trafficking in North-East States' at Shillong, Meghalaya, which was attended by Sh. Rakesh Asthana DG, NCB, Chief Secretaries & DGsP of North Eastern States.



- On 26.07.2021, Sh. Vijendra Singh, Deputy Director (P&C) had attended a meeting (online mode) of "Expenditure Finance Committee", convened to consider the proposals of NCB in regard to 'Assistance to States Scheme for Narcotics Control'.
- ZD conference was conducted at NCB Hqrs. from 10.08.2021 to 11.08.2021 under the chairmanship of Sh. Rakesh

Asthana, DG, NCB which was attended by all the Zonal Directors of all zones of NCB.



- Sh. Rakesh Asthana, DG, NCB had a meeting with the chairperson of NCPDR in connection with the implementation of 'Joint Action Plan' at NCB Hqrs. on 16.08.2021.
- On 26.08.2021, Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs, Sh. Virendra Kumar Yadav, Deputy Director (P&C), NCB, and Sh. Vikash Kumar, Assistant Director (P&C) attended 1st meeting of Inter Ministerial Committee formed for suggesting ways and means of alternate crops under chairmanship of Sh. Piyush Goyal, Additional Secretary (NE/JKL), MHA at North Block, MHA.
- On 10.09.2021, Sh. Vijendra Singh, Deputy Director (P&C) had attended a meeting on "Action Taken Reports including recommendation No. 33 of the DGsP/ IGsP Conference 2020" held at MHA. The discussion of the meeting was "A centralized database of drug traffickers should be created and skill of LEAs be upgraded through training NCORD and MAC platform should be used effectively for intelligence sharing and inter agency / inter state coordination."
- On 16.09.2021, an online meeting on Forming Full Proof Policy on Stocking of Prohibited Drugs coming Under Purview of NDPS Act, 1985 on the direction of

Hon'ble Punjab & Haryana High Court order was held under the chairmanship of Shri Sachin Jain, DDG (HQ), NCB.

- 5th central level Joint Coordination Committee (JCC) meeting was chaired by Shri Satya Narayan Pradhan, DG NCB on 21.09.2021. Important NDPS cases under investigation by various agencies in the country were discussed to ensure effective and efficient investigation & timely prosecution.



- On 04.10.2021, Sh. Vikash Kumar, Assistant Director (P&C) had attended a meeting at MHA, New Delhi to discuss 3rd Party Evaluation and Implementation (Assistance to States) of EAT Module of PFMS.
- On 08.10.2021, a Regional Symposium on "Diversified Technique to resolve Drug problem" chaired by Smt. Monika Ashish Batra, Dy. Director General (ER), NCB was held at Kolkata.



- On 11.10.2021, Shri Satya Narayan Pradhan, DG, NCB had attended the meeting of NPCC convened by Director Intelligence Bureau (DIB) & Chairman National Police Coordination Committee (NPCC) at New Delhi to discuss issues relating to Police at the National and Regional Levels.
- On 12.10.2021, under the chairmanship of Sh. Sachin Jain, DDG (Hqrs.), NCB, New Delhi, 2nd meeting on Forming Full Proof Policy on Stocking of Prohibited Drugs coming Under Purview of NDPS Act, 1985 on the direction of Hon'ble Punjab & Haryana High Court order was conducted at NCB Hqrs.
- The 18th Monthly meeting of NCORD under the chairmanship of Shri Satya Narayan Pradhan, DG, NCB was held (virtually) on 22.10.2021. Apart from the regular members of monthly NCORD, the North Eastern States including Sikkim were invited for the meeting.



- On 02.11.2021, Sh. Sanjay Kumar Singh, Deputy Director General (Ops), NCB Hqrs, Sh. Vijendra Singh, Deputy Director (P&C), NCB, and Sh. Vikash Kumar, Assistant Director (P&C) attended 2nd meeting of Inter Ministerial Committee formed for "suggesting ways and means of alternate crops and considering the pros & cons of tweaking with the National Drug Policy to suggest appropriate amendments" under chairmanship of Sh. Piyush Goyal, Additional Secretary

(NE/JKL), MHA at North Block, MHA.

- Sh. S.N. Pradhan, DG, NCB had attended DGsP/IGs/P conference-2021 held at Uttar Pradesh Police Headquarter, Lucknow on 19-21 November 2021. The meeting was attended virtually by Sh. S.K Singh, DDG (Ops) and Sh. Pankaj Dwivedi, AD (Ops) at IB Hqrs, New Delhi.
- Sh. Ritesh Ranjan, Dy. Director (P&C) has delivered a keynote address on "Prevention of Children from Drugs & Substance Abuse" in technical session during the National Workshop organized by National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR) on 21.11.2021.



- On 25.11.2021, NCB conducted a coordination meeting under the chairmanship of Smt Monika Ashish Batra, DDG (ER), NCB with all drug law enforcement agencies at Andaman & Nicobar police HQ for better coordination in the concerted efforts to fight against drugs.



- On 24.12.2021, Sh Rakesh Chandra Shukla, ZD, NCB, Guwahati co-chaired a workshop organized with SCPCR (State Commission for Protection of Child Rights) Assam on the 'Joint Action Plan' on "Prevention of Drugs and Substance abuse and illicit trafficking among Children".

**3.5 Visit of dignitaries / senior officers to NCB Headquarters**

- On 28.10.2021, representatives of UNODC, ROSA visited NCB Hqrs and interacted with Sh. S.N. Pradhan, DG (NCB) as part of larger regional programme on "Preventing Drug Trafficking" for continued support, coordination & capacity building.



- On 10.11.2021 a team of officials from the French Anti-narcotics Agency (OFAST), headed by Ms. Laurance Larhant, Head of the Strategic Unit, called upon Shri Satya Narayan Pradhan, DG NCB at NCB Headquarters.





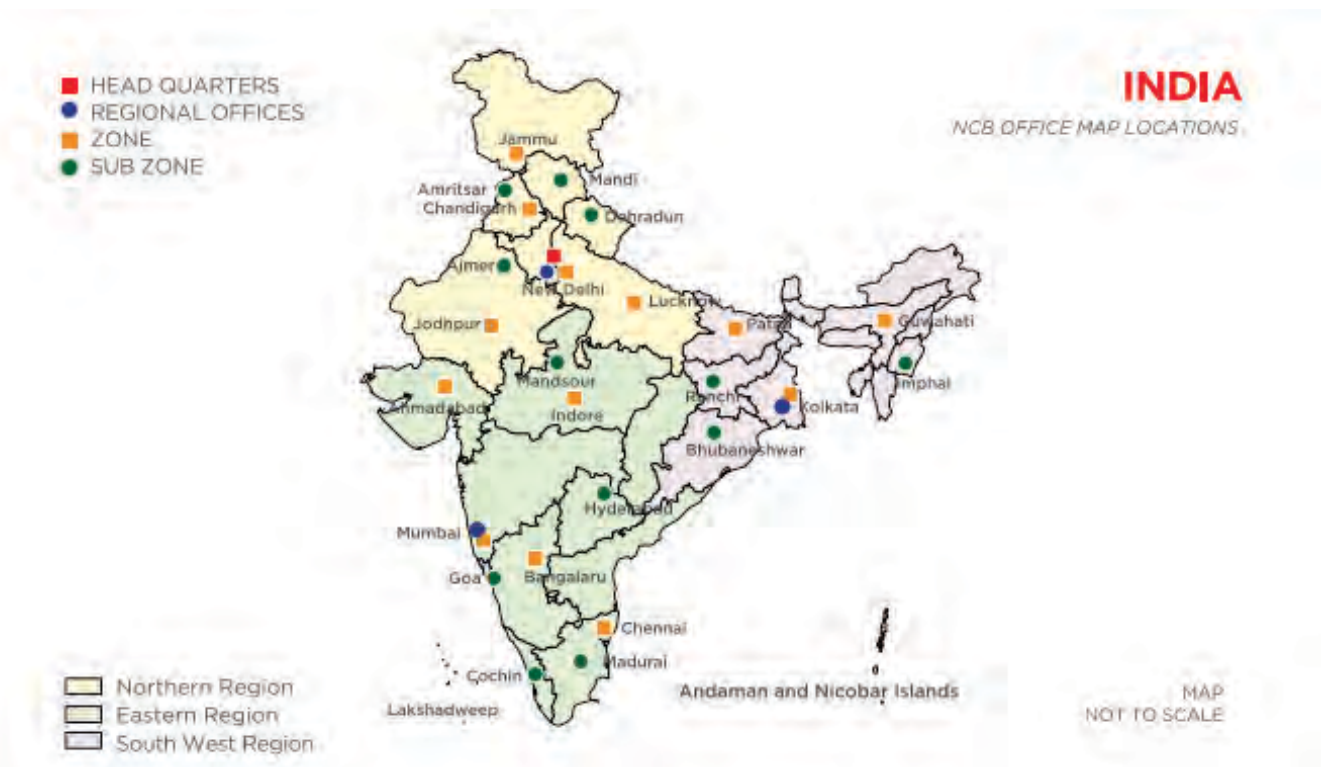
# ORGANISATION

## 4.1 NCB CHARTER

- In exercise of powers under Section 4 of NDPS Act, 1985, the 'NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU' was constituted with Headquarters at Delhi with effect from 17th Mar, 1986. The Bureau, subject to the supervision and control of the Central Government, is to exercise powers and functions of the Central Government for taking measures with respect to:
- Co-ordination of actions by various offices, State Governments and other

authorities under the N.D.P.S. Act, Customs Act, Drugs and Cosmetics Act and any other law for the time being in force in connection with the enforcement provisions of the NDPS Act, 1985.

- Implementation of the obligation in respect of counter measures against illicit traffic under the various international conventions and protocols that are in force at present or which may be ratified or acceded to by India in future.ingh, Zonal Director, NCB Kolkata.



- Assistance to concerned authorities in foreign countries and concerned international organizations to facilitate coordination and universal action for prevention and suppression of illicit traffic in these drugs and substances.
- Coordination of actions taken by other concerned Ministries, Departments and Organizations in respect of matters relating to drug abuse.
- On the recommendation of the Group of Ministers (GoM) on national security, NCB was transferred from Department of Revenue (DoR) to Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) on 18.02.2003.

#### 4.2 NCB ORGANISATION

- The NCB was established in 1986, with a sanctioned strength of 164 and Zonal Units at Delhi, Kolkata, Chennai, Mumbai and Varanasi. Later new zones

were sanctioned at Jodhpur, Chandigarh, Jammu, Ahmadabad, Indore, Guwahati, Patna and Bangalore whereas the Varanasi zone was shifted to Lucknow. Besides the office of three Deputy Director Generals (Regional) were created, one each in Delhi, Kolkata and Mumbai. Sub zones at Dehradun, Amritsar, Mandi, Ajmer, Ranchi, Bhubaneswar, Imphal, Goa, Mandsaur, Cochin, Madurai and Hyderabad have been created during last decade. At present, the sanctioned strength of NCB is 1107.

- The revised Mega Proposal related to expansion of NCB in three phases had been sent to MHA on 24.11.2021 with creation of Chemical Analyst Wing, Prosecution Wing, cyber Wing, Drug Intelligence Wing, Computer/IT Cadre and Canine Squad.

Details of the posts filled by deputation in 2021 are as under:-

S.No	Post	No. of officers/officials taken
i.	Dy. Director General	02
ii.	Dy. Director/Zonal Director	04
iii.	Assistant Director	02
iv.	Intelligence Officer	42
v.	Jr. Intelligence Officer	15
vi.	Assistant	01
vii.	Stenographer	04
viii.	Surveillance Assistant	01
ix.	Data Entry Operator	01
x.	Staff Car Driver	09
xi.	Sepoy	27
	<b>Total</b>	<b>108</b>

- In 2021, promotion of the following posts have takes place:-
- Intelligence Officer to Superintendent (01 personnel).
  - Staff Car Driver from Grade-I to

- Special Grade (04 personnel).
- Sepoy to Havaldar (01 personnel).
- One (01) Assistant was recruited in 2021 under direct recruitment quota.

**4.2.1 Charge of DG, NCB**

- On 29.07.2021, NDRF Director General, Shri Satya Narayan Pradhan took over the additional charge of DG, Narcotics Control Bureau from Shri Rakesh Asthana, IPS.



- Sh. Satya Narayan Pradhan, IPS (JH:1988) has taken over the regular charge of Director General, Narcotics Control Bureau in the forenoon of 16th November, 2021.



**4.2.2 NATIONAL UNITY DAY**



- On 31st October, 2021, Sh. S N Pradhan, DG NCB administered the pledge to NCB officials during a solemn ceremony held at NCB headquarters on occasion of National Unity Day.



**4.3 INFRASTRUCTURE / PROJECTS DURING 2021**

- Construction work of Office Complex (OC) at Bhubaneswar Sub-Zone is under progress & constructed about 90%.
- Drawings/LOP of Office Complex (OC) for Amritsar Sub-Zone has been approved by the Competent Authority. Preliminary estimates for construction of Office Complex (OC) has been obtained.
- Drawings/LOP for construction of Office Complex (OC) at Dwarka for Delhi Zone and Office Complex (OC) at Ranchi Sub-Zone have also been approved by the Competent Authority.
- Preliminary estimates for construction of Office Complexes (OCs) at Dwarka and Ranchi have also been obtained.
- Soil investigation in connection with Office Complex (OC) at Imphal Sub-Zone and Office cum Residential Complex (OCR) at Lucknow Zone have been conducted during the year.
- Land for construction of Office Complex (OC) at Mandi Sub-Zone has been identified and Rs. 3.62 Lakh have been paid to Forest Department, Mandi, Himachal Pradesh for afforestation.

## 4.4 राजभाषा हिंदी

### उल्लेखनीय प्रयास

संघ की राजभाषा नीति के संबंध में राजभाषा विभाग, गृह मंत्रालय द्वारा समय-समय पर जारी निर्देशों का ब्यूरो मुख्यालय एवं इसके अधीनस्थ कार्यालयों में अनुपालन कार्य किया जा रहा है। स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो मुख्यालय, उप महानिदेशक के कार्यालयों, क्षेत्रीय व उप क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों के सभी अधिकारियों व कर्मचारियों द्वारा इस संगठन में राजभाषा के प्रयोग को बढ़ाने के निम्नांकित सार्थक प्रयास किए गए:—

### राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति की तिमाही बैठकें

स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो, मुख्यालय में विभागाध्यक्ष की अध्यक्षता में गठित विभागीय राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति की बैठक (OLIC) का आयोजन किया गया। बैठक में हिंदी में कार्य करने और हिंदी के प्रयोग को बढ़ाने के लिए चर्चा की गई तथा इस संबंध में कार्य नीतियां बनाकर उनका कार्यान्वयन सुनिश्चित किया गया।

ब्यूरो के सभी अधीनस्थ कार्यालयों में भी विभागीय राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समितियां गठित हैं। इन कार्यालयों में भी राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति की बैठकों के नियमित आयोजन संबंधी निर्देश दिए गए।

### तिमाही, अर्धवार्षिक तथा वार्षिक प्रगति रिपोर्ट का संकलन

ब्यूरो मुख्यालय की प्रत्येक तिमाही प्रगति रिपोर्ट का संकलन करने के लिए मुख्यालय के सभी अनुभागों से आंकड़े मंगवाए गए और ब्यूरो मुख्यालय की समेकित रिपोर्ट गृह मंत्रालय तथा राजभाषा

विभाग को भी भिजवाई गई। गृह मंत्रालय तथा राजभाषा विभाग से प्राप्त रिपोर्ट की समीक्षा पर अनुवर्ती कार्रवाई करके उन्हें रिपोर्ट भिजवाई गई।

ब्यूरो मुख्यालय की वार्षिक मूल्यांकन रिपोर्ट तथा अर्धवार्षिक रिपोर्ट भी समेकित कर तैयार करके भेजी गई।

ब्यूरो मुख्यालय के सभी उप महानिदेशक के कार्यालयों, क्षेत्रीय एवं उप क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों से राजभाषा प्रयोग संबंधी तिमाही प्रगति रिपोर्टें नियमित रूप से मँगवाई गई। उप महानिदेशक (उत्तरी क्षेत्र), उप महानिदेशक (दक्षिण-पश्चिमी क्षेत्र) व उप महानिदेशक (पूर्वी क्षेत्र) के कार्यालयों तथा क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों की वर्ष 2021 में सभी तिमाहियों की राजभाषायी रिपोर्टों की मदवार विस्तारपूर्वक समीक्षा की गई तथा पाई गई कमियों को दूर करने हेतु सुझाव दिए गए।

रिपोर्टों को समय पर राजभाषा विभाग के संबंधित क्षेत्रीय कार्यान्वयन कार्यालयों को भिजवाने के भी निदेश दिए गए। अधिकतर कार्यालय अपनी रिपोर्ट संबंधित क्षेत्रीय कार्यान्वयन कार्यालयों को भिजवा रहे हैं।

### हिंदी प्रशिक्षण

हिंदी शिक्षण योजना के अंतर्गत हिंदी टंकण प्रशिक्षण के लिए नारकोटिक्स कंट्रोल ब्यूरो से 03 कार्मिकों को नामित किया गया जिनमें से दो कार्मिकों नामतः श्री मनीष कुमार तिवारी, उच्च श्रेणी लिपिक, मुख्यालय एवं श्री कुलदीप सिंह, सिपाही, उप महानिदेशक (उत्तरी क्षेत्र) कार्यालय ने प्रथम पुरस्कार



के रूप में नकद राशि व वेतनवृद्धि प्राप्त की। केंद्रीय हिंदी प्रशिक्षण संस्थान द्वारा आयोजित ऑनलाइन गहन हिंदी कार्यशालाओं के संबंध में आवश्यक कार्रवाई की गई।

### राजभाषायी निरीक्षण

स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो, मुख्यालय की ओर से श्रीमती कविता रावत, सहायक निदेशक और श्रीमती सुमन, वरिष्ठ अनुवाद अधिकारी द्वारा क्षेत्रीय निदेशक, दिल्ली क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय तथा उप महानिदेशक (उत्तरी क्षेत्र) कार्यालय का क्रमशः दिनांक 12.07.2021 एवं दिनांक 13.07.2021 को राजभाषा नीति कार्यान्वयन संबंधी निरीक्षण किया गया। निरीक्षण के दौरान एक ओर संबंधित कार्यालयों में हिंदी में हो रहे कार्यों की सराहना की तो दूसरी ओर पाई गई कमियों को दूर करने के सुझाव देते हुए सरकारी कामकाज को अधिकाधिक हिंदी भाषा में किये जाने के लिए प्रेरित भी किया।

### मूल रूप से हिंदी में टिप्पण आलेखन हेतु नकद पुरस्कार योजना

राजभाषा विभाग, गृह मंत्रालय की ब्यूरो मुख्यालय तथा इसके अधीनस्थ कार्यालयों में लागू उक्त प्रोत्साहन योजना— वर्ष 2020–21 के लिए ब्यूरो मुख्यालय से 10 (दस) कार्मिकों को पुरस्कार हेतु नामित किया गया। इनमें से दो कार्मिकों नामतः श्रीमती संगीता रहेजा, निजी सचिव एवं श्री मनीष कुमार तिवारी, उच्च श्रेणी लिपिक को प्रथम पुरस्कार अर्थात्  $5000 \times 2 = 10,000/-$  (दस हजार रुपये) तथा तीन कार्मिकों नामतः श्रीमती प्रियंका, उच्च श्रेणी लिपिक, श्री चितरंजन, उच्च श्रेणी लिपिक एवं श्री पुनीत कुमार, सहायक को द्वितीय पुरस्कार अर्थात्  $3000 \times 3 = 9000/-$  (नौ हजार रुपये) तथा पांच कार्मिकों नामतः श्री आशीष नौटियाल, उच्च श्रेणी

लिपिक, श्री विकास गुलिया, उच्च श्रेणी लिपिक, श्री आशुतोष सिंह, सहायक, श्री अभिषेक यादव, सहायक एवं श्री अरुण जोस, सिपाही को तृतीय पुरस्कार अर्थात्  $2000 \times 5 = 10,000/-$  (दस हजार रुपये) की राशि प्रदान की गई।

### पुस्तकालय में हिन्दी पुस्तकों की खरीद

ब्यूरो मुख्यालय के पुस्तकालय में हिन्दी पुस्तकों की खरीद के लिए निर्धारित 50: का लक्ष्य प्राप्त करते हुए वर्ष 2021 में निर्धारित लक्ष्य के तहत 26 पुस्तकों की खरीद की गई जिनमें शब्दकोश, कहानियां, उपन्यास, सामाजिक, एतिहासिक, ज्ञानवर्धक आदि विषयों से संबंधित पुस्तकें शामिल हैं।

### हिन्दी पखवाड़ा एवं हिन्दी दिवस

ब्यूरो, मुख्यालय व सभी अधीनस्थ कार्यालयों में 14 सितंबर से 28 सितंबर, 2021 के दौरान हिन्दी पखवाड़ा का आयोजन किया गया। ब्यूरो, मुख्यालय में हिन्दी पखवाड़ा, 2021 के दौरान चार प्रतियोगिताओं (हिन्दी निबंध, हिन्दी टिप्पण—आलेखन, हिन्दी सामान्य ज्ञान तथा हिन्दी श्रुतलेखन प्रतियोगिता) का आयोजन किया गया। इन प्रतियोगिताओं में कुल 32 प्रतिभागियों ने भाग लिया तथा कुल 20 प्रतिभागियों को पुरस्कृत किया गया।

14 सितंबर को हिन्दी दिवस के उपलक्ष्य पर माननीय गृह मंत्री एवं गृह सचिव के हिन्दी संदेश ऑनलाइन प्रेषित किए गए तथा साथ ही, महानिदेशक महोदय द्वारा एक अपील जारी की गई जिसमें ब्यूरो मुख्यालय व सभी अधीनस्थ कार्यालयों में अधिकारियों व कर्मचारियों को इस दौरान अधिक से अधिक कार्य हिन्दी में करने के लिए निदेश दिया गया।



### हिंदी कार्यशालाएं

ब्यूरो मुख्यालय में दिनांक 17.02.2021 तथा 18.08.2021 को क्रमशः "हिंदी तिमाही प्रगति रिपोर्ट भरना तथा वार्षिक कार्यक्रम वर्ष 2020-2021" तथा "राजभाषा हिंदी – प्रगति के पथ पर" विषय पर हिंदी कार्यशालाओं का आयोजन किया गया। इन कार्यशालाओं में ब्यूरो मुख्यालय के कार्मिकों सहित उप महानिदेशक, उत्तरी क्षेत्र तथा क्षेत्रीय निदेशक, दिल्ली क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय के कार्मिकों ने भी भाग लिया। इन कार्यशालाओं में सरकारी कामकाज हिंदी भाषा में किए जाने के लिए प्रतिभागियों को प्रोत्साहित किया गया एवं इस संबंध में राजभाषा नीति के संबंध में सरल व रोचक ढंग से व्याख्यान हुआ।

कार्यशालाओं के आयोजन में यह ध्यान रखा जाता है कि हिंदी कार्यशालाओं में बुलाए जाने वाले वक्ता तथा उनको दिया जा रहा विषय दोनों ही प्रतिभागियों के लिए उपयोगी सिद्ध हो सकें।

### गृह मंत्रालय की हिंदी सलाहकार समिति एवं नगर राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति (दक्षिण दिल्ली-2) की बैठक

गृह मंत्रालय की हिंदी सलाहकार समिति की दिनांक 20 अक्तूबर, 2021 को आयोजित बैठक में श्री सचिन जैन, उप महानिदेशक (मुख्यालय) द्वारा भाग लिया गया। इस बैठक में लिए गए निर्णयों के संबंध में गृह मंत्रालय से प्राप्त कार्यवृत्त के अनुपालन में की गई अनुवर्ती कार्रवाई को भिजवाई गई।

नगर राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति की दिनांक 28.10.2021 (वीरवार) को अध्यक्ष कार्यालय केंद्रीय विद्वुत प्राधिकरण द्वारा गूगल मीट के माध्यम से आयोजित बैठक में ब्यूरो मुख्यालय की ओर से श्री विजेन्द्र सिंह, उप निदेशक (प्रशासन) द्वारा भाग लिया गया। नराकास की इस बैठक में लिए गए निर्णयों के संबंध में अनुवर्ती कार्रवाई की गई तथा अनुवर्ती कार्रवाई (गृह मंत्रालय) को भिजवाई गई।

दिनांक 13 व 14 नवंबर, 2021 को वाराणसी में आयोजित दो दिवसीय अखिल भारतीय राजभाषा सम्मेलन में श्री सचिन जैन, उप महानिदेशक (मुख्यालय) एवं श्री प्रशांत कुमार श्रीवास्तव, क्षेत्रीय निदेशक, लखनऊ क्षेत्र, स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो द्वारा भाग लिया गया। दिनांक 27 नवंबर, 2021 को कानपुर में आयोजित एक दिवसीय क्षेत्रीय राजभाषा सम्मेलन एवं पुरस्कार वितरण समारोह में भी क्षेत्रीय निदेशक, लखनऊ क्षेत्र, स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो द्वारा भाग लिया गया।

### स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो के हिंदी-अंग्रेजी अनुवाद संबंधी महत्वपूर्ण कार्यों का निष्पादन

राजभाषा अधिनियम की धारा 3 (3) के अंतर्गत यथापेक्षित द्विभाषी रूप से जारी किए जाने वाले कागजातों का हिंदी अनुवाद उपलब्ध करवाया गया।

ब्यूरो के विभिन्न पदों के भर्ती नियमों, कार्यालय आदेशों, मानक प्रपत्रों आदि का हिंदी रूपांतर उपलब्ध कराया गया।

गृह मंत्रालय से संबंधित विभिन्न प्रकार की सामग्री का हिंदी अनुवाद उपलब्ध कराया गया।

भारत सरकार के राजभाषा विभाग द्वारा निर्धारित लक्ष्यों और केंद्र सरकार की राजभाषा नीति के अनुसरण में ब्यूरो मुख्यालय एवं इसके अधीनस्थ

कार्यालयों में कार्यान्वयन तथा अनुवाद संबंधी सभी अपेक्षित कार्यों को समयबद्ध संपन्न किया गया।

## 4.5 हिंदी लेख

### 1. मादक पदार्थों के दुष्प्रभाव निवारण में योग की भूमिका :

आधुनिक युग में समाज में व्याप्त कुरीतियों में प्रथम दृष्ट्या हमारी युवा पीढ़ी एवं नागरिकों द्वारा बड़ी मात्रा में मादक पदार्थों का सेवन अत्यधिक प्रचलित है। मादक पदार्थों से उत्पन्न स्थिति मादकता कहलाती है जब व्यक्ति शरीर संचालन के लिये नियमित मादक पदार्थों का उपयोग करता है तब वह व्यसन कहलाता है। यह एक गंभीर समस्या है इस समस्या का समाधान योग से संभव हो सकता है।

किसी भी प्रकार का व्यसन व्यक्ति की कार्यक्षमता को कम करता है साथ ही समाज और परिवार दोनों ही दृष्टि से हानिकारक है। मादक पदार्थों के सेवन से कई शारीरिक दुष्प्रभाव होते हैं जैसे: दिल के रोग, श्वसन का संक्रमण, स्नायुतंत्र अवसाद, खांसी, गुर्दे व यकृत का खराब होना, नींद नहीं आना, स्व: उत्तेजना, कमजोरी, आंत व उदर के रोग इत्यादि अन्य शारीरिक दुष्प्रभाव शामिल हैं। यह आर्थिक उन्नति में बाधक बनता है तथा इससे कानून व्यवस्था पर प्रतिकूल प्रभाव पड़ता है।

लगातार मादक पदार्थों के सेवन से तंत्रिका तंत्र (Nervous System) से शरीर के विभिन्न अंगों का सामंजस्य प्रभावित होता है व व्यक्ति मानसिक स्तर पर कमजोर हो जाता है इस परिस्थिति में योग के माध्यम से शारीरिक व मानसिक स्तर पर अत्यंत लाभकारी परिणाम प्राप्त हो सकते हैं। "योग" एक शारीरिक व आध्यात्मिक प्रक्रिया है। जिसमें शरीर, मन, आत्मा को एक साथ लाने का कार्य होता है।

श्रीमद भागवत गीता के अनुसार “योगस्य कर्मशु कौशलम्” अर्थात :- कर्मों में कुशलता ही योग है। जब व्यक्ति के कर्म में कुशलता होगी तो उसके जीवन में स्वतः ही मादक पदार्थों का कोई स्थान न होगा।

महर्षि पतंजलि योगसूत्र के अनुसार योगस्य चित्तवृत्तिः निरोध अर्थात :- चित्त में उत्पन्न होने वाली वृत्तियों को रोकना ही योग है। योग के माध्यम से व्यक्तियों के मन में नशे व मादक पदार्थों के सेवन के विचारों को रोका जा सकता है।

‘ अष्टांग योग :- यम, नियम, आसन, प्राणायाम, प्रत्याहार, धारणा, ध्यान, समाधि

यह अभ्यास मानसिक, शारीरिक, आध्यात्मिक, सामाजिक स्वास्थ्य के क्षेत्र में विकास के “आठ स्तरों” पर कार्य करता है। आसन, प्राणायाम की अन्य विधायें ध्यान केंद्रित करने की शक्ति को बढ़ाती है। शरीर को मानसिक अवसाद शांत करने में मदद मिलती है। सूर्य नमस्कार, भस्त्रिका, अनुलोम-विलोम, उज्जाई, कड़ी शोधन, भ्रामरी, मंत्र योग, लय योग, किया योग आदि योग विधायें

शारीरिक, मानसिक चेतना को विकसित करने में अत्यंत उपयोगी हैं व आध्यात्मिक उन्नति प्रदान करने वाली हैं।

माननीय प्रधानमंत्री श्री नरेन्द्र मोदी जी के अथक प्रयासों से वर्ष 2015 से 21 जून को पूरे विश्व में योग दिवस मनाया जाता है। सम्पूर्ण विश्व में योग के प्रति जागरूकता बढ़ी है। नशा मुक्ति केंद्रों में योग के महत्व को समझते हुए इसे अनिवार्य किया गया है। कोविड-19 महामारी में भी योग की प्रासंगिकता को सिद्ध किया है।

धन्यवाद

चंद्र प्रकाश सिंह कुशवाह  
निबंधकार  
सिपाही, स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो (मु.)  
नई दिल्ली



## 2 नशे के साथ, जीवन का सफरनामा

कुछ लोग कहते हैं बिना नशे के  
जिंदगी में मजा क्या है  
लेकिन समझने की कोशिश तो करो  
वास्तव में, यह नशा क्या है  
इस नशे का वास्तविक पता क्या है  
वास्तव में आखिर आपको, नशा क्या हैं

रात के करीब 11 बजे थे, मैं अकेला रेलवे स्टेशन की तरफ पैदल चला जा रहा था, रात के करीब 11 बजकर 30 मिनट पर मेरी ट्रेन थी, मैं स्टेशन के लगभग करीब पहुँच चुका था तभी रेलवे की पटरी के किनारे झुग्गी बस्तियों से किसी के रोने की आवाज आ रही थी। मैं जैसे-जैसे रेलवे स्टेशन के करीब बढ़ता जा रहा था वह रोने की आवाज मुझे और स्पष्ट सुनाई दे रही थी। मैं थोड़ा और करीब पहुँचा तो वह रोने की शोर एक कोलाहल में तब्दील होने लगी थी। मैं थोड़ा असमंजस में था युवा उम्र होने के कारण मेरे मन में इस बात का कौतुहल भी था कि मैं उस घटना के बारे में जानकारी ले सकूँ और दूसरी तरफ मेरी ट्रेन के छूट जाने का भय भी था फिर भी मैं उस चीख और रोने की आवाज से खुद को दूर नहीं ले जा सका और जब करीब पहुँचा तो देखा की कुछ औरतों को कुछ पुरुषों के द्वारा बहुत ही निर्दयता पूर्वक ड्डों से बुरी तरह पीटा जा रहा था, सभी पुरुष किसी नशे में धुत लग रहे थे जो खुद भी पागलों की तरह चीख रहे थे, कभी इधर तो कभी उधर स्वतः भी गिर रहे थे। दूसरी तरफ औरतें खुद को अपने और अपने बच्चों को बचाने के लिए चीख-चीख कर रो रही थी लेकिन शरदऋतु की ठढ़ में वहाँ ऐसा सन्नाटा था की उनकी मदद करने के लिए कोई आने वाला नहीं दिख रहा था।

मैं उस घटना को देखने के बाद वहाँ खुद को बहुत अधिक समय तक रोक नहीं पाया और दौड़ते हुए वहाँ से रेलवे प्लेटफार्म की तरफ जाने लगा, मेरे मन में इस बात का बहुत ही म्लान हो रहा था कि मैं अकेला होने की वजह से उनकी कोई मदद नहीं कर पा रहा था क्योंकि वो खानाबदोस जिंदगी जीने वाले लोग थे, उनके बीच में बोलना मुझे उचित नहीं प्रतीत हो रहा था। मैं जैसे ही रेलवे स्टेशन पहुँचा मैंने वहाँ पर रेलवे पुलिस बल के कार्मिकों का एक पोस्ट देखा जिसके उपर लिखा था "मैं आपकी क्या सहायता कर सकता हूँ?" अचानक मेरे मन में एक बात आयी, क्यों ना इन लोगों से उस घटना का जिक्र किया जाए, शायद यह लोग उन मजलूम औरतों और बच्चों की कुछ सहायता कर सकें।

मैं हिम्मत जुटाने के बाद उनके पास गया और उनसे उस पूरी घटना के बारे में बताया जो कुछ मैंने देखा और सूना था उसके बाद मैं अपनी ट्रेन में जाकर बैठ गया। मेरी ट्रेन की यात्रा सुबह 04 बजकर 40 मिनट पर खत्म हुई और मैं लगभग सुबह 06 बजे अपने घर पहुँच गया था, लेकिन उस रात की घटना जो कुछ मैंने देखा था उसकी यात्रा आज तक मेरे साथ चलती है, ना जाने कितने सवाल हैं जो आज भी कभी-कभी मुझे झकझोरते हैं।

आखिर कब तक अपने स्वार्थ की खातिर कुछ इंसान, दूसरे इंसानों को नशे का जहर देते रहेगें?

हमारे समाज में नशे का जहर बोनने वाले कौन हैं?

इस नशे के कारोबार को खत्म करने की जिम्मेदारी किसकी है?

नशे को खत्म करने में आखिर मेरी क्या भूमिका है?

ऐसे तमाम सवाल मेरे मन में कुछ इस तरह बार बार आते रहते थे और उस दृश्य को याद करके मैं तमाम ताने बाने बुनता रहता था। धीरे-धीरे वक्त गुजरता गया, मेरे जीवन में मैंने तमाम घरों को इस नशे से बर्बाद होते देखता रहा, उस समय नशे के विरुद्ध मेरे मन में जो भाव आया था मुझे नहीं पता था कि भविष्य में मुझे कभी ऐसे मोड़ पर लाकर खड़ा करेगा कि मैं खुद को नशे के विरुद्ध युद्ध एक का एक अहम हिस्सा बनने तक का सफर तय करूँगा।

बदलता वक्त ने मुझे आज जिस मुकाम पर लाया है वहाँ मैं खुली आखों से यह देख पा रहा हूँ कि भारतवर्ष में अनेक सस्थाएँ हैं जो दिन-रात नशे के विरुद्ध युद्ध लड़ने के लिए तैयारियाँ करती हैं, अपनी अहम भूमिका का निर्वहन करती हैं। स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो के सभी अधिकारी और कर्मचारी अनवरत अपने जान को जोखिम में डालकर इस युद्ध को लड़ने के लिए सदैव प्रतिबद्ध हैं। इस मुहिम में शामिल होकर, हम एक भी परिवार को इस नशे रुपी दानाव से बचा पाते हैं तो हमें बहुत खुशी है, या यह कह सकता हूँ, हमें नशा हो गया है किसी के जीवन को बचाने का, किसी को सही रास्ता दिखाने का, अब मुझे भी लगता

है कि मैं एक ईमानदार सिपाही की तरह नशे के विरुद्ध इस युद्ध का एक सक्रिय योद्धा हूँ। विगत 15 वर्षों की सेवाकाल के दौरान मुझे कई बार ऐसा अवसर मिला जब मैं नशों के खिलाफ कभी प्रत्यक्ष रूप से तो कभी अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से खड़ा हुआ, यह नशा इतना असरदार है कि अब मैं अपने अंतिम सांसों तक इस युद्ध को लड़ता रहूँगा।

पाठकों से अनुरोध है कि आप भी नशे के विरुद्ध इस युद्ध का हिस्सा जरूर बनने की कोशिश करें और देखिएगा जिस दिन नकली नशे के कारोबार को खत्म करने का नशा, कुछ अच्छा करने का नशा, आपको हो गया तो विश्वास मानिए आप स्वयं को एक योद्धा के रूप में जरूर देख पाएंगे और इस कार्य से आपको जो खुशी मिलेगी वह असीम और अनमोल होगी।

जय हिंद

**मनीष कुमार तिवारी**  
उच्च श्रेणी लिपिक  
स्वापक नियंत्रण ब्यूरो, नई दिल्ली

### 3- ड्रग्स और बच्चे

विश्व ने पिछले कुछ दशकों में, विशेष रूप से तकनीकी प्रगति के मामले में, भारी बदलाव देखा है। इस प्रगति की वजह से धीरे-धीरे हमारी जीवन शैली और समग्र सामाजिक संरचना में भी परिवर्तन हुआ है। एकल परिवारों का उदय, मित्रों और रिश्तेदारों से अलगाव, आत्मकेंद्रित जीवन आदि ऐसे परिवर्तनों के कुछ परिणाम हैं। सामाजिक संरचना में यह परिवर्तन अकेलेपन, अवसाद, उच्च रक्तचाप आदि व्याधियों के रूप में लोगों को अपना शिकार बना रहा है और इसका सबसे अधिक प्रभाव हमारे बच्चों पर पड़ रहा

है। इसके अतिरिक्त, ब्रूटप्ले महामारी ने बच्चों को पिछले दो वर्षों के अधिकांश भाग के लिए अपने घरों के अंदर ही सीमित रखा है, जिसका बच्चों के कोमल हृदय पर गहरा प्रभाव पड़ सकता है। उपरोक्त परिस्थितियों के संयोजन से बच्चों के बीच मनोसामाजिक समस्याओं के बढ़ने के अंदेश को मना नहीं किया जा सकता ही जोकि ड्रग्स नामक एक घातक संकट का उनके जीवन में प्रवेश के लिए एक आदर्श स्थिति बनाती है।

मादक द्रव्यों के सेवन का जाल ऐसा है कि जो एक बार इसमें फंस जाए उसके लिए इससे बाहर निकलना अत्यंत कठिन होता है। ड्रग्स के दुरुपयोग का शिकार होने वाला व्यक्ति इससे कई प्रकार से दुष्प्रभावित होता है जिसमें शारीरिक, मानसिक और अर्थसामाजिक इत्यादि प्रभाव प्रमुख हैं। हालांकि ड्रग्स के सेवन से उबरना असंभव नहीं है, लेकिन यह प्रक्रिया एक व्यक्ति की मानसिक और शारीरिक रूप से कठिन परीक्षा लेती है जिसमें उसे अपने स्वास्थ्य, बहुमूल्य समय एवं वित्त आदि के रूप में एक भारी कीमत चुकानी पड़ सकती है। इसलिए, मादक द्रव्यों के सेवन के मामले में 'रोकथाम इलाज से बेहतर है' कहावत पूरी तरह से सटीक बैठती है। हमारे बच्चों को इस खतरे के शिकार होने से बचाने के लिए यह और भी महत्वपूर्ण हो जाता है क्योंकि बच्चों को इस मामले में सबसे कमजोर वर्ग मना जा सकता है।

यह सच है कि आज की प्रतिस्पर्धा भरी दुनिया में हमें व्यक्तिगत समय बहुत कम मिलता है और वह समय ज्यादातर अपने बच्चों के साथ समय बिताने के बजाय इलेक्ट्रॉनिक उपकरणों, सामाजिक संजालों आदि में व्यतीत होता है। साथियों से मिल रहा दबाव, शैक्षणिक दबाव, अकेलापन, जिज्ञासा आदि जैसे विभिन्न कारणों की वजह से बच्चे ड्रग्स सेवन के अंधेरे गर्त में पतित हो सकते हैं। इसीलिए यह बहुत महत्वपूर्ण हो जाता है कि माता-पिता अपने बच्चों के साथ गुणवत्तापूर्ण समय बिताएं और उनमें स्वस्थ आदतें डालें ताकि वे इनमें इतने व्यस्त हों जाए कि अन्य हानिकारक आदतों के लिए उनके मन में कोई आकर्षण जन्म ना ले। बच्चों और उनके व्यवहार और गतिविधियों पर एक चौकस नजर रखना भी बहुत

महत्वपूर्ण है जो कि उनके जीवन में घटित हो रही कुछ असामान्य गतिविधि के संकेतक हो सकते हैं। कोई भी असामान्य शारीरिक या व्यवहार संबंधी गतिविधि बच्चे के जीवन घट रही कुछ गलत घटनाओं के संकेत दे सकती है जिसे तुरंत संबोधित किया जाना चाहिए। बच्चे की मित्र मंडली पर नजर रखना भी बहुत महत्वपूर्ण है, क्योंकि यह मित्रों की संगति ही है जो एक बच्चे को सबसे अधिक प्रभावित करती हैं और उनमें जीवन व्यापी आदतें – अच्छी और बुरी दोनों के विकास के लिए जिम्मेदार होती हैं।

यद्यपि बच्चों और युवाओं में ड्रग्स के दुरुपयोग के मामले दिन-ब-दिन बढ़ते जा रहे हैं, माता-पिता की दृष्टि में उनके बच्चे हमेशा छोटे ही बने रहते और यह सोचा जाता है कि उनको ऐसी बुरी आदतों कि लत नहीं लग सकती है। इसी कारण, कई बार लोग अपने बच्चों में ऐसे संकेतों, जो कि काफी स्पष्ट होते हैं, का अवलोकन करने में विफल रहते हैं। लेकिन ड्रग्स सेवन के दुष्परिणाम जब सामने आने लगते हैं, तो कई बार बहुत देर हो जाती है। इसलिए, माता-पिता का यह प्राथमिक कर्तव्य बन जाता है कि वे अपने बच्चों के मित्र बनें, उन्हें एक स्वस्थ जीवन शैली के लिए प्रेरित करें और उन्हें नशीली दवाओं के बुरे चंगुल में फसने से बचाएं। हम सब मिलकर अपने बच्चों और आने वाली पीढ़ियों को ड्रग्स के इस चंगुल से बचा सकते हैं।

**प्रणीत शर्मा**

अधीक्षक (नीति एवं समन्वय)  
छठ मुख्यालय, नई दिल्ली

## 5. LEGAL SECTION

Legal Section in NCB HQrs. functions under the Deputy Legal Adviser and the DDG (Legal & Training) to assist NCB HQrs as well as NCB Regions and Zones in all legal matters. The following are the some of the important functions carried out by the section:

- 1) **PROCESSING OF SLP PROPOSALS:** Legal section processes the SLP proposals of NCB Zones received against the orders of Hon'ble High Courts in Supreme Court of India. The Proposals are processed through Ministry of Law & Justice. The section ensures drafting, filing of SLPs in Supreme Court in coordination with Central Agency Section, Ministry of Law & Justice.
- 2) **MONITORING OF SLPs IN SUPREME COURT:** Legal Section monitors the SLP matters filed in Supreme Court and ensures briefing of Ld. ASsG and other panel counsels on each date of hearing. The orders received in NCB cases are forwarded to NCB zones for further action/information.
- 3) **PURSUIING OF WRIT PETITIONS IN HIGH COURTS:** Legal section also monitors the writ petitions filed in various High Courts where NCB is a party. Timely filing of counter affidavit and briefing of Panel counsels are also ensure.
- 4) **VETTING OF LEGAL DOCUMENTS:** Legal Section also vets all legal documents including applications, petitions, complaints, replies/counter affidavit etc to be filed in various courts.
- 5) **TENDERING OF LEGAL OPINION:** The Deputy Legal Adviser as a representative of Ministry of Law and Justice tenders opinion in all legal as well administrative matters of NCB HQrs/Regions/Zones/Sub Zones placed before him. Legal Section also provides opinion in the matter of appeal to High Court to NCB Zones of northern region where no branch secretariat of Ministry of Law & Justice does not function.
- 6) **DRAFTING AND CIRCULATION OF NCB CIRCULARS/SOPs:** The Legal section also tasked with drafting of important circulars and SOPs especially on Legal Matters.
- 7) **APPOINTMENT OF SPPs IN NCB:** Legal Section also look after the entire process of appointment of SPPs starting from the seeking vacancies, publication, and taking up with Ministry of Law & Justice.
- 8) **MONITORING OF PERFORMANCE OF SPPs:** Legal Section also monitors the performance of SPPs and places before the competent authority for issuance of appropriate directions in the matter.
- 9) **ANALYSIS OF ACQUITTAL CASES:** Legal Section also analyses acquittal orders of trial courts and issues necessary instructions to zone for observation.
- 10) **CIRCULATION OF LANDMARK JUDGMENTS:** Legal Section also circulates important and landmark judgments of Hon'ble Supreme Court and High Courts to NCB Zones/Regions for their information and compliance.



- 11) **FURNISHING OF COMMENTS ON REPATRIATION/TRANSFER OF ACCUSED PERSONS BETWEEN INDIA AND OTHER COUNTRIES:** Legal Section also furnishes comments on the repatriation and transfer of accused persons between India and other countries.
- 12) **IMPARTING OF TRAINING ON LEGAL TOPICS:** Deputy Legal Adviser and other staff members in Legal Section are also detailed for delivering lectures on legal topic during training programs/seminars etc.
- 13) **EXAMINATION OF AMENDMENT PROPOSALS:** Legal Section examines the amendment proposals received from various agencies and put up its comments on the proposed amendments.

### 5.1 Major Judgments:

Some of the important/landmark Judgments related to NDPS matters since 2011 are as under:

Sr. No.	Year	Title of the Case	Citation	Excerpt
1.	2011	Vijaysinh Chandubha Jadeja	AIR 2011 SC 77	Honourable Supreme Court held that it is mandatory to inform the suspect of existence of his right to be searched before a Gazetted Officer or a Magistrate and in case he so opts failure to conduct search before such officer or Magistrate would render the recovery of article suspect and vitiate conviction if it is recorded on the base of recovery alone. Information need not be communicated in a prescribed form or in writing.
2.	2012	Md Sahabuddin versus State of Assam	(2012) 13 SCC 491	Honourable Supreme Court held that in this case Phensedyl / codeine syrup was seized from a truck and the consignment was being undertaken without any documents. The Court observed that if the said requirement meant for therapeutic practice is not satisfied then in the event of the entire 100 ml. content of the cough syrup containing the prohibited quantity of codeine phosphate is meant for human consumption, the same would certainly

				<p>fall within the penal provisions of the N.D.P.S. Act calling for appropriate punishment to be inflicted upon the appellants.</p> <p>Therefore, the Court denied bail to the accused.</p>
3.	2013	Thana Singh V/s Central Bureau of Narcotics	(2013) 2 SCC 603	<p>The summary of the Judgment is organized into a point wise analysis. The Court has expressed deep concern for prolonged confinement of accused persons in jail in NDPS cases and non commencement of trial for a long time. The Court has given some directions by way of present order for the speedy trial of the NDPS cases.</p> <p>1. ADJOURNMENTS: The Court has expressed displeasure at the adjournments granted in the Courts in general and has directed that, grant adjournments at the request of a party except where the circumstances are beyond the control of the party. The Court has made a reference to the S.22 of the P.C. Act wherein the evidence can be recorded in the absence of the accused.</p> <p>2 EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES: In Para 11, the Hon'ble Court has highlighted the importance of Sessions Trial i.e conducting examination and cross examination of a witness on consecutive days and has directed the concerned Courts to adopt the method of sessions trial and assign block dates for examination of witnesses.</p>

**3. WORKLOAD:**

In Para 14, the Court has stated that each state particularly states of Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal and Jammu & Kashmir will have a Special Court and that the number of Special Courts will be in proportion to volume of cases. It is also stated that until establishment of NDPS Courts, NDPS cases will be prioritized over all other matters.

**4. NARCOTIC LABS:**

In Para 15, Apex Court has pointed out that each state is directed to establish state level and regional level forensic labs. The number of such labs will be dependent upon the backlog of cases in the state.

**5. RE-TESTING PROVISIONS:**

The Apex Court has highlighted the fact that NDPS Act does not permit resampling/re-testing of samples, thus the Court ordered that any requests as to re-testing/re-sampling shall not be entertained under the NDPS Act as a matter of course. These may, however, be permitted, in extremely exceptional circumstances, for cogent reasons to be recorded by the Presiding judge. An application in such rare cases must be made within a period of fifteen days from the receipt of the test report. No applications for re-testing /re- sampling shall be entertained thereafter.

**6. MONITORING:**

The Apex Court has directed that nodal officers be appointed in all the departments dealing with the NDPS Cases for monitoring of the progress of investigation and trial. This nodal officer must be

				<p>equivalent to the rank of Superintendent of Police, who shall ensure that the trial is not delayed due to account of non supply of documents, non-availability of the witnesses, or for any other reason.</p> <p>The Apex Court has also stated that there must be one Pairvi Officer or any other officer for each Court who shall report that days proceeding to the nodal officer assigned for each Court.</p> <p><b>7. PUBLIC PROSECUTORS:</b></p> <p>The Apex Court has stressed upon the quality of the SPPs and directed that, the District and Sessions Judge shall make recommendations for such appointments in consultation with the Administrative Judge/Portfolio Judge/Inspecting Judge, in-charge of looking after the administration of the concerned Sessions Division."</p> <p><b>8. OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS:</b></p> <p>The Apex Court has observed that for simplification of the above detailed process, the filing of the charge-sheet and supply of the documents must also be provided in electronic form. However, the Court also directed that this must not be treated as a substitute for hard copies which are indispensable for Court proceedings.</p>
4.	2013	Gian Chand and Ors. Vs. State of Haryana	2013 (9) SCALE 544	Honourable Supreme Court held that it was settled legal proposition that once possession of contraband articles was established, burden shifted on Accused to establish that he had no knowledge of same- Once possession of contraband material with Accused was established, Accused has to establish how he came to be in possession of same

				<p>as it was within his special knowledge - Appellants could not point out what prejudice had been caused to them if fact of conscious possession had not been put to them- Even otherwise such an issue could not be raised in existing facts and circumstances of case wherein burden was on Accused to show how contraband material came to be found in vehicle which was driven by one of them and other two were travelling in that vehicle - Appeal dismissed.</p> <p>Ratio Decidendi:</p> <p>"Once possession of contraband articles is established burden shifts on Accused to establish that he had no knowledge of same."</p>
5.	2014	State of Rajasthan v/s Parmanand and another	2014(2) RCR (Criminal) 40 (SC)	<p>Honourable Supreme Court held each accused must be individually informed that he has a legal right to be searched before a nearest Gazetted officer or before a nearest Magistrate- A joint communication of the right available under section 50(1) of the NDPS Act to the accused would frustrate the very purport of section 50- Right has not been properly communicated- conviction and sentence set aside.</p> <p>Joint Offer or offer to search before member of raiding party- Illegal ; Search of person and thereafter search of bag (yielding Narcotic) will attract Section 50</p>
6.	2016	Union of India v/s Mohanlal & Anr (Crl. Appeal 652/2012)	(2016) 3 SCC 379	<p>The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the present matter had taken cognizance of the fact that a lot of seized contraband is being kept with the Central and State agencies and that the efforts taken towards the destruction of such contraband are not adequate. The Court has observed that the contraband is finding its way back into the society. After careful scrutiny of the collected data from different agencies and High Courts in regard to seizure,</p>

storage, disposal and destruction of the seized contraband, the Court has delivered a judgment on these aspects of NDPS law. The Court has observed that S.52 A requires that no sooner the seizure is done, the contraband is to be forwarded to the officer in charge of a police station or the officer empowered. Such an officer is then duty bound to approach the Magistrate for drawing samples and getting them certified. The Court passed directions that the agencies will store the seized contraband as per the directions issued in NCB Standing order 1/89. The Court also ordered that the storage facilities will be upgraded at the State and Central level and will be placed under the overall supervision of a gazetted officer and put under double lock system and etc. The Court has also observed that periodical inspection of the storage facilities is also missing.

#### Disposal / Destruction of NDPS substances

With regards to the disposal of seized contraband and conveyances the Court stated the following

Cases where Trial is concluded and proceedings in appeal / revision have all concluded (if any before 29.5.1989) :

The Court states that in cases that stood finally concluded at Trial, appeal, revision and further appeals, if any before 29.5.1989, the continued storage of NDPS, controlled substances and conveyances is of no consequence and has thus directed that all the Drugs Disposal Committees of the States and the Central agencies shall take stock of all such seized contrabands and take steps for their disposal without any further verification.

				<p>Drugs that are seized after May, 1989 and where Trial and proceedings in appeal /revision have all concluded:</p> <p>This is the category of seizures that have been undertaken after introduction of S. 52 A. In this category of the cases Court has opined that it will be a futile exercise if the drugs are tested as per Para 5.5. of SO 1/89. The Court has thus directed that all the Drugs Disposal Committees shall take stock of all such seized contrabands in which trial has concluded</p> <p>Cases where proceedings are still pending before Trial Court, Appellate Courts or before the Supreme Court :</p> <p>The Court has directed that in all such cases the Head of the Department shall ensure the filing of appropriate applications under the notification dated 16.1.2015 without any further loss of time.</p>
7.	2018	State of Punjab vs. Rakesh Kumar :	AIR 2019 SC 84	Honourable Supreme Court held that unauthorized bulk possession of manufactured drugs containing narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances triable under NDPS Act as well – Held – The Supreme Court has held that persons who are found in bulk possession of manufactured drugs without any valid authorization can be tried under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (NDPS) Act, 1985, apart from the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940.
8.	2020	State of Kerala etc. Vs. Rajesh Etc	CRIMINAL APPEAL NO(S). 154-157 OF 2020	Hon'ble Supreme Court of India held that the expression "reasonable grounds" means something more than prima facie grounds. It contemplates substantial probable causes for believing that the accused is not guilty of the alleged offence. The

				<p>reasonable belief contemplated in the provision requires existence of such facts and circumstances as are sufficient in themselves to justify satisfaction that the accused is not guilty of the alleged offence. In the case on hand, the High Court seems to have completely overlooked the underlying object of Section 37 that in addition to the limitations provided under the CrPC, or any other law for the time being in force, regulating the grant of bail, its liberal approach in the matter of bail under the NDPS Act is indeed uncalled for.</p>
9.	2020	Mukesh Singh Vs. State (Narcotic Branch of Delhi)	AIR 2020 SC 4297	<p>The Court after citing all the observations and relevant provisions of NDPS Act as well as that of Cr.P.C. held that there is no reason to doubt the credibility of the informant and doubt the entire case of the prosecution solely on the ground that the informant has investigated the case. Solely on the basis of some apprehension or the doubts, the entire prosecution version cannot be discarded and the accused is not to be straightway acquitted unless and until the accused is able to establish and prove the bias and the prejudice. (Para 11)</p>
10	2020	Sheru v. Narcotics Control Bureau	2020(4)RC R(Criminal )242	<p>Honourable Supreme Court held that we have given a thought to the matter and there is no doubt that the rigors of Section 37 would have to be met before the sentence of a convict is suspended and bail granted and mere passage of time cannot be a reason for the same, However, we are faced with unusual times where the Covid situation permeates. We are also conscious that this Court has passed orders for release of persons on bail to de-congest the jail but that is applicable to cases of upto seven years sentence.</p>



### 5.2 Amendments in section 27A of NDPS Act, 1985

Hon'ble High Court of Tripura observed an anomaly in section 27A of the Act caused due to not amending 'clause (viiiia)' mentioned in Section 27A to 'clause (viiiib)' consequent to amendment made in Section 2 of the Act vide Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment) Act 2014 wherein existing clause (viiiia) of Section 2 was re-lettered as clause (viiiib). Consequently, Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment)

Ordinance, promulgated on 30.09.2021, to rectify this anomaly by making changes in Section 27A of NDPS Act in order to carry out the legislative intent of the statute, which has always been to read clause: (viiiib) in section 27A, and already stood therein.

2. Vide gazette notification Extraordinary, Part-II dated 30.12.2021, the government has notified the amendment in section 27A. Copy enclosed. The amendment has been given retrospective effect w.e.f. 01.05.2014.

**THE ROLE OF NCB**

**WHAT ARE ITS KEY RESPONSIBILITIES**

 <p>It is responsible for coordination with the <b>Indian state governments and other central departments</b> in connection with the enforcement of the NDPS Act, 1985</p>	 <p>Implementation of India's international obligations with regard to drug trafficking, also <b>assists International and foreign drug law enforcement agencies</b></p>	 <p><b>Coordination of action taken by</b> the Ministry of Health and family Welfare, the Ministry of Welfare and other concerned Ministries/ department organisations in matters relating to drug abuse</p>
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# 6. ANNEXURES

## ANNEXURE-I

National Drug Enforcement Statistics (Provisional) as on 31/12/2021

1. SEIZURE OF VARIOUS DRUGS IN KG. WITH NO. OF CASES						2017	2018	2019	2020	2021*
Opium	Seizure					2,551	4,307	4,488	5,212	4,530
	Cases					1,408	1,175	1,494	1,626	1,527
Morphine	Seizure					449	20	125	11	147
	Cases					57	105	192	78	168
Heroin	Seizure					2,146	1,258	3,231	3,838	7,619
	Cases					7,070	7,748	10,841	9,122	8,921
Ganja	Seizure					3,52,539	3,91,275	3,42,045	5,81,644	7,49,761
	Cases					21,477	22,477	27,234	27,281	27,000
Hashish	Seizure					3,218	3,911	3,572	6,643	4,140
	Cases					2,943	3,089	3,316	3,112	2,804
Cocaine	Seizure					69	35	66	19	338
	Cases					132	103	134	82	95
Methaqualone	Seizure					124	101	49	10	12
	Cases					24	21	20	12	10
Ephedrine	Seizure					2,990	337	686	841	253
	Cases					26	18	27	20	18
Acetic Anhydride	Seizure					25	9,717	214	121	24,265
	Cases					2	4	2	2	3
ATS	Seizure					95	431	1,774	1,357	297
	Cases					19	40	77	94	100

2. PERSON ARRESTED								
a) Nos of Person Arrested including Foreigners				56,006	60,156	74,620	73,030	68,397
b) Nos of Foreigners Arrested				397	335	436	299	477
3. ACTION TAKEN AGAINST PERSONS INVOLVED IN DRUG TRAFFICKING								
a) Nos of person prosecuted				36,067	52,083	76,819	44,892	45,259
b) Nos of person convicted				27,949	21,446	30,151	10,666	9,056
c) Nos of persons acquitted				5,093	6,360	7,923	3,749	3,311
4. ACTION TAKEN UNDER PITNDPS(NDPS) ACT, 1988								
a) Nos of Detention orders (PITNDPS Act, 1988)				0	0	0	10	15
b) Nos of persons Detained				0	0	0	7	13
5. DESTRUCTION OF NARCOTICS DRUG YIELDING PLANTS								
a) Poppy Plant Area (in Acres)				7,602	10,819	10,386	10,769	10,798
b) Cannabis Plant Area (in Acres)				8,515	8,476	22,297	21,559	27,510
6. DESTRUCTION OF ILLICIT MANUFACTURING FACILITIES								
NAME OF FACILITY	DRUGS SEIZED							
Heroin	Heroin(Kg)		0	0	320	491	1,106	
	Morphine(Kg)		0	0	28	0	0	
	Morphine (lit)		0	0	0	136	356	
	Opium(Kg)		0	0	0	0	36	
	Acetic Anhydride(Kg)		5	0	0	0	0	
	Other Substances(Kg)		0	0	3	52	165	
	Nos of facilities detected		1	0	6	2	4	
	Nos of persons arrested		1	0	0	0	7	
Methaqualone	Methaqualone(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0	
	Anthranilic acid(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0	
	N-acetyl anthranilic acid(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0	
	Other Substances(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0	
	Nos of facilities detected		0	0	0	0	0	
	Nos of persons arrested		0	0	0	0	0	
* Provisional Data								

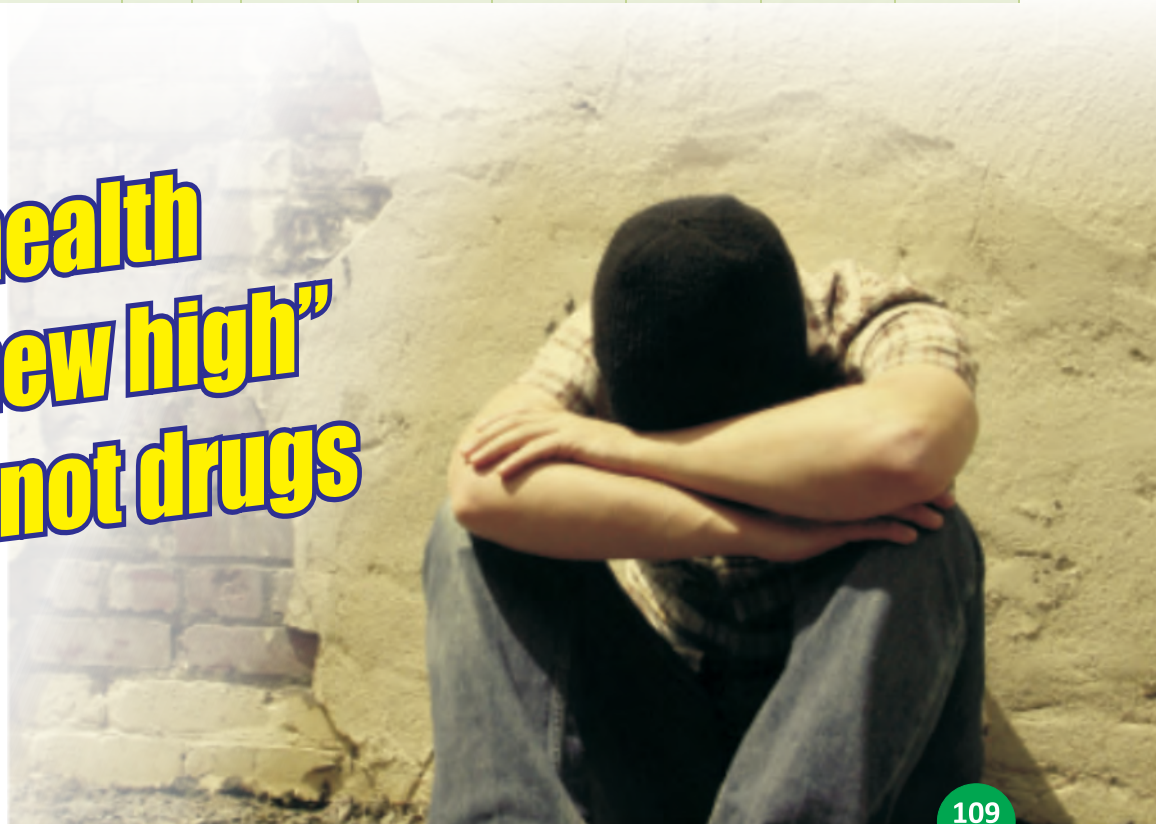
			2017	2018	2019	2020	2021*
<b>NAME OF FACILITY</b>	<b>DRUGS SEIZED</b>						
ATS	Amphetamine(Kg)		0.00	0	0	0	0
	Methamphetamines(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Methamphetamines(Ltrs)		0	0	0	0	0
	Ephedrine/Pseudo-Ephedrine powdered form(Kg)		260.70	0	0	0	0
	Ephedrine/Pseudo-Ephedrine Tablets(Kg)		0.000	0	0	0	0
	Ephedrine/Pseudo-Ephedrine Tablets(Nos)		0	0	0	0	0
	Other Substances(Kg)		0.00	0	0	0	0
	Nos of facilities detected		1	0	0	0	0
	Nos of persons arrested		2	0	0	0	0
Ketamine	Ketamine(Kg)		0	256	529	0	0
	Toluene(Ltrs)		0	0	0	0	0
	Acetone(Ltrs)		0	0	0	0	0
	Di-ethyl ether(Ltrs)		0	0	0	0	0
	Other Substances(Ltrs/Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Methamphetamine (Kg)		0	13	0	0	0
	Nos of facilities detected		0	1	2	0	0
	Nos of persons arrested		0	4	3	0	0
Multi Drug Facilities	Heroin(Kg)		91	0	0	0	0
	Morphine(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Opium(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Cocaine (Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Methamphetamine(Kg)		14	0	0	0	0
	Ephedrine/Pseudo-Ephedrine powdered form(Kg)		236	0	0	560	5
	Methaqualone(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Acetic Anhydride(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Anthranilic acid(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Ketamine(Kg)		0	0	0	0	0
	Mephedrone(Kg)		110	2	0	359	5
	Di-ethyl ether(Ltrs)		0	0	0	0	0
	Others(Kg)		809	163	0	16	91
	Nos of facilities detected		4	1	0	3	3
	Nos of persons arrested		18	1	0	4	16
Fentanyl HCL	<b>Fentanyl HCL (Kg)</b>		0	11	0	0	0
	Nos of facilities detected		0	1	0	0	0
	Nos of persons arrested		0	3	0	0	0
<b>7. BUSTING OF ILLICIT INTERNET PHARMACIES</b>							
Internet facilities	Psychotropic Tablet(Nos)		1,29,157	63,771	0	0	0
Busted	Tablets(Kg)		0	3	0	0	0
	Nos of facilities detected		2	2	0	0	0
	Nos of persons arrested		15	5	0	0	0

8. DISPOSAL OF SEIZED NARCOTICS DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCE									
Opium					1,473	840	1,815	1,442	764
Morphine					434	8	2	0	260
Heroin					1,311	363	613	6,742	15,577
Ganja					38,607	45,285	59,469	98,111	34,414
Hashish					934	1,500	1,279	606	223
Cocaine					4	6	25	2	1
Methaqualone					37	23,528	0	0	0
Ephedrine					592	558	753	307	176
Acetic Anhydride					369	2,620	11,955	0	55
Amphetamine					3	32	5	2	0
9. FORFEITURE OF PROPERTY									
a) Value of property Forfeited (Rs.)					0	0	0	0	0
Nos of Cases					0	0	0	0	0
b) Value of property Frozen (Rs.)					0	0	0	0	0
Nos of Cases					6	33	24	8	0
* Provisional Data									
10. AGENCY WISE NUMBER OF SEIZURE									
					2017	2018	2019	2020	2021*
All India					47,344	49,450	57,867	54,758	50,164
Narcotics Control Bureau					373	424	385	412	684
Directorate of Revenue Intelligence					29	83	78	77	38
Custom and Central Excise					17	16	12	4	4
Central Bureau of Narcotics					40	28	35	38	45
Police					46,171	47,785	56,087	53,591	48,905
Excise					714	1,114	1,270	636	488
Others					0	0	0	0	0
11. AGENCY-WISE BREAK-UP OF QUANTITY SEIZED (IN KG)									
A. NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU (NCB)									
Opium					325	305	394	1,018	445
Morphine					435	4	24	2	76
Heroin					1,246	300	137	343	1,047
Ganja					28,934	29,528	26,312	42,422	55,883
Hashish					541	640	563	615	404
Cocaine					62	26	38	4	7
Methaqualone					61	0	6	6	8
Ephedrine					464	115	281	88	130
Acetic Anhydride					25	9,651	17	21	215
ATS					71	73	1,439	490	60
B. DIRECTORATE OF REVENUE INTELLIGENCE (DRI)									
Opium					0	2	7	0	0
Morphine					0	2	0	0	0
Heroin					2	31	237	201	3,027



F. STATE EXCISE									
Opium					0	0	3	0	0
Morphine					0	0	0	0	0
Heroin					6	8	13	13	19
Ganja					443	1,440	650	291	356
Hashish					0	0	1	0	0
Cocaine					0	0	0	0	0
Methaqualone					0	0	0	0	0
Ephedrine					0	123	10	0	0
Acetic Anhydride					0	0	0	0	0
ATS					0	0	59	46	76
G. OTHERS									
Opium					0	0	0	0	0
Morphine					0	0	0	0	0
Heroin					0	0	0	0	0
Ganja					0	0	0	0	0
Hashish					0	0	0	0	0
Cocaine					0	0	0	0	0
Methaqualone					0	0	0	0	0
Ephedrine					0	0	0	0	0
Acetic Anhydride					0	0	0	0	0
ATS					0	0	0	0	0
* Provisional Data									

**Make health  
your "new high"  
in life, not drugs**



## State-wise seizure of drugs all over India by all DLEAs in the Year 2021 (In Kg/Nr./Litre/Blots/Bottles) (Up to Dec)\*

2021*	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE (In Kg)	ATS (In Kg)	COCAINE (In Kg)	CODEINE (In Kg)	CODEINE (In Litre)	EPHEDRINE/PSEUDOEPHEDRINE (In Kg)	GANJA (In Kg)	HASHISH (In Kg)	HASHISH OIL (In Kg)	HEROIN (In Kg)	KETAMINE (In Kg)	LSD (In Blot)
ANDAMAN & NICOBAR	0	32.55	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0
ANDHRA PRADESH	0	0	0	0	0	11.4	200588	18.14	6.13	0	0	3
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	0	0	0.1	0	0	0	2623	0	0	3.71	0	0
ASSAM	0	18.91	0	0	0	0	20358	0	0	27.63	0	0
BIHAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	27395	363.62	0	9.62	0	16
CHANDIGARH	0	0	10.25	0	0	0	135	87.4	0	9.47	0	0
CHHATTISGARH	0	0	0.01	0	0	0	32235	1.59	0	1.33	0	0
DADAR & NAGAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0
GOA	0	0.08	0.13	0	0	0	123	5.44	0.54	0.03	0	187
GUJARAT	0	10.48	0.07	0	0	4.73	18179	145.53	0	3334.96	0	0
HARYANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	11478	143.35	0	28.25	0	0
HIMMACHAL PRADESH	0	0	0	0	0	0	393	606.59	0.05	14.96	0	55
JAMMU & KASHMIR	0	0	0	0	0	0	642	975.29	0	196.15	0	0
JHARKHAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	8065	0	0	48.34	0	0
KARNATAKA	0	5.38	1.3	0	0	0	9260	9.82	56.94	2.75	0	1477
KERALA	0	0.28	0	0	0	11.66	4568	6.89	9.98	339.93	0	831
MADHYA PRADESH	0	0	0	0	0	0	26993	15	0	21.39	0	0
MAHARASHTRA	0	4.23	12.6	0.02	0	16.79	25251	157.6	0	72.73	1.13	1052
MANIPUR	0	26.49	0	0	0	0	1322	0	0	204.68	0	0
MEGHALAYA	0	12.52	0	0	0	0	934	0	0	501.99	0	0
MIZORAM	0	166.05	0	0	0	0	322	0	0	34.52	0	0
NAGALAND	0	0.8	0	0	0	0	1712	0	0	17.27	0	0
NEW DELHI	0	6.53	6.12	0	0	129.04	30378	120.22	0	289.18	0	639
ODISHA	0	0	0	0	0	0	171713	0	0	49.63	0	0
PUDUCHERRY	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0
PUNJAB	0	0	0	0	0	0	582	59.06	0	443.51	0	0
RAJASTHAN	24050	0.05	0.04	181.67	155.7	0	12828	12.97	0	112.75	0	0
SIKKIM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0.15	0	0
TAMIL NADU	0	11.9	303	0	0	63.65	1744	33.71	5.39	300.32	0	0
TELANGANA	0	0	0.04	0	0	3	35270	0.03	18.5	0.03	0.01	31
TRIPURA	0	0	0	0	0	0	38622	0	0	97.51	0	0
UTTAR PRADESH	0	0	0	0	0	0	46891	1085.75	0	1337.29	0	0
UTTARAKHAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	1597	286.27	0	35.18	0	0
WEST BENGAL	215.3	1.11	4.06	133.71	616.26	12.85	17476	5.75	0	83.54	0	0
Total	24,265.30	297.34	337.7	315.4	771.96	253.12	749761	4,140.02	97.54	7,618.79	1.13	4291
*Provisional Data												



State-wise seizure of drugs all over India by all DLEAs in the Year 2021 (In Kg/No./Litre/Blots/Bottles) (Up to Dec)*													
MDMA (In Kg)	MEPHEDRON E (In Kg)	METHAQUALONE (MANDRA X) (In Kg)	MORPHINE E (In Kg)	MORPHINE E (In Litre)	OPIUM (In Kg)	POPPY HUSK & POPPY STRAW (In Kg)	INJECTION (In No.)	CBCS (In Bottle)	CBCS (In Litre)	TABLETS OF ALL TYPES (In Kg)	TABLETS OF ALLTYPE (In No.)	Total cases	Total Arrested
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	52
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.4	200	1775	4202
			0	0	16.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	258	462
0	0	0	1.93	8.12	40.58	3	0	163618	0	79.34	1364117	1153	1969
			5.79	0	35.71	1583	56	62113	0	0.26	106184	992	1498
0	0	0	0	0	14.38	535	505	182	0	0	17785	108	132
			0	0	0.23	2	7401	12561	0	0	392206	1066	1522
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	12
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	131	155
0	10.57	7.49	0	0	803.26	2281	914	883	0	0	7445	489	873
0	0	0	0	0	297.94	6902	0	0	0	0	1778289	2689	3400
0	0	0	0	0	40.81	2017	18	241	1.4	226.14	3082160	1537	2235
0	0	0	0	0	2.58	19206	1131	57732	4	0	172260	1542	2217
0	0	0	0	0	862.74	32286	11	158132	0	0	16273	492	796
			0.21	0	15.56	38	0	62	0	91.58	300	5343	6828
5.14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.03	647	6029	7267
			0	0	189.23	78085	10638	73830	0	9537.88	391613	4013	5465
6.86	61.34	4.54	0.02	0	44.87	111	0	14630	158.58	13.6	45997	1513	2230
0	0	0	62.32	26.5	819.17	202	0	6262	0	29.86	998592	323	415
0	0	0	0	0	2.01	0	192	683	0	9.08	18948	70	109
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1793	0	0	7554	534	714
0	0	0	0	0	28.74	0	0	1257	0	0	57032	98	133
1.03	0.05	0.21	0	0	27.26	1	16200	83505	0	146	5229003	400	500
0	0	0	0	0	30.01	442	808	13045	0	0	0	1700	2683
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	129
0	0	0	0	0	253.54	7955	12353	1554	0	0	2105936	3128	4164
0.76	60.11	0.03	0	0	670.34	412156	14300	70915	160.1	867.7	10055355	2959	3937
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3843	0	0	19610	32	47
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	38
0.06	0.06	0	0	0	1.47	400	0	0	0	145.52	69	1200	2644
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	203196	0	0	1396589	371	450
0	0	0	36.9	1.4	289.44	2753	127	115272	82.35	22450.46	460044	7101	7136
0	0	0	0	0	21.19	221	9831	2389	0	0	793025	1811	2152
0	0	0	3.99	0	22.45	984	3696	218391	0	36.23	456029	1179	1822
116.84	145.75	12.32	111.16	36.02	4,529.96	568164	78181	1266089	406.43	#####	28973272	50164	68388

## ANNEXURE-III

Nationality wise- Foreigners arrested during the year 2021\*

S.No.	Nationality	Total persons arrested	Persons arrested by NCB
1	Afghanistan	14	2
2	Cameroon	1	1
3	Congo	1	1
4	Cote D Iovire	1	0
5	Germany	2	0
6	Ghana	5	0
7	Guinea	1	0
8	Ivory Cost	3	2
9	Iran	13	6
10	Kenya	3	0
11	Malawi	1	0
12	Mozambique	2	1
13	Myanmar	22	0
14	Nepal	115	7
15	Nigeria	87	41
16	Pakistan	10	2
17	Russia	1	0
18	Srilanka	17	17
19	South Africa	5	3
20	Switzerland	1	1
21	Tanzania	12	2
22	Uganda	15	3
23	U K	1	1
24	Zambia	7	2
25	Zimbabwe	5	1
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>93</b>

\*Provisional Data (As per Form-F reported to this Bureau)



STATUE OF  
**UNITY**

**"MANPOWER  
WITHOUT UNITY  
IS NOT A STRENGTH"**

# NARCOTICS CONTROL BUREAU

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